# Intermediate 

Nepali
Reader

Volume II

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## Preface

The materials in the two-volume set of Intermediate Nepali Structure and Intermediate Nepali Reader are designed to provide a comprehensive packet of instructional materials to students who have completed a first-year course in basic Nepali. The two volumes are intended to be used in conjunction with each other so that students can attain fluency in the reading and writing of the language and at the same time be aware of the pertinent grammatical constructions underlying what they read. In our experience most adult learners at this stage feel a need for some systematic discussion of the structural points involved in what they read and very often the explanations they get in the classroom are casual, spotty, and unsystematic. This set, thus, attempts to correct the situation found in most intermediate-level instructional materials which rely basically on reading passages with minimal vocabulary and grammatical notes. Each lesson in the Structure is accompanied by pattern drills and exercises for intensive practice, and each lesson in the Reader is accompanied by a glossary with the necessary structural and cultural explanations relevant to that lesson. In all these materials, Nepali words and constructions appear in the Devanāgarī alphabet. A comprehensive dictionary of the vocabulary used appears at the end of the Reader and is alphabetically arranged for easy look-up. To strengthen the usefulness of these volumes further, there are two sets of tapes, one to go with the lessons in the Structure volume and the other to go with the lessons in the Reader volume.

Many people have contributed to the preparation of these volumes. The U.S. Office of Education provided generous support for the whole operation. Professor Joseph Elder of the University of Wisconsin and Mrs. Julia Petrov of the Office of

Education gave useful advice and suggestions on the overall format. Mrs. Judith Dillon's assistance in overseeing the secretarial aspects of the operation was invaluable. The questions and comments on some aspects of the Structure volume which was partially used in my Structure of Nepali course were extremely helpful in looking at the formulations and explanations from the student's point of view. We owe a special debt to Mr. Krishna Pradhan who very closely looked at the materials, helped improve the exercises, and aided in the preparation of the tapes.

Manindra K. Verma
Tara Nath Sharma

## Introduction

This Reader has a set of twelve lessons and is a part of comprehensive Intermediate Nepali course. The accompanying volume Intermediate Nepali Structure deals with Nepali grammar. The lessons in this Reader are reading passages graded in terms of language complexity and selected in terms of style. The main purpose of this kind of organization is to expose the student to different styles in order to increase his/her proficiency in communication and research abilities. Thus the reading passages include highly sophisticated and journalistic compositions used by the educated person and the colloquial and folk styles of the common person.

The organization of the material is presented in a simple and clear format. Each reading passage is accompanied by a glossary with grammatical and cultural explanations of specialized vocabulary and idioms. The Reader also has at the end a comprehensive dictionary of the vocabulary used in the reading passages. The dictionary is arranged according to the Devanāgarī alphabetical order. All of these reading passages have been recorded and supplemented with numerous exercises and comprehension questions. The title and number of the tape-set are NE2-002 and can be obtained at the Labs for Recorded Instruction, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 53706.

The reading passages exemplify various subject matters with the objective of giving the students a multidimensional orientation of the Nepali people, their language and culture. Thus lessons 2-6 represent a sampling of folk stories which reflect the Nepali social life, religious beliefs and values. Personal attitudes and feelings representing one view of Hindu philosophy is found in a poem in Lesson 7. Here, a famous poet sees God in man and says that human-love is the divine love. There
is also a one-act play (Lesson 6) describing the biggest festival of the Hindus; this passage is extremely colloquial. Lesson 11 is written in the language of the journalist. Finally, Lesson 12 contains the original version of the two royal a nnouncements.

This Reader should be used along with the complementary volume Intermediate Nepali Structure. Besides the use of the recorded exercises, classroom participation by students should be encouraged by the use of appropriate maps, slides, role-playing and discussions in order to develop active skills in the language.

This Reader can also serve as an aid in continuing selfinstruction for those who have had some background in Nepali.

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## Lesson 1

## नेवालो भाषा

नेपाली नेपालको राष्ट्र भाषा हो। नेपालको सरकारी भाषा पनि यद्टी नं हो। यो भाषा नेपाल बाहिर समेत बोलिन्छ। भारतका सिक्किम र दार्जीलिङ जिल्लामा सबँजसो बासिन्दा नेपाली बोल्छन्। आसाम, मेघालय र अरू केही ठाउंहरूमा पनि नेपाली भाषा बोल्ने मानिस बसेका छन् । यो भोटाङको एक मुछ्य भाषा हो।

नेपाल भित्र अन्दार्जी एक करोड पच्चीस लाख जनना छन्। तिनमा आधी भन्दा केही बढीको मातृभाषा नेपाली हो। नेपालमा अरू भाषाहरू पनि बोलिन्छन् । कहीं कहीं नेपाली भाषालाई सामान्य बोलचालमा लगाएको देखिंदैन, नर देग्रा लेखपढ, कामकाज र शासन नेपालीमं चल्छन्। त्यसो हुनाने सवं पढेलेग़ेका नेपाली जनता यो भाषा बोल्न र लेख़ जान्दछन् ।

नेपालका चल्तीका अरू नाउँहरू खस कुरा, गोखाली, पर्वने र पर्वनिया हुन्। यो भाषा भारोपेली परिवारमा पर्छ। यो संस्कृत भाषाहरूबाट जन्मेको हो। त्यसं हुनाले अरू भारतीय भाषाह्रूसित यस भाषाको धेरं नजिकको सम्बन्ध छ। नेपालीको लिपि देवनागरी हो। संस्कृत, हिन्दी र मराठी भाषाहरूले पनि देवनागरी लिपि नै लाउँछन्। अचेल त नेवारी भाषा पनि देत्रनागरीमँ लेखिन्छ।

नेपाली साहित्यको भाषा संस्कृतमय हुन्छ।
नेपाली साहित्यको निकै उन्नति भएको छ । भानुभक्त आचार्य, लेखनाथ पौड्याल, लक्ष्मीप्रसाद देवकोटा, बालकृष्ण सम र गोपालप्रसाद रिमाल नाउँ चलेका नेपाली सर्ाहत्यकारहरू हुन्। नेपालीमा प्रगस्त साहित्यिक पुस्तक र पत्रिकाहरू छापिन्छन्।

## Vocabulary

[^0]सरकारी adj : official, governmental; सरकार n : government
भाषा n : language
यही pn : this one, particularly this
नै ple : emphatic; e.g. पही नि : this one and not another
बाहिर adv : outside; बर्ाहिर समेत : even outside
समेत adj : including, together with, also
बोलिन्छ vi : is spoken; बोलिनु vi : to be spoken
जिल्लामा $n+p p$ : in the district; fजल्ला $n$ : district
सबैजसोले $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{pp}$ : by almost all, by almost everybody
बोलछन् vt : speak; बोल्नु vt : to speak
रcj: and
ग्रहु adj : other
बोल्ने adj : speaking, those who speak; बोल्नु vt
मानिस n : people
बसेका छत् vi : live, lit. have lived; बस्नु vi : to stay, to live, to sit
मुख्य adj : chief
भित्र adv : in, inside
श्रन्दाजी adv : approximately
करोड n : ten million
लाख n : one hundred thousand
जनता $n$ : people
निनमा $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}$ : among them; निन + मा : fतन : oblique form of तो : they; मा : in, at, among, on

श्राधो adj : half
भन्दा adj : than
बढोको $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of more; बढी : more

मातृभाषा n : mother tongue
कहीं कहीं adv : at some places; कहीं : whichever place
सामान्य adj : common, simple
बोलचालमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in speech, in actual speech
लगाएको pi : used; लगाउनु vt
देंबंबदंन vi : is not seen; देखिनु vi : to be seen
देशा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the country; देश n : country, here 'Nepal'
लेखपढ n : reading and writing, education; लेख + पढ: लेख from लेख्नु vt : to write; पढ from पढ्न्तु vt : to read, to study
कामकाज n : activities; काम + काज : काम n : work; काज n : job
ज्ञासन $\mathrm{n}:$ administration
नेपालीमं $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in Nepali itself; नेषाली + मा+ऐ : मा pp : in
चल्छन् vi : are carried out, are executed, are done; चल्नु vi: to be done, to be carried out, to be fit, to be circulated

त्यसो हुनाले cj : therefore, that being so; त्यसं हुनाले : emphatic form सबं adj : all; सब + ऐ : सब : all;-ऐ : suffix of emphasis
पढेलेखेका adj: educated; पढेका +लेखेका: पढेका : those who have read; लेलेका : those who have written

बोल्न nf : to speak; बोल्नु vi/t
लेखन nf : to write; लेख्नु vt
जान्दछ् vt : (they) know; जन्नु
चल्तीका $n+p p$ : of use, current, in vogue; चल्तो + का
नाउंहस 11 : names
भारोपेली adj : Indo-European; भारत + यूरोप + एली : भारत $\mathbf{n}$ : India; घूरोप n : Europe; -एली : adjectival suffix added to some place-names; syn. भारोपोय

परिवार n : family
पर्छ vi : falls, happens to be; पन्तु
संस्टृत भाषाहहबबाट cw : from Sanskrit languages
जन्मेको pc : born; जन्मनु vi : to be born; जन्माउनु vt: to bear, beget

भारतीय adj : Indian; भारत n: India
घेरे adj/av : many, much; धेर + ऐ : -ऐ : suffix of emphasis
नजिकको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of nearness, close; नाजिक : near
सम्बन्ध n : relation
fिदि n : script
पनि cj : also
चलाउंछत् vt : (they) use; चलाउनु : to use
प्रचेल av : nowadays
त ple : an emphatic partical
नेवारी भाषा $n: a$ language of Tibeto-Burman family spoken by a Nepalese people living mostly in and around the Kathmandu valley.

लेखिन्छ vi : is written, लेखिनु : to be written; लेब्नु $v t$ : to write साहित्यको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of literature; साहित्य n : literature

संस्कृतमय adj : full of Sanskrit (loan words)
निकं av/adj : much many
उन्नfत n : progress, advancement
नाउँ चलेका adj : famous; नाङँ n : name; चलेका pc : circulated, चल्नु vi : to be circulated
साहित्यकारहस्त्n : writers
प्रश्त्त av/adj : enough, much

## नेपाली भापा

## साहित्यिक adj; literary

पुस्तक n : book
पत्रिकाहस n : magazines, journals
छतिन्छन् vi : (they) are published; छापिनु : to be published; छाप्नु vt: to publish

## Lesson 2

## FE

एक पल्ट एउटा टपरी घुम्न निरकेछ र बारीमा पुगेछ। त्यहाँ एउटा माटाकाँ डल्लासित त्यसको भेट भएछ। दुवैले एकाअर्कालाई मन पराएछन् र तिनले आपसमा मीत लगाएछन्।

टपरीले भनेछ, "मीतज्यू, म हलु को छु। मलाई बतासले यता र उता उडाउँछ र औधि पिरोल्छ। त्यसो हुनाले हुरी चल्दा तपाईं मलाई थिचेर राख्तुहोला है।"

डललाले सो कुरो मानेछ र टनरीसित अनुरोध गरेछ, "मीतज्यू, तपाईंले चाहिं मलाई पानी परेका वेला छोतनुहोला किनभने मेरो जीउले पानीको चुटाइलाई थेग्न सक्तैन!"

त्यसपछि आफ्ना मीतको भरोसामा ती ढुवृ ढुकक भएछन् ।
तर तिनीहरूको मतो मिलेको दुईचार दिनपछि नै एककासि डरलाग्दो आँधी र मुसलधारे पानी सँगसँगै एककं चोटि ओइरिएछन् ।

## Vocabulary

एक पल्ट adv: once; lit. one time
टपरी n : leaves of trees stitched together to form a plate used to eat

घुम्न v : to roam, to move about; घुन्तु
निस्केछ vi : came out; निस्कनु : to get out, to come out बारी $n$ : a cultivated field, a dry field पुगेछ vi : reached; पुग्नु : to reach
डल्लासित $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with clod; डल्लो : earthen clod भेट n : meeting, coming across; भेट हुनु : to come across

एकाभ्रक्रालाई cw : mutually, to one another; एक + one; श्र्रो : another; लाई : to

मन n : mind; मन पराउनु : to like (there is intention for liking)
श्रापसमा $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}$. between one another, among ourselves or yourselves or themselves; घ्रापस : oblique form of घ्राफ्; श्राफू : self

मीत n : friend made by taking an oath; मीत लगाउनु : to establish friendship through a ritualistic oath; मीत + ज्यू : ज्यू : respectable form of address used after human nouns.

हलुको adj : light, of lesser weight
बतास n : wind
千िरोलछ vt : troubles, tortures; पिरोल्नु : to cause pain
हुरी n : strong wind, storm; हुरी चन्नु : the blowing of a storm
रास्तुहोला vt : please keep; lit. will keep; रास्नु : to keep. preserve
है : O.K.? (word of emphasis)
सो $\operatorname{adj}$ : that
श्रनुरोध n : request; केही कुराको/मा श्रतुरोध गर्दु : to (make a) request for something
चर्हिं ple: (the word particularizes the substantive immediately preceding it) तपाइं ले चर्ाह : you on your part, you on your turn
परेका वेला av : at the time of falling (something); पानी पर्नु : to rain

छोप्नुहोला vt : please cover up; lit. will cover up: छोप्नु : to cover up

चुटाइ n : beating, thrashing, causing to be drenched
थेग्न vt : to hold or bear the weight of; थेग्नु : to hold the weight of

ग्रापना : own, one's own; obliạue form of म्रापनो
भरोसा $n$ : reliance, confidence
ढुक्क av : free from anxiety; ढुक्क हुनु : to feel free from anxiety मतो n : opinion, view, agreement; केही कुरामा/को मतो मिल्नु : to agree on something

एक्कासि av: suddenly
श्राँधी n : storm, tempest
मुसलधारे adj : torrential, heavy (rain) ; lit. like the flows of missiles

सँगसँगँ av : logether; सँग-†ऐ : सँगं; सँग : with, logether, -ऐ
एक्क चोटि av : at the same time, simultaneously; एक $+\overrightarrow{\text { क }}$ : एक: one, क्ष + क + ऐ: suffixes of emphasis; चोटि: time
ग्रोइरिएछन् vi : came down upon, poured

## Lesson 3

## श्रक्कली ससुरो, सककली बुहारो

एकादेशमा एउटा बूढो थियो। बूढी, छोरो, छोरी र ऊ समेत जम्मा चार जनाको जहान थियो। कमाइ बेसं हुन्य्यो। बूढो चोपट्टँ मिहिनेती र अककली थियो। ऊ तिनको सम्म पनि खेर जान दिदेनथथ्यो, कण कणको हिसाब गर्यों। नचाहिंदो खर्च कसंले गर्न पाउँदँनटन्यो। 'ृ्र्पस घरमा बधिनीको दूध पनि पाइन्छ' भनी गाउँलेहहू भन्थे।

धन कमाउने र जोगाउने बारेमा बूढालाई अनेक जुक्ति बुद्धि थाहा थियो। ऊ जसलाई पनि यसरी पैसा कमाउनुपछं र उसरी पंसा जोगाउनुपछ भनेर अर्तो दिइरहन्थ्यो। उसका अर्तीउपदेश सुन्दा सु न्दा घरकाहलका मात्र होइन, गाउँलेहल्का समेत कान टट्टाइसकेका थिए। उसका कुराकानी र बानीवेहोराले गदर्ा ऊ छुण्चो मानिन्थ्यो। मुखेन्जी केही भन्न नसके पनि गाउँलेहह उसका पछाडि निक कुरा काट्थे। तर बूढाको जम्मै सम्पत्ति खाने एक्लो छोरो थियो ग्रनि त्यसंले पछाडि कुरा काट्नेहरू पनि आभ्नी छोरी त्यसको छोरालाई दिन पाए हुन्य्यो भन्थे। उसले त्यस्तं एउटी सुरीला कन्या खोजेर त्यससँग छोराको बिहे गरिदियो। कन्या सुरीला हुनाको साथ धनी कुलघरानाकी परी। सबे मक्स परे।

बुहारी घरमा भिग्वाएपछि पनि बूढाले आप्नो आनीबानीमा कुनि हेरफेर ब्याएन।

एक बिहान ऊ मोही पारेर नौनी झिक्ती थियो। एककासि एउटा मौरी उड्दं अएर नौनीमा लट्पटटयो र उड्यो। सो देखेर बूढो करायो, "ए, ए, लौ त्यस मौरीलाई समात समात। "

बूढी चुलामा थिई। छोरी चांहिं तकर्री केलाउँद चिई। बुहारी छेउमं भएकीले आमा छोरी दुवै लाजले भुतुकक भए। पहिले त बुहारीले कुरो बुझिन। यत्तिकममा बूढाले झम्टेर त्यस मौरीलाई समाॅ्यो र जतनसित त्यसका पखेटा र ख़ुटामा लागेको नौनी पुछेर कचौरामा कोर्यो। यस्तो कन्जुसी देछ्ता बुहारीलाई ज्यादं नमज्जा लाग्यो। यस्तो ससुरो भएका घरमा कसरी निवींह गर्नु भन्ने उसलाई पोर पर्यो । ल्यस्पछि ऊ माइत जाने दाउमा लागी।

त्यसै दिन दिउँसो बुहारी शूल भएको स्वाँग गरेर फग्गाकफन्याक परी।

घरका सबं जना भेला भएपछि उसले माइत गएर ग्रोखतीमूलो गरेमा मात्र बाँच्ने आशा देखाई। उसले परिपाठ पारी, "माइतमा पनि मलाई यस्तं शूल भइरहन्थ्यो। हीरा मोती फोरेर पानीमा पकाई खुवाएपछि मात्र निको हुन्थ्यो। मेरा बुवाले मेरा लागि धेरें हीरा मोती फोरिसक्नुभएको छ।"

ससुराले झ्टंट्टं जबाफ दियो, "हीरा मोती। मसित पनि छन्। मे फोछु मेरी बुहारीका निस्ति। परेका वेला हीरा मोती नफोर्ने भए तिनको के काम, तिनलाई कमाएर राष्ते के काम?"

व्यति भनेर उसले हत्तपत्त आक्नो बाकसबाट सानो केराउको दाना जत्रो हीरा र केही मोतीका दाना सिकी फोर्न भाँट्यो। त्यो देखेर बुहारीले भनी, "पख्नोस् पख्नोस् । मलाई केही सन्चो भो। अब केही घट्त्त्जान्छ, फोनुॅं पर्देंन।"

बूढो तैपनि हीरा र मोती फोर्न खोज्दै थियो, बुहारी निको भएर उठिहाली। उसले अफूलाई नरमाइलो लगिकाले शूलको बहाना गरेको कुरो ससुरालाई खुलस्त बताई। जुहारात फोर्न समेत तुछुन्तै तयार भएको देखत्ता उसलाई अनन्द लागेको र समुराप्रति श्रद्धा बढेको कुरो पनि उसले छर्लंङ पारी। उसले ससुरासित माफ मागी।

त्यस दिनदेखि त्यस घरमा सबैले बूढाका अर्ती अनुसार काम गरे र ती मुखसित बसे।

भन्नेलाई फूलको माला, सुन्नेलाई सुनको माला,
यो कथा वैकुण्ट जाला, भन्ने वेलामा ततातं आउला।

## Vocabulary

सककली adj : real, not counterfeit, original
ससुरो n : father-in-law
श्रक्कली adj : wise, intelligent
बुहारो n : daughter-in-law
एकादेशमा cw : in a certain country; एक +देश : एक : one, देश : country, मा : in
समेत cj : also, together with, while counting together
चार जना $\operatorname{adj}+\mathrm{n}$ : four people

कमाइ $n$ : earning; कमाउनु vt : to earn
चौपट्टं av: exceedingly, very much; चौपट्ट +ऐ : चौवट्टं, चौपट्ट: very much; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

मिहिनेतो av: laborious, industrious, hard working; मिहिनेत n: labour

तिनको $n$ : straw, stalk of rice or wheat खेर n : unused, useless; खेर जानु : to go unused
कण n : minute particle; कण कणको : of minute particles; repetition of कण shows emphasis and plurality
fहसाब n : account; हिसाब गर्नु : take into account
नचाहिदो adj : unnecessary
बघघनी $n$ : tigress
गाउँलेहरु $n:$ villagers; गाउँ + ले + हरु : गाउँ : village; ले : adjectival suffix; हरू : plural suffix

जोगाउने adj : saving, protecting, preserving; जोगाउनु : to save, to protect, to preserve

बारेमा av: on the subject
श्रनेक adj : many, lit. not one
जुक्ति $n$ : device, plan
बुद्धि $n$ : wisdom, common-sense, acumen
पैसा n : money
श्रर्ती $n$ : advice, admonition, guidance
उपदेश n : exhortation, moral lesson, teaching
सुन्दा सुन्दा $a v:$ having heard repeatedly; सुन्नु : hear
घरकाहरुका $n+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the members of the family, of those in the house; घर-मका -।हह +का : घर : house; का : postposition of possession ; हरु : plural suffix; का : postposition of possession

टट्टाइसकेका थिए vi ：were already pained，were already tired； टट्टाउनु ：to pain

कुराकानी n ：talk，conversation；कुरा＋कहानी ：कुराकानी；कुरो ： talk；कहानी ：tale，story

बानोबेहोरा n ：behavior，character；बानी＋बेहोरा ：बानी ：habit； बे होरा ：behavior

छुच्चो aj ：wicked，naughty
मुखेन्जी av ：in front of；मुख ：mouth，face
निकं av：much
कुरा काट्थे id ：adversely criticized；कसंको कुरो काट्नु：adversely criticize someone（in absence）

जम्म adj ：all；जम्मा＋ऐ；जғ्मा ：together，all；ऐ ：suffix of emphasis

सम्पत्ति $n$ ：wealth，property；सम्पर्पत खानु ：to inherit the property एक्लो adj ：the only，just one
केटीहसूका कुरा ग्राए id ：proposals for girls came；कुरो ग्राउनु ：com－ ing of proposals

कन्या n ：unmarried girl，virgin
इोल n ：good nature，modesty，virtue，competence
बढो av：more
महत्व n ：importance，value
सुशीला adj ：having a praiseworthy character；सुझील ：masculine हुनाको साथं cw ：besides possessing these virtues；हुनु 十को＋साथ十ऐ；हुनु ：to be，को ：of，साथ ：with，together，－ऐ ：suffix of emphasis

धनी adj ：rich
कुलघरानाकी cw ：of good lineage and noble family；कुल十

घराना +की; कुल : lineage; घराना : noble family; की : postposition preceding faminine gender, e. g. कुलघरानाकी केटी : maid of noble family

परी vi fem. : happened to be of; पन्नु : fall
मक्स adj : very glad, extremely pleased; मक्स पर्तु : to be extremely pleased

भिःयाएपछ्छि cw : after bringing her in; भिः्याउनु vt: to bring inside
श्रानीबानीमा cw : in the habit of; श्रानी + बानी + मा; बानो : habit, behavior; मा : in; श्रानी : prefix of बानी

हेरफेर n : change; हेर + फेर; हेर lit. look; फेर : change
मोही $n$ : churned curd; मोही पानुँ : to churn curd
नौनी $n$ : butter
मौरी n : bee
उड्द्द ग्राएर cw : having come by flying
लट्पटियो vi : got stuck; लट्पटिनु : to get stuck
करायो vi : shouted
ए (int.) : form of address, repetition is for emphasis
लौ (int.) : word of caution
समात समात vt : catch it; repetition means emphasis; समात्नु : to catch, to hold

चुलामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the kitchen area; चुलो : kitchen area
तर्कारी n : vegetables
केलाउँदै vt : cleaning one by one; केलाउनु : to clean one by one छेउमं $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : nearby, very near; छेउ + मा + ऐ; छेउ : nearness; मा : in, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

लाजले भुतुक्क भए id : were very much ashamed; lit. were almost dead due to shame

यत्तिकंमा av : in the meantime
भम्टेर vt : coming down upon, attacking forcefully; भक्टनु : to pounce on, to assault

जतनसित av : carefully, cautiously
कचौरामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the bowl; कचौरो : bowl
कोर्यो vt : scratched, combed
कन्जुसी n : miserliness
ज्यादं av: extremely, very much; ज्यादा + ऐ
नमज्जा n : unpleasantness; न + मज्जा; न : not; मज्जा : pleasure निर्वाह $n$ : living; निर्वाह गर्नु : to make a living, to subsist

पीर n : pain, anguish; पीर पर्नु : to feel pain or anxiety
माइत $n$ : married woman`s parents and their family, house, etc.
दाउ n : opportunity
शूल n : colic in the stomach, cramps
स्वाँग $n$ : pretence, outward show, affectation
फन्याक फन्याक परी vi : showed signs of acute pain; फन्याक फन्याक पर्नु : to show signs of acute pain; परी : simple feminine past of पर्नु

भेला n : gathering, coming together; मेला हुनु : to gather together श्रोसतीमूलो n : medicines and herbs

प्राशा n : hope; ग्राशा देसाउनु : to show hope
परिपाठ n : play-acting, outward show; परिपाठ पार्नु : to play-act
होरा 1 l : diamond
माती n : pearl

निको adj : cured
बुवा n : father, dad
भट्टं av: immediately
जबाफ n : answer, reply; जबाफ दिनु : to reply
मं pn: I mayself; म+ऐ; म:I, ऐ : suffix of emphasis
परेका वेला av : at the time of need, at the time of befalling something

हत्तपत्त av : hastily
बाकस n : box, suitcase
केराउ $n$ : pea
दाना n : a small round thing
पल्नोस् vt : please wait; पस्तु : to wait
सन्चो adj : well, without any disease
उठिहाली vi : got up or stood up immediately
नरमाइलो adj : unpleasant; न+रमाइलो; न : not; रमाइलो : pleasant
बहाना n : pretence; केही कुराको बहाना गन्नु : to pretend something
खुलस्त av : openly, clearly
बताई vt fem. : told, explained; बताउनु : to tell, explain
जुहारात n : jewels
श्रानन्द n : pleasure
ससुराप्रति $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : towards the father-in-law
श्रदा n : respect, devotion
छार्ल av : clear
माफ n : pardon; माफ मान्नु : to ask pardon
ग्रनुसार av : according to

## भन्ने adj : teller

माला n : garland
सुन्ने adj : hearer, listener
कथा n : tale, story
वंकुण्ठ n : heaven, paradise
जाला vi : will go, may go
तात्तातै av : immediately; lit. in a hot condition; तातो + तातो + ऐ : तातातै, तातो : hot, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis
श्राउला vi : will come, may come

## Lesson 4

## बाजो

एकादेशमा दुई बूढा बूही बस्थे। ती दुवै अल्छे भएकाले तिनको जीवन जेनतेन चल्दै थियो। एक दिन बूही चर्मंलले बूढालाई भनी, "ए बूढा, मलाई गोटी खान असाध्यं तलतल लगग्यो । तिमी कतंबाट पीठो खोजेर ल्याऊ, म तेल खोजेग ल्याउँली।"

बूढीका कुराले बूढाका घैंटामा घाम लाग्यो। बूढो रमाउँदँ पीठो खोज्न लगत्तं बाहिरतिर गयो। बूढी पनि तेल लिन अक़तिर लागी। साँभ, पख मात्र केही पीठो ग तेल लिएर ती घर फर्के।

अनि बूढी रोटी पोल्न थाली ।
खोजेर ल्याएका पीठो र तेलबाट पाँचोटा माँ रोटी बनिए । राल चुहाउँदँ बूढीले आक्नो लोभ देखाई, "ए बूढा, म सधं तिमीलाई हुनसम्म माया गर्दे आएकी छु। बूढी भइसकें र पनिं तिम्रा गोडामा चिल्लो लाइदिन छाडेकी छँनँ। हेर बूढा, रोटी खालि पाँचोटा भए। तिमी दुइटँ रोटीमा चित्त बुझाऊ, म तीनोटा खान्छु है।"

थुक घुटघुट निल्दै बूढाले रोटीतिर हेरेर जबाफ दियो, "हेर् बूढी, तँलाई मँले झन कम माया गरेको छु र? तं भन्नाले कान्छी स्वास्नी ल्याउने ता के कुरो, अर्की कुनै आइमाईमा अँखासम्म गाडेको भए पनि मरिजाऊँ। जे भए पनि म लोग्ने हुँ । म तीनोटा खान्छु, तँ दुइटा खा न, हुन्न?"

बुढा र बूढीको लामो ठाकठाक ठुकठुक भयो। कसले तीनोटा रोटी खाने भन्ने विषयमा ती कुनै निक्र्यौंलमा पुग्न सकेनन् । केही नलागेपछि बूटीले बाजी थापी। उसले भनी, '"त्यसो भए रोटी अहिले नखाऔं। रात पनि धेरे गइसक्यो। सुतौं । भोलि हामी दुईमा जो ढिलो उठ्छ उसंले तीनोटा रोटी खाने। कसो बूढा, मान्छो?"

बूढो मंजुर भयो। दुवै जना कम्मर कसेर सुते। दुई दिन बितिसक्ता पनि न बूढो उठ्यो, न बूढी ने। गाउँघरका मानिसहरूले आएर हेरे। उनीहरू अन्योलमा परे। दुई दिनदेखि दैलो खुलेके थिएन। उनीहरूले बूढा बूढी त घुर्लु प्य पो भए क्या र भन्ठाने। ढोका जबर्जस्ती उघारेर भित्र हेद्धा दुव बूढा बूढी हल न चत

पल्टिरहेका भेटिए। लौ मरेछन् भन्ने पक्का भयो। सानो गाउँ, फेरि कामको चापाचापले गदी मलामीहरू भने जम्मा पाँच जना मात्र भेला हुन सके। बूढा बूढीलाई मुद्रा जस्तं कात्रामा बेरेर बाँधबु ध ध परी तिनले घाटतिर बोकेर लगे।

घाटमा पुर्याएपछि मलामीहरूले पहिले बूढा चर्णह्लाई आगो लगाए। आगाले पोलेकाले बूढाले थाम्न सकेन र ऊ चिच्याउँदे उठ्यो, "ऐय् या, आत्था ! मरें नि मरें ! तैं तीनोटा खा बूढी, मलाई दुइटा भए पुग्छ। आत्था नि आत्था ! ! "

त्यसरी मुर्दाले आफूलाई भाग लगाएको सुनेर पाँचं जना मलामीहरूंल त्यहाँबाट कुलेलम ठोके। अफूलाई खोलाको बगरमा देखेर बूढा बूढी भने तीन छक परे ।

सुन्नेलाई सुनको माला, भन्नेलाई फ़्लको माला,
यो कथा वैकुण्ट जाला, भन्ने वेलामा तात्तात्तं आउला ।

## Vocabulary

घ्रलछे adj : lazy, idle
भएकाले cj : because of being: हुनु: to be
जीवन $n$ : life
जेनतेन $a v$ : anyhow
चल्दै थियो vi : was moving on; चलनु : to continue, to move on ए (int) : form of address
रोटी n : bread, cake; रोटी पोल्नु : to bake रोटी
ग्रसाध्यै av : very much; ग्र + साध्य + ऐ; श्र : not, साध्य : which can be done or is possible, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

तलतल n : appetite, pining, hungering; तलतल लाग्नु: to hunger for, to pine for
पोठो n : flour
त्याउँली vt fem : shall bring (first person); ल्याउनु : to bring घंटामा घाम लाग्यो id : was convinced gladly; घाम लाग्नु : falling of the sun’s rays; घंटो $n$ : huge earthenware jar to keep water or grain

रमाउंद av : being pleased; रमाउनु : to be slad, to be pleased लगतं av: immediately
सांभ पब av : al the fall of evening; साँभ : evenig; पब : period of time

खोजेर ल्याएका adj: (things) brought by searching; बोज्नु: to search; ल्याउनु : to bring
पाँचोटा $a d j$ : five items; पाँच बटा or श्रोटा
बनिए vi : were made; बनिनु : to be made
राल चुहाउँद cw : lit. dropping saliva; with a deep desire to eat; राल n : saliva; चुहाउनु : to drop
लोभ n : greed, temptation
सधं av: always
हुनसम्म av: as much as possible
माया n : love; माया गर्नु : to love
गोडामा चित्लो लाइदिन छाडेकी छंनें : I have not stopped my regular duty of applying oil (and massaging) on your legs; गोडामा : on legs; चचल्लो : oily substance, butter, oil; लाइदिन (लाई + दिन; लाउनु : to apply, fिनु to let, to give) : applying (for others, on others); छाडेकी छंनँ fen first person : have not stopped. One of the commonly accepted duties of a Hindu wife in Nepal is to apply butter or oil on the legs of her husband and massage and press them before he falls asleep in bed.
बालिल av : only, just
दुडटं adj : only two; दुई + वटा or ग्रोटा + ऐ : दुइटं; दुई : two, बटा or श्रोटा : items, -ए : suffix of emphasis
fचत बुभाऊ id : be satisfied with (imperative): fचत बुभाउनु : to be satisfied with whatever is at hand; fचत्त n : mind; बुभाउनु vt : to satisfy

थुक घुटघुट निलदै id : showing extreme greed for eating; थुक $n$ : spit; घुटघुट av : manner of drinking fast; निलदं : swallowing

भन av: more, all the more
तँ भन्नाले cw : because of you
कान्छो स्वास्नी adj+n: younger wife, the second or the latest wife

श्राँखासम्म गाडेको भए id : If I had ever looked intently on; गाड्नु : to drown

मरिजाऊँ vi : let me die (oath); मर्नु : to die; जानु : to go
ठाकठाक ठुकठुक n : quarrel
भन्ने विषयमा cw : on the subject of
निक्यौंल n : conclusive decision
केही नलागेपछि av : after nothing could be done; when theyi, were able to arrive at no conclusion

बाजी $n$ : bet; बाजी थाॅनु : to bet
रात n : night
धेरै av: much; धेर + ऐ
गइसक्यो vi : went already; रात गइसक्यो : night has almost passed
ढिलो av: late
कसो (int) : a word intended for questioning 'do you agree?' or 'what is your opinion?'

मंजुर भयो vi : agreed
कम्मर कसेर id : with a competitive spirit; with a complete mind; कम्मर कस्नु : to get ready for competition; कम्मर : waist; कस्नु : to tighten

श्रन्योल n : dilemma, quandary
दैलो n : door

खुलेक थिएन vi : was not at all opened
घुलु $c$ पै पो भए क्या र id : might be completely dead; घुर्लु प्प (十ऐ) हुनु: to collapse, to fall bending head downward, to die instantly and completely; पो : used to indicate another possibility: क्या र : might be

भन्ठाने vt : thought, concluded; भनी + ठाने : भन्ठाने or भनिठाने or भनी ठाने

ढोका n : door, main door
जबर्ज स्तो av: with sheer force
उघारेर vt : having opened; उघानु : to open
हल-न-चल av: with no motion: the condition of appearing as if dead; हल from हल्लनु: to shake; न : neither, nor; चल from चल्नु : to move
लो (int) : expression of wonder
पक्का av : certainly, surely : पक्का हुनु : to be certain
कामको चापाचप cw : extremely busy due to work; heavy work
मलामी $n$ : one taking part in a funeral procession
मुर्दा $n$ : dead body
कात्रामा $n+p p$ : in the shroud, in the funeral cloth; कात्रो : shroud बेरेर vt : having wrapped and encircled; बोनु : to encircle and wrap

बाँधबु"ध $n$ : tying completely; बाँधनु : to tie
घाट n : the riverside where dead bodies are cremated
थाम्न Vt : to control, to bear, to tolerate; थाम्नु
चिच्याउँदैं vi : shouting and shrieking
ऐप्या : word to express burning pain
ग्रत्था : word to express burning pain

मरें नि मरें cw : I am completely dead; मर्नु : to die, to feel acute pain; नि : word to express emphasis; here मरें नि means 'the pain is unbearable to me'.
त̈ pn : you yourself; तँ +ऐ: तं : you (singular non-honorific), -ऐ: suffix of emphasis

मलाई दुडटा भए पुग्छ $\mathrm{cw}: I$ shall be satisfied with two; मलाई : to me, for me; दुईटा : दुई + वटा or श्रोटा: दुई : two, वटा items: भए : past tense of हुनु : to be; भए here means 'if' or 'were': पुग्छ : will be sufficient; पुग्नु : to be sufficient
कुलेलम ठोके id : ran away fast, took to their heels
खोलाको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the small river; खोलो : small river
बगर n : sandy bank
तीन छक परे id : were extremely surprised; छक पर्नु : to be surprised

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सभाको पुछारमा लाटोकोसेराले पनि अफ्नो अधा अयु कटाइमागेपछि सुष्टिक्त्ती ब्रह्माले मान्छेतिर हे्रेर मुसुमुसु हाँसतं भने, "मानिस, तिमीलाई अभँ सन्तोष लागेको छैन भने भुल्काले छाडेको अधा आयु पनि थपिदिन्छु । लिन्छौ?"

रमाउनसम्म रमाउँदं मानिसले बिन्ती चढायो, "जीवनको आनन्द यी पशुपन्छीहहलाई के थाहा होस् ? उनीहरूलाई बढी भएको अयु मैं पाऊँ !"

यसरी मान्छेले सय वर्ष को लामो ग्रायु पायो । तर अफ़्नो खास आयु चालीस वर्षसम्म मात्र मान्छे उस्तै फुर्तीमा देखिन्छ। ल्यसपछि साठी वर्षसम्म गोफको भाग लिएकाले ऊ गोरु जस्तै सधें जोतिइरहने हुःछ। साठीदेखि असी वर्षसम्म रक्खासुक्वाले गुजारा चलाउने, अहूले अह्राएको काम गर्ने र अक्राको गाली सहने गधा जस्तै उसले हुनुपछ। असीदेखि सय वर्षसम्म चारंह ऊ उज्यालामा हेर्न नसक्ने, जहिले पनि उङि.रहने, रातभरि कनेर र कराएर अहूको निद्रा खल्बल्याउने रालसिङान बगाइरहने र अरूबाट हेलाँ हुने लाटकोसेरा जस्त भएर दिन काट्छ। यस्तो हुँदा पनि मानिसलाई वेरै बाँच्ने लोभले अभँ: छाडेको छैन। फेनि पनि ब्रह्माले सभा बोलाएदेखि ऊ अभं अयु थ पिमाग्ने थियो।

## Vocabulary

लोभी : adj : greedy
मान्छे n : man, human being
प्राणी $n$ : living being
सृष्ट $n$ : creation; सृष्ट गर्नु : to create
बहा n : creator; one of the Hindu Trinity
जीउजन्तु $n$ : living beings; जीव + जन्तु : जीवजन्तु or जोउजन्तु
सभा n : meeting; सभा बोलाउनु : to call a meeting
ज़्मम adj: all; जम्मा +ऐ : जन्मा: together, all, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

भन्ने adj : lit. saying
विशवास n : belief

नभन्द्दे cj : without saying; as expected
देखिन्ये v : appeared; देखिनु : to be seen, to seem, to appear
त्यस pn : oblique form of त्यो : that
हुनेहरू n : existing ones; भेला हुनेहस : those who were in the meeting, gathered ones

मधये : among
गोरू n : bull, castrated bull
गधा n : ass, donkey
लाटकोसेरो n : owl
भने : a particle of specifying
म्रँध्यारो मुख $\operatorname{adj}+\mathrm{n}:$ sad face; अ्रॅध्यारो : dark: मुख : face, mouth
सन्तान n : issues, descendants
दिक्क लाग्यो cw ; felt embarrassed. became sad
सुन्ने गरो av : in a way that everybody may hear: सुन्ने : hearing; गरी : doing, having done

भनी : lit. saying, having said
यसं pn : oblique form of यो : this, it; यस + ऐ: -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

भनिहाल vt: tell or say immediately: भन्नु : to say; हाल्नु : to put, to insert
विचार पुर्याइडदनेछ $n+v t$ : I shall consider (sympathetically); बिचार : consideration; पुर्याउनु : to fulfil; दिनु : to give

सबँ भन्दा : than all; सबं : सब + ऐ : सब : all: = ऐ : suffix of emphasis; comp. जम्मँ; भन्दा : than

भगवान् 1 n : lord, God
हलामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the plow; हलो : plow
जोतिनुपछ्छ vt : must be harnessed, must be plowed

गामाडा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the cart; गाडा : cart
नारिएर vi : being harnessed, being harrowed
भारो n : burden, load
बोक्नू पछं vt : must carry (on or over the body)
मानिसके $n+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the man; मानिस : man, human being; के:
को + ऐ : को : of, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis
बराबरी : equal
जीवन n : life
साहै $a v$ : very, 100 ; साहो +ऐ : साहो very, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

लामो adj : long
कट्टा गरिपाऊँ cw : please reduce: कट्टा reduction, removal; गरिपाऊँ: lit. let receive done

जुरुष्क उठेर cw : getting up abruptly, standing up instantly: जुरक्क : manner of standing up; उठ्नु : to stand up

घोषणा 1 n : proclamation, announcement: घोषणा गनु : to proclaim, to announce

चालीसे adj : of forty (years): चर्ालिस : forty
रे : it is said, they say: it is used after a reported speech
कटाइमाग्दै छन् vt : (they) are asking for a reduction or taking away

कट्टी $n$ : reduction, removal, curtailment
थfि दिऊँ ? vt : Shall I add?
महत्व n : importance, value
भिकिएको adj : taken out; भिकिनु : to be taken out
श्रघि सरेन cw : did not come forward; ग्रघि : forward; सर्नु : 10 move, to change place

माथिको av: of above
मान्ने हुनाले cw : because of regarding, because of thinking; मान्नु : to regard, to think; हुनाले (हुनु†ले) : because of, due to
fवन्ती बिसाउन थाल्यो cw : began to put forward a request, began to appeal; विन्तो : request, appeal: बिसाउनु : to unload; थाल्नु : to begin
प्रभो n : O lord, O God
घ्रायु $n$ : age, life span
पशुपन्छीहरूक ज़ति cw : exactly of the same period as that of beasts and birds; पशु : beast; पन्छो : bird; कं: को 十ऐ : को : of, -ऐ : suffix of cmphasis; जfति: as much as

भएकामा : on being; भएको : been
कृपा गरी $n+\mathrm{vt}^{\prime}$ : kindly; lit. doing kindness: कृपा गनुं : to be kind

थप होस् n +-vi : let it be added
बोल्यो vi : spoke, talked; बोलनु
मालिक $n$ : master, lord
दिनहुं av: daily
बोक्ता बोक्ता vt: having carried the burden repeatedly; बोक्नु : to carry load on or over the body
fिटाइ खाँदा खाँदा $n+v t$ : having received repeated beatings; fिटाइ: beating. thrashing; खानु : to eat

बोभिलो adj : heavy
भिकियोस् vi : Iet it be taken out: भिर्मिकनु : to be taken out
माग पनि पुग्यो cw : demand was also fulfilled
उसँले $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}$ : he himself: उस : oblique form of ऊ: he: उसंले : उस + ऐ + ले : उस : he, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis; ले : by, with (instrumental)

हुने भयो vi ：was to be
पुछारमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ ：at the end
सृष्टिकर्ता $n$ ：creator；सृष्टि＋कर्ता ：सृष्टकर्ता ：सृष्टि ：creation； कर्ता ：doer

मुसुमुसु हॉँस्तै cw ：smiling indulgently ：मुसुमुसु ：manner of smi－ ling；हाँस्नु ：to smile

झ्रभे av：more，more again；尹्रभ干十ऐ：ग्रभ ：more，－ऐ ：suffix of emphasis

सन्तोष n ：satisfaction；सन्तोष लाग्नु ：to feel satisfied
भुलकाले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ ：by the owl；भुल्को ：owl
स्राधा adj ：half
रमाउनसम्म रमाउँदै av ：being extremely pleased：रमाउनु：to be pleased

विन्ती चढायो $n+v t$ ：respectfully requested，appealed；चठाउनु ： to offer（to superior）

ग्रानन्द n ：pleasure
मे पाऊँ $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{vt}$ ：let I myself have；म + ऐ ：म ：म ： 1 ，－ऐ：suffix of emphasis：पाउनु ：to receive，to get，to have

यसरी av：thus，in this way
खास adj：special，real
उस्तै av ：exactly same
फुर्तोमा $n+p p$ ：in smartness
देखिन्छ vi ：is seen．appears；देखिनु ：to seem，to be seen，to appear
सधैं av ：always
रुक्खासुक्वाले cw ：with dry and rough food；by eating scanty and unsavory food；रुक्सो or रुखो：rough，impolite，unsavory： सुक्सा or सुक्यो ：dry，juiceless；ले ：by，with

गुजारा $n$ : living, making a living; गुजारा चलाजनु: to make a living

श्रह्नाएको aoj: ordered. commanded; श्राजनु : to command, 10 order
गाली n : reprcach
सहने adj : bearer, one who tolerates
उज्यालामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the light, at the daytime; उज्यालो : light जाहले पनि av : always; lit. whenever also
उโङ्डरहने adj : being drowsy or dozy, feeling sleepy; उंग्नु
रातभरि $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : all through the night; रात n : night; भरि : full

कनेर cn ple: by groaning; कन्नु
कराएर cn ple : by shouting; कराउनु
निद्रा $n$ : sleep
खल्बल्याउने adj : one who disturbs ; खल्बल्याउनु
रालसिगान n : saliva and snot; राल : saliva; सिङान or fसगान : snot, nasal mucus

बगाइरहने adj: one who goes on causing to flow; बगाउनु: to cause to flow

हेलाँ n : slight, contempt
दिन काट्छ id : passes day; दिन : day; काट्न्न : to cut, to pass यस्तो हुंदा पनि cw : even when it has been so; यस्तो : thus; हुँदा : while happening; पनि : also

धेरे adj/av: many, much
फेरि पनि cw : once again; lit. again also

## Lesson 6

## गुरुर्भक्त

बौम्य नाउँ भएका एक जना मुनि दिए। कठिन तपस्या गरेर उनले ठूलो नाउँ कमाएका थिए। बेरं विद्यार्थी उनसित पद्य। उनका शिण्यद्टह्ल मध्ये एक जनाको नाजँ आरणि थियो।

एक दिन धौम्यले आपना चे ला आ₹रिको गुरुभवित कस्तो रहेछ भनी जान्न खोजे। उनले आरणिलाई खेतमा पानी थुनेर आऊ भनी अह्राए। गुरको आज्ञा पाउनासाथ आरणि बेतमा गए।

खेतमा पानी बेर्मारी बनिरहेको रहेछ। बेत्तोडसित बनिरहेको पानीलाई आरणिले खेतमम भुन्न खोजे। उनले धेरै चोटि माटो हाल्लेर आली लगाए। तर जति गदा पनि पानीले आली भल्काइह़ाल्थ्यो। केही़ी जोर नचलेपछि पानी थुन्न भनी उनी आफें अलीमा घोट्टो परे। यसो गर्दी पानी खेतबाट बाहिररतिर बग्न पाएन र उनका गुरको खेत भिज्न थाल्यो। तर खपी नसनुनु जाडाले गदां उनी धेरें बेरसम्म त्यहाँ घोटटो परिरहन सकेनन्। उनी उठ्ने बितिक़ पानी झन वेगसित आली भल्काउँदे उर्लिएर बग्न थाल्यो। यसःी पानी बाहिर हानिन थालेपछि अलि अलि भिजेको खेतको गरो पनि सुक्तं गयो। अरणिले यो देखे। उनले जाडाको र हिलाको वास्तै गरेनन् अनि उनी लगत्त पानी बगेका ठाउँमा सेतको आली जस्तं भएर लमतन्न पःी सुते। बिस्तारी विस्तारी खेतको गरो भिजद्दै गयो।

भमक्क साँभ परिसक्ता पनि श्रारणि खेतबाट फर्केनन्। त्यसंते धौम्य अरू शिष्यहूूलाई साथमा लिएर उनको सोजीमा खेततिर गए। उनले ठूलो स्वरमा टाढँबाट बोलाए, "अरणण, कहाँ हौ? के गर्दे छौ? अझ्न किन नफर्केको?"

गुहले बोलाएकों सुनेर आएणिने सुतेको मुत्यँ उतर दिए, "म लेतमा पानी थुनिरहेको छु।"

आरुणिको आवाज भएतिर जाँदा सबै जना छकक परे। यो के गरेको भनी गुरले सोधदा उनले सबै वेलीविस्तार लगएए। धौम्यले उनलाई प्रेमसित उठाए अनि उनको गुरुभक्ति देखि प्रसन्न हुँदे भने, "म तिमीलाई आशीर्वाद दिनछुतिमी ठूला विद्वान् हुनेछौ। आजदेखि तिमी उद्दालक नामले प्रसिद्ध हुनेछौ।"

उद्दालकल्न पनि अाभना गुछ धोम्यको आज्ञा पालन गरी मिहिनेतसाय पढ़। नभन्दै केही कालमा नै गुएकों ग्राडीर्जादले उनी भारी विद्धान् भाए।

## Vocabulary

गुरुर्भक्ति $n$ : devotion for teacher. extreme respect and devotion for mentor; गुरु + भर्ति : गुहु : teacher, mentor; मर्त्त : devotion

नाडं भएका cw : having name of, named; lit. of being name; नाडं: name; भएका : been

मुनि n : sage, recluse, holy man. monk, hermit
कठिन adj : hard, difficult
तपस्या n : penance; तपस्या गनु : to do penance, to meditate fिक्य $n$ : disciple, pupil

चेला n : honorific or plural of चेलो : disciple, pupil

## खेत n : wet field

थुनेर : having shut; थुन्नु : to close, to shut
श्रह्नाए vt : ordered, commanded; ग्रह्नाउनु : to command, to order; कसँलाई ग्रह्नाउनु : to order someone

ग्राज्ञा n : order, command; कसंको ग्राज्ञा पाउनु : to receive someone's order

खेतमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : to the field
बेस्मारी av : forcefully, uncontrollably
बगिरहेको vi : flowing; बग्नु : to flow
बेत्तोडसित av : with a strong force
खेतमै $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the field itself; खेत : wet field; में : मा + ऐ: मा : in, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

धेरें चोटि av: many times; धेर + ऐ: धेर: many, much, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis; चोटि : time(s)
माटो हालेर cw : having put soil; माटो : soil, earth; हाल्नु : to put. to insert
घ्राली n : ridge dividing rice fields; अ्याली लगाउनु : tc construct the ridge or mound dividing the rice fields
जत्ति av : whatsoever, as much as; जfत्ति : emphatic of जात
भत्काइहात्थ्यो vt : immediately destroyed; भत्काउनु : to destroy
जोर नचलेपछछ cw : after being unable to do anything; जोर : force. capacity to do something; न+चले पछि; न: not; चलंतु: to move; पछि : after; जोर चल्नु id : to be able to do something
पानी थुन्न भनो cw : in order to shut the water; पानी : water; भनी : lit. saying; in order to
घोट्टो परे vi : dropped head downward
भिज्न थाल्यो vi : began to get wet; भिज्नु : to wet, to get wet
खपी नसक्नु adj: unbearable; खवनु: to bear; नसक्नु: to be unable

जाडाले गद्द cw : because of cold; lit. done or caused by cold; जाडो : cold; गदा : while doing
उनी उठ्ने बित्तिके $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{av}$ : as soon as he stood up; बितिक : as soon as

वेर्गसित $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with speed, in speed
उर्जलएर av: with a tremendous force; उर्लनु : to flow with force हानिन थालेपछि cw : after (it) began to gush out profusely; हानिनु : to gush out profusely

श्र्रलि श्र्रल av : a little, somewhat; श्र्लि : small amount; the repetition shows emphasis

गरो 1 l : terrace (of rice field)
सुष्ञ़ गयो vi : started to be dry; सुकनु : to become dry: जानु : 10 go

हिलाको $n+p p$ : of mud; हिलो : mud
वास्तं गरेनन् cw : did not care at all; बास्ता -†ऐ : बास्ता : care, -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

लमतन्न परी av: prostrating completely
बिस्तारी बिस्तारी av: slowly and gradually; बिस्तारो : slowly; repetition of the word shows emphasis

भमक्क av : complete, full, quite; भमक्क is used only with साँभ and rarely with रात, e.g. भमष्क साँभ पर्यो or भमकक रात पर्यो : it was quite dark

परिसक्ता av: after (it had) fallen
सुतेको सुत्य av : in the sleeping condition; in the posture of sleeping; सुतेको + ऐ; सुतेकं or सुत्यं : the repetition is for emphasis भएतिर av : toward (the place) of (his) being, toward the place where he was

जाँदा pe : while going; जानु : 10 go
सोद्धा pc : while asking; सोधनु : 10 ask
बेलीविस्तार $n$ : exhaustive list or complete description: बेलीविस्तार लगाउ नु : to explain and describe everything in detail

उठाए vt : made or caused to stand up; उठाउनु : 10 make or cause to stand up

प्रसन्न adj : glad
प्राशोर्वाद n : blessing
विद्वान् $n$ : scholar
नामले $n+p p$ : by name

प्रसिद्ध adj : famous
पालन गरो $n+v t$ : having obeyed or followed
fिहिनेतसाथ av: with (hard) labour
काल n : time
भारो adj : great

## Lesson 7

## यान्री

कुन मन्दिरमा जान्छी यात्री,
कुन मन्दिरमा जाने हो ?
कुन सामग्री पूजा गर्ने,
साथ कसोरी लाने हो?
मानिसहरूको काँध चही
कुन देवपुरीमा जाने हो?
हाजहरूका सुन्दर खम्बा,
मांसपिण्डका दीबार !
मस्तिएकको यो सुनको छाना,
इन्द्रियहरूका द्वार !
नसा-नदीका तरल तरंग
मन्दिर आफू अपार !
कुन मन्दिरमा जान्छौं यात्री,
कुन मन्दिरको द्वार?
मनऋो सुन्दर सिहासनमा
जगदीईवरको राज!
चनननको यो ज्योति हि्रण्मग्र
उसको शिरको ताज !
गरुररको यो सुन्दर मन्दिग
विरवक्षे त्रकोग माझ
भिन्र छ ईइवर बाहिर आँबा खोंजी fिड्र छौं कुन पुर?

ईइवर बस्तछ गहि्राइ्मा, सतह बह्न्छो कति दूर?
खोजी गछों? हृदय लगाऊ
बती बाली तेज प्रचुर !
साथी यार्री बीच सडकमा
ईशवर हिंड्दछ साथ ।
चु ${ }^{\text {J }}$ छ ई इवंर काम सुनौला
गरीरहेको हात ।
छुन्छ तिलस्मी करले उसले
सेवकहरूको माथ।
सडक किनारा गाउँछ ईइवर
चराहरूको तानामा,
बोल्दछ ईरवग मानिसहरूको
पीडा, दु:ग्वको गानामा,
दर्शान किन्तु कहीं दिदैन
चर्म-चक्षुले कानामा।
कुन मन्दिरमा जाने यात्री,
कुन नवदेग बिरानामा?
फर्क फर्क हे ! जाऊ समाऊ
मानिमह्र्को पाउ।
मलम लगाऊ अर्नह्रूको
चहगाइग्हेको घाउ।
मानिसहरह भै ई ईबरको त्यो
दिच्य मुह़ार्त्रँसाऊ।

## Vocabulary

मन्विरमा $n+p p:$ lit. in the temple; to the temple; मन्तिर : temple
यात्री $n$ : traveller, pilgrim
जाने हो vi : is to go
सामग्रो n : commodity, article
पूजा n : worship; पूजा गर्नु : to worship
साथ : together
कसोरी av : how, in what way; comp. कसरी
लाने हो vi : is to carry
काँध n : shoulder
चढी : riding
देवपुरी $n$ : city of gods, heaven; देव + पुरो : देव : god; पुरी or पुर : city; देवपुरीमा : lit. in the city of gods; to the city of gods

हाडहरूका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of bones; हाड + हल +का: हाड : bone: हस : plural suffix; का : of (plural)

सुन्दर adj : beatitiful
खम्बा n : pillar, column; खम्बा : loan word from Hindi. more frequently used word is खाँबो

मांसपिण्ड $n$ : lump of flesh; मांस + पिण्ड : मांस : flesh. meat; fपण्ड : lump

दोबार 11 : wall; syn. देवल or भितो
मस्तिषक n : brain
सुनको $n+\mathrm{pp}$ : of gold
छाना n : roof: comp. छानु or छानो
इन्द्रिय $n$ : sense organ

दारा n : door, passage way
नसा-नदीका cw : of the vein like a river: नसा: vein; नदी: river

तरल adj : liquid, flowing
तरंग n : wave, flow
श्रपार adj : which cannot be crossed, great
मन n : mind
fंसासन n : seat supported by lions, throne, fिंह + ग्रासन : सिंह : lion; ग्रासन : seat

जगदोइवर n : Almighty God; जगत् + ईश्वर : जगत् : universe; ईइत्वर : God

राज $n$ : kingdom, rule
चेतन 11 : consciousness
ज्योति $n$ : light, radiance
हिरण्मय adj : full of gold
शिरको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the head; fिर : head; को : of
ताज n : crown
झारीरको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the boby; शरीर : body; को : of
विश्वक्षेत्रको माभ cw : in the material world, in the region of the universe; fित्वव: world, universe; क्षेत्र: region, area;-को माभ : in the middle, in the center

खोजी हिंड्छौ cw : (you) walk in search of. (you) move about seeking

पुर n : city
बस्तछ vi : stays, lives, dwells; comp. बस्छ from बस्नु
गहिराइ n : depth
सतह 11: surface

बहन्छो vi : (you) flow; बहनु : 10 flow
दूर adj : distant, far
हुदय n : heart
तेज adj : bright
प्रचुर adj : sufficient, enough, in profusion
fंह्द्ध vi : walks; alt sp fंड्छ from โहड्नु
चुम्दछ vi : kisses; alt sp चुन्छ from चुम्नु
सुनौल। adj : golden, praiseworthy; comp. सुनौलो from सुन: gold

छुन्छ vi : touches; छुनु
तिलस्मी adj : magic
करले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : by hand; कर hand; ले : with, by (instrumental)
सेवकहरुको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of servants, of those who serve; सेवक servant; हरु : plural suffix; को : of

माथ 11 : head
सडक किनारा cw : by the side of streets: सडक : street, road; किनारा: side

ताना n : lune
बोल्दछ vi : spsaks, utters; alt sp बोलछ from बोल्नु
पौडा $n$ : agony, acute mental pain
गानाम $n+p p$ : in the song; गाना : song
दर्शान $n$ : view, appearance, show, superior's appearance for the benefit of those who want to see him; दर्शान दिनु: to appear

किन्तु cj : but
चर्म चक्ष ले $n$ - pp : by the material eyc: चर्म : skin; चक्ष : eye; ले : by, with (instrumental)

कानामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the blind; कानो : one-eyed, blind

ईरवर 1 I : God
नवदेशा विरानामा : in a strange new land
फर्क फर्क vi : imperative of फर्कनु: to get back, to return; repetition shows emphasis
हे (int) : hello!
पाउ $n$ : foot
मलम n : ointment
ग्र्रार्तहरको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of sufferers, of those who are in acute pain
चहराइरहेको adj : having burning pain
घाउ n : wound, sore
दिव्य adj: divine, godly
मुहार $n$ : face, countenance
हैसाऊ vt : (you) make laugh, (you) please, imperative of हैसाउनु :
to make (someone) pleased. to make (someone) laugh

## Lesson 8

## टोका

## (एकांकी नाटक)

| पात्र | स्थान |
| :---: | :---: |
| आमं | एक गाडँ |
| कमार्नसंस--छोग |  |
| सुन्तली-बुहागी |  |
| कालु-नाति |  |

(टीकाको ठूलो साँझ, आँगन भरी जून टहुटह लागिरहेछ । पिठीमा आमं ग. सुन्तली खिन्न मुद्रामा छन्। डोरीमा कालु पीङ खेलिरहेछ। ख्योपाभित्र डिबियामा बत्ती बलिरहेछछ ।)
आमै——यस्तो त कुनै बर्ख पनि गदैनथ्यो। ढिलं आको बेलाँ पनि फूलपातीको साँझसम्म त टुप्लुकक आइपुग्ध्यो । टीकोको दिन पनि गंसक्यो, रात परिसक्यो, अभै आए़ ।
मुन्तली—बरु लाइदिनोस् टीकाको टीको। यत्रो टिकाको दिन के निदार खाली गरौं!
कालु— (पीङमा खूब मचिच्चत्र) आमै ! हेन्नोस् त, खुट्टोले दलिन छुनं आँट्यो। चचहुर्द. . . चचहुई।
आमं—हामीले त हेरेकं छौं नि बा, तंरो बानु तंले पीङ खेल्या हेर्न आएन त। कालु—आउँदै होलान्। उकालो चढ्दै होलान्। चचहुई . . चचहुई। अमम-तेरो मुखाँ गाईको दूध्रभात जाओस् ! आओस्, यत्रों टीकोको दिन !
मुन्तली—पुकारेको त हाटमीले पनि त्यसं हो नि। बालकको मुखमा डाँक बसेकों हुन्छ भन्छन्, आइहाल्नुहुन्छ कित।
आमे-आओस् ! (लामो सास तानेर) खं, के आउला, रात चदिसक्यो। उ. . . जून छिण्पिसक्यो। मेरो मायाको डोरो के आउला! (सम्भेर) ऊ जन्मेक बर्ख उसका बाबुपनि चाँ दिनको जगेले अपर्भट जानुभो ! कस्ता दुक्वले हुर्काको छोरो यो !

सुन्तली-पूर्ने सम्ममा भए पनि आउनुहोला। काम गरेको ठाउँमा विदा मिलेन कि 1
आमं—कस्तो विदा नपाउनु त—दसं जस्तो चाडाँ पनि। नोऋरी गर्नुपर्ने, अनेक दुक्स गर्नुपर्नें, घर छोडेर देश पस्तुपर्ने यस्तै चाडबाडाँ सँगग बसेर मीठो खान, राम्रो लाउन त हो नि । लगन पछिको पोते के काम?
मुन्तली—अब आजलाई आउनुहुन्न, लाइदिनोस् हामीलाई टीका। तपाईं पनि खानोस्, बूढी मान्छे दिनभर भोके। बोली नै कमजोर भइसक्यो।
आमे—तँ पनि त भोकं छेस् नि।
मुन्तली-मेरो त के कुरो भो र-उमेर छ। तीन दिनको भोकलाई पनि खाइदिन सबछ्छ ।
कालु—चचहुई . . . चचहुई . . . खुट्रोले दलिन छुनै आँट्यो, हेन्नोंस् त आमै। सुन्तली-चरह टीका लाऔं। कालुलाई आसीक दिनोस्।
आमै-खँ, ले उटीकाको चाखुने र जमरा।म तिमी अमा छोरालाई लाइदिन्छु टीको।
मुन्तली—आइज कालु, आमैसित टीका थाॅन । (टीकाको चारकुने र जमराको मुठो आमैको अनिल्तिर लगेर राखिदिन्छे र टीका थाव्ने असनल बन्छे।)
आमै-नूनँ नहाल्या जस्तो कस्तो खल्लो टीको भो यो बर्ख ! (मुन्तलीलाई टीका लाइदिन के हात उठाएकी माँ हुन्छे खेल्दापेल्द्देको गीङ छोडेर कानु चिच्याउँदे बाहिरतिर दुगुर्छ 1)
कालु-उ . . . बा आए !
आमै-( हातको टीका हातैमा लिएर, खुसी र अरचर्यले) खं? खं, कालु?
मुन्तली-म त भन्दै थिएँ नि। (दुवैवै जना उठेर हेर्छन्। दायाँ काँधमा टिनको बाकस बोकेको, बायाँ हातले कालुलाई डो र्याएको कमार्नसंह़ंत प्रवेश ।)
कमानसिह-आमैं, सन्चं छ?
आमम-सन्चै छ बा, आजसभ्म। यस वेलासम्म पनि नआउँदा मेरो त हंसले नै ठाजँ छोडिसक्या थियो । (गुन्तली भिन्रबाट तुछन्तन राडी ल्याएग गुन्द्रोमाथि ओछ्याइदिन्छे। सबै त्यहीं बर्छन्, ढोगभेट चल्छ। कानु बबुको अनुहार टुलुटुलु हेरिरह्न््छ। सुन्तली फेशि भिन्रतिर जान्छे, आमै कमानसिहल्लाई टीका लाइदिए्र टोपीभरी जमगा घुसारिदिन्छे़्। ऊ फेरि ढोग्छ।)
आमँ-चिरंजोवी भएस् ! !
(कमानसंसह बाकस खोनेर एउटा पोको आमैलाई ग पींपीं गनें बाजा कालुलाई दिन्छ। ऊ बजाउन थालछ। यनिक्केमा अहिलेको अहिल्य
 कमार्नसंह—घरपछाडि केको खलबल हो?
आमं-पीङ हाल्या छन् बा, गाउँका किटा ठिटीहहूले कनि ग़माइलो गरिराख्या हन् !
मुन्तली—हामी पनि जाऔंला भरे भरे । आज टीकाको दिन, वेल्नु भन्छन् । कमार्नसिह— (टीकाको चारकुने तानेर) लौं त।
(कमार्नसिह् र अभं मुन्तली र कालुलाई टीका लाइदिन्छन्, फेंचि. ढोगभेट चल्छ। मुन्तली पनि कालुलाई लाइदिन्छे।)
आमं-जा बुहारी, अब रोटी पोल्न थाल् । भोकाको होला। (मून्नली जान्छे ।) कालु— खसी मार हान्ने कंले, वा?
कमार्नसिह-भोलि एकादगी भहढ़्राल्यो। अन परि।
कालु—र्पस मार हान्ने! परिस मार हान्ने! (उफँद उफँदँ पींजों बाजा बजाउँदँ पीङतिर जान्छ र एक दुई सट्का लेले र फेरि बाबुकहीं अएर बस्छ।) आमै-यो बर्ख किन यस्तों ढोलो? सर्धं त फूलपाती भिन्रं आइपुभिथम्। कमारसिस्मालिकको छोरो सिकिस्त विरामी भयो। त्यस्तो वेलामा दसें भनेर छोड्न घर्मंले पनि दिएन, नूनको ढिकोले पनि दिएन । बल्ल बाँच्छ भन्ने ठहरियो र टीकासम्म त भेटिहालऩँला कि भनेर विदा लिएर धापिर्र आएकं।
आमँ-मलाई त अहिल्यै अहिल्ये बिछठ्ट भोक लागेग आयो। घन तँ त ल्यत्रो बाटो हिंडेर अको, क्स्तो भाको होला।
कालु-उ . . चन्द्रमा !
आमै-बाबुसित के कुरो गरूँ के कुरो गरूँ जस्तों लाग्या यल्लाई 1 कहिने के भन्छ, कहिले के भन्छ। यस्तो तामा मुना जस्तो छोरोलाई छोडेग नजा बाबु देगाँँ। अपनँ नेपालाँ नोकरी ख़ोज् न, पाइहालिन्छ नि । यतिका मान्छे अटाका छन् त, नँ एडडा कसो नअटाउलास् !
कमानसिंहु-ट्यसो त नेपालमा नंकरी नपाएर देग्र पसेको होइन म। के भने, यहाँ महिनाको चालीस खाइयो भने चालीसं मात्र हुल्ठ, वहाँ चालीस खाइयो भने यहाँको चौसट्टी हुन्छ।
आमँ—उसो भए बढी रुपँयाँ पाइन्छ भनेग गाको होइन त?
कमार्नसिंह— हो त नि ।
(कालु फेरि पीङम्ं गएर खेल्न थाल्छ।)
आमँ-तँ यो घरको छानु दिनभर छउँचँछ्, म एक घान मकं. भुटेर दिन्छु, व्यही

खाएर सन्तोक हुन्छस्, अरूको मेलाँ काम गरग्र भए हुई कुपयाँ पГडँथिस्, किन नगाको त?
कमार्नसंह—ल ... के कुरा गरेको आमे? आपनो घरकों काम त एक डल्लो fंडिडो खाएर पनि गर्नुपर्छ ।
आमै—तब त नि बा, पैसाको निमित काम गर्ने होइन । आपनो घरको काम एक गाँस मात्त खाएर पनि गर्नुपर्छ। यो सारा नेपाल आफन घर त ह्ड नि। एक पाइलो निंड्डे पनि आपन भूइँमा हैंड्नुपछं, एक थोपा पसीना चुह्टाए पनि आपन माटाका डल्लाँ चुहाउनुपछ्छ। आपनो घर बने पो आक्ूलाई सुख हुन्छ।
कमार्नसिंह- ( केही बेर सोचेप छि ) ग्रामै, यही पुरान मलाई पोहोर साल सुनाइदिएको भए म देश जाने नै थिइनँ-—यस्तो मैना जस्तो छोरोलाई छोडेर । खं, कता गएछ? (दायाँ बायाँ हेर्छ ।)

कमार्नसंह्र- बूही आमा, उंमरदार जह्रान, बालक छोरोलाई--केहीं कमाइएला कि भनेर---पँसाकै निम्ति छोडेको न हुँ। मन त कहाँ पो मानेको छ र ! भेगो, ग्राएँ श्राएँ अब जान्नँ । दश लोटा पानी श्राएको गाग्रोमा एक मुठी वढी कसो नग्रटाउला त। हो, चित्त बुझयो, ग्रामै। आपनै गा उँमा बस्नुपछ , ग्रापन घरमा रमाउनुपई्छ, ग्रापनै छानु छाउनुपर्छ। जे भए पनि चार पाँच वर्ष बसिहालियो, नूनको सोभो, म ग्राउन नपाउने भएँ भनेर एउटा चिर्ठी पठाइदिन्दु । ग्रामै-त्यसं ह्ए। वावै ।
कालु—चचहुई...चचतुंई...ए त्रा ! हेग त खट्रोले दलिन छुने ग्राँट्यो। (सत्र उन゙तिर हेंछन
(लेखक — भीमनिनि तिवारी)

## Vocabulary

टोका $n$ : name of the tenth day of Disain festival, a mark put on the forehead; टीको : colloquial form of the word

एकांकी : of one act; एक-|-ग्रंक-|-ई : एक : one: घ्रंक: act; -ई : adjectival suffix

नाटक n : play. drama

पात्र 11 : character in play, short story or novel, dramatis personae

घ्रामं n : grandmother, old woman
नानत n : grandson
स्यान n: place
ठूलो साँभ $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{n}$ : late evening, complete evening
श्रांगनभरी $n+p p$ : all over the yard; घ्राँगन : yard, the front of the house; भरी : filled, full of

जून n : moonbeam
टहटह लागिरहेछ $\mathrm{av}+\mathrm{vi}$ : is spreading to the full
fंढढोमा $n+\mathrm{pp}$ : on seat at the porch; fिढो : raised seatlike construction at the front side of the house but under the roof used as a living room; मा : in, on

खिन्न adj : sad, dejected
मुद्रामा $n+p p$ : in face, in posture
पोङ n : swing
स्बोपाभित्र $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : inside the niche of the wall; खोपो : niche made in wall of house to keep things; fित्र : inside
fिबिया $n$ : small oil lamp
बर्ख n: year
श्राको pc : colloquial from of श्राएको : participle of भ्राउनु: 10 come

बेलाँ $a v:$ at the time of, on the occasion of; बेलाँ : colloquial from of वेलामा : postposition मा is usually contracted to the nasalization of preceding vowel making it an alternative spelling of वेलामा; वेला $n$ : time, period

फूलपाती $n$ : seventh day of Dasain festival characterized by the worship of Goddess Durga in temples and laking flowers
and other holy things to administrative centers in the districts and to the ancient royal palace in Kathmandu followed by the bsoming of guns and other rejoicings.

टु प्लुक्क श्राइडुग्थ्यो av + vi : used to arrive all of a sudden; \#्राइपुग्नु : to arrive; lit. to reach by coming

बह cj : rather
यत्रो adj : sucin a big, such an important; lit. of such quantity
fिदार $n$ : forehead; alternative spelling निधार
खाली : adj : emply, vacint
खूब av: very much
मर्चिएर av : by swinging to the full
दलिन $n$ : beam, cross-beam, joist
चचहुई $a v$ : expression of pleasure while swinging
बा n : dad, father: this word is used while addressing an affectionate male child

बबनू n : dad, father: this word is used while affectionately addressi g a junior male

खेत्या pc : colloquial form of खेलेको; participle of खेलनु: to play
उकालो $n$ : upward slope, rise, upward gradient
मुखाँ pe : colloquial form of मुखमा : into mouth: मा is clipped into च्राँ

पुकारेकौ pe : prayed, called
डॉँक d : post, mail, harbinger of good news
चनिसक्यो vi : has alrealy climbed; रात चक्नु id: growing on or passing on of night
fिfपिसक्यो vi : lit has already grown mature, has already been strong; id. has already come to full bloom; feछfrug : to mature ; सष्चु : to be able
मायाको डोरो cw : string of affection; माया : love, affection, attachment; डोरो or डोरी : string, rope

श्रपभंट av: suddenly
जानुमो vi : died; lit. went away: honorific of गयो : went
हुर्काको pc : colloquial form of हृक्काएको from हुक ईउनु: to bring up, to look after the growth and maturity
पूर्ने $n$ : full moon; alternative sp:lling; : पुर्गं. पुर्ने. पूर्ण and पूनिमा
विदा n : leave, holiday; alt sp बिदा
दसें n : festival in honor of Goddess Durga in late September or early October, the main Nepali festival; alt sp दมा

चाडाँ $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of चाउमा : in the festival
देश n: lit. country; id. foreign land, India
चाडबाडाँ $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of चाडबाडमा : in the festival: चाउबाड : religious and social festivals
लगन n : auspicious moment calculated and chosen by astrologers for marriage; alt sp लग्न

पोते n : colorful necklace of fine glass beads worn by women whose husbands are alive; पोते is an auspicious symbol of marriage worn at the time of लगन by the bridegroom on the neek of his bride

बोली n : speech
छेस् vi : second person feminine singular, non-honorific of हुनु: to be
fr ple: particle of emplasis

खाइदिन सक्छु vt : lit. I can eat; id. I can easily bear ग्रासीक $n$ : blessing; alt sp श्राशोष, भ्रर्तसस, घ्राशीर्वाद खै ple: alt sp खोड : particle to express enquiry or sadness ले vt : imperative nen-honorific singular of ल्याउनु : to bring: alt sp ल्या

उ ple : particle used while pointing at a person or a thing चारकुने n : lit. (thing) having four corners, square; a metal plate of square shape, a four-cornered leaf-plate

जमरा $n$ : young preferably yellow-looking shoots of barley cut for Dasain

श्राइज vi : imperative non-honorific singular of श्राउनु : to come; syn, श्रा ; श्राइज : lit. go by coming (rarely श्राइजा) थाल्न vt : in order to receive, for the purpose of receiving; थार्नु : to receive usually by holding out hands
मुठो $n$ : sheaf; alt sp मुट्ठो
श्रासनले $n+p p$ : in the posture of, in the sitting posture; ग्रासन : seat, sitting posture

नूनं 11 : नून十ऐ: नून: salt; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis; alt sp नुन
नहाल्या neg + pc: not put, not inserted, not added; नहाल्या is colloquial form of नहालेको from हालन्नु : to put, to insert, to add

खल्लो add : insipid, tasteless
खेल्दा खेलनदको adj; of being played, of being used in play खुसी n : gladness, joy

श्राइचर्यते $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in surprise, in wonder; अ्राइचर्य : surprise, wonder, astonishment

टिनको बाकस $n$ : box made of tin

डोर्यएएको pc : led by holding; डोर्याउनु: to lead by holding सन्च्च adj : सन्च $+ऐ$ : सन्च : well;-ऐे : suffix of emphasis

हंस $n$ : pronunciation: हङ्स : soul, life force, life consciousness राडी $n$ : alt sp राढी : rough woollen bedspread
गुन्द्री $n$ - mat made of hay, straw mat
श्रोछ्छ्याइदिन्छे vt: spreads over; non-honorific feminine singular present indefinite of प्रोछ्छ्यार्इदनु ; घ्रोछ्छ्याउनु : to spread over something; दिनु : to give
ढोगभेट n : ढोग + भेट : ढोगभेट: bowing down to superiors while meeting; ढोग : bowing down preferably on feet to express respect ; भेट: meeting
टुलुटुलु हेरिरहन्छ cw : goes on looking without doing anything else

टोपीभरी $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : filling the whole cap; टोपी : cap
घुसारिदिन्छे vt : forces in; non-honorific feminine singular present indefinite of घुसाfरfदनु; घुसार्न. : to put inside, to force in, to make penetrate, to insert into
चिरंजीवी adj : long living, of long life
भएस् vi: imperative second person non-honorific singular of हुनु : to be; syn. हो

पोको $n$ : parcel, bundle
ग्रहिले को प्रहिल्यै av : in no time; प्रहिल्यं : now; ग्रहिल्यं : प्रहिले + ऐ; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis
कोस fिकेर cw : having produced the pointed corners of eyes with mascara or black eye-shade

गाजल n : black eye-shade, collyrium
फरिया $n$ : loose usually colored cloth wrapped by women below waist downward to feet, sari

खलबल $n$ : noise, disturbing noise
हाल्या pc : colloquial form of हालेको or हालेका; हालन्नु: to put; पोड हालन्नु id : to make a swing
रमाइलो adj : pleasant
गरिरास्या pc : colloquial form of गरिराखेको or गरिराखेका : गरिरहेको : doing

भरे av : later on, at the end of the day
लौत $\begin{gathered}\text { ple: particles expressing 'let us', 'now we are ready', }\end{gathered}$ 'O.K. then' etc.

भोकाको pc : colloquial form of भोकाएको : hungry, become hungry; भोकाउनु : to be hungry, to feel hungry
खसी n : castrated he-goat kept for meat
मार हुन्ने cw : giving a death blow, cutting at one blow; मार : killing; हान्नु : to hit

कैले $a v$ : colloquial form of कहिले : when
भोलि av: tomorrow
एकादड़ो $n$ : eleventh day according to the lunar calendar, auspicious day when killing beasts and eating meat are forbidden in Hinduism

भ इहाल्यो vi : is (so) certainly, happens to be for certain
पโस av: day after tomorrow
भट्का $n$ : pull, sudden pull, tugging
बबनुकहों $n+p p$ : at fatter`s and nowhere else, ncar father and nowhere else; बाबुकहीं : बाबु + का $+\boldsymbol{म ा}+$ ऐ : बाबु : father; का of: मा : in, at; -ऐ : suffix of er phasis; alt forms बाबुक゙. बंबुकाम, बाबुकोमे, बाबुकामा नें, बाबुकोमा नं

ढोलो av/adj: slow, late; alt sp ढिलो
ग्राइपुग्थिस् vi: used to arrive (second person non-honorific); अ्राइपुग्नु : lit. to reach by coming, to arrive

मालिक n : master, boss
सिकिस्त adj : serious, seriously suffering
बिरामी n : sick, ill
नुनको ढिकोले cw : lit. by the crystallized salt; नून : id. honoring the salt, being true and faithful to one's boss or master बलल av : at last; the word also shows a sigh of relief ठहरियो vi : was decided, was concluded

भेटिहालुँला कि cw : whether I might possibly meet
धापिए र av : being tired and exhausted due to fast walking
बिछट av : excessively, unbearably
चयत्रो av : such a long, such a big
ग्राको pc : colloquial form of झ्राएको from ग्राउनु : to come
भाको pc : colloquial form of भएको from हुनु: to be
चन्द्रमा n : moon
लाग्या pc : colloquial form of लागेको from लाग्नु : to teel
यल्लाई $\mathrm{pn}-+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of ग्रसलाई : to it. to this person (non-honorific)

तामा मुना cw : colloquial form of तामाको मुनो : young shoot of bamboo

देशाँ $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of देशामा; here देशाँाँ means 'in the foreign land' or 'in India'
नेषालाँ $n+p p$ : colloquial form of नेपालमा : in Nepal
सोज्न $\mathrm{vt}+\mathrm{ple}$ : imperative non-honorific second person singular of खोन्नु and particle of emphasis; खोज्नु : to search, to seek; न : particle of emphasis at the end of a sentence

पाइहालिनछ fन $\mathrm{vt}+$ ple : will be surely obtained, will surely be found out: ff : particle expressing confidence

यदिका av: so many, so much

घ्रटाका pc : colloquial form of श्रटाएको or घ्रटाएका from घ्रटाउनु : to fit inside, to be contained in

एउडा adj : colloquial form of एउटा : one (thing or person)
कसो av: what, what way
खाइयो vi : was eaten, was earned
रुपैपाँ $n$ : rupee, the monetary unit of Nepal; alt $s p$ रुपियाँ
गाको pc : colloquial form of गएको from जानु : to go
छानु $n$ : roof, alt $s p$ छानो
छाउँछस् vt : second person non-honorific masculine singular of छाउनु in present indefinite tense; छाउनु : to cover the roof घान $n$ : one pot-ful, amount of corn popped at one time

भुटेर av : having popped (corn)
सन्तोक $n$ : satisfaction, contentment; alt $s p$ सन्तोष
मेलाँ $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of मेलामा : in the working place:
मेलो : working place in the agricultural field
गर्या pc : colloquial form of गरेको from गनुं : to do
नगाको neg +pc : colloquial form of नगएको : not gone
fिंडो $n$ : flour boiled in water
गाँस $n$ : morsel, one mouthful
मात्तै pp : only; alt sp मात्रै : मात्र + ऐ : मात्र : only; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis; मातँ is more colloquial

सारा adj : whole, all
भूइ"मा $n+p p:$ on the land, on the ground; भूइ": ground, land; alt sp भुइँ and भुईं

थोपा $n$ : थोपो : drop
पसोना $n$ : sweat, perspiration, sweat caused by hard labor; alt sp पसिना

चुहाए पनि cw : even if shed, even if dropped; चुहाउनु : to drop (liquid)

डल्लौं $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of उल्लामा : on the clod, on land, on soil

बने पो cw : if made, if constructed, if progressed; पो : particle expressing preference

बेर $n$ : period, time, moment
सोचेपछि cw : after having thought, after having contemplated; सोचनु : to think, to contemplate; पछछ : after

पुरान n : mythological story with morals to follow; alt sp पुराण पोहोर साल $n$ : last year; syn. पोहोर; साल : year

मैना $n$ : hill myna
पीङ। $\mathrm{t} \mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : colloquial form of पीङमा
उमेरदार adj : youthful, of young and mature age; उमेर : age जहान n : family, wife

कमाइएला कि $\mathrm{vt}+\mathrm{ple}$ : whether it could be earned; कमाउनु: to earn; कि: at the end of a sentence expresses doubt or question

छोडेको न हुँ vt: I have left; छोड्नु : to leave: न : particle of emphasis

भंगो vi : colloquial form of भइगयो : lit. went by becoming, went by happening; let pass whatever happened

लोटा $n$ : small jug-like water drinking vessel made of brass or copper: alt sp लोहोटा

गाग्रोमा $n+p p$ : in the pitcher, in the water vessel; गाग्रो : copper, brass or earthen vessel to carry and keep water

मुठी $n$ : fist, fistful; alt $s p$ मुट्ठी

रमाउनुपष्छं vi : must feel pleased
बसिहालियो vi : lived so far
नूनको सोभो id : being faithîul to the salt, being faithful to the boss

## Lesson 9

## पशुपतिनाथ को मन्दिर

काठमाडौं उपत्यकाभित्र तीन सहर छन् । तिनका नाउँ काठमाडौं, पाटन र भादगाउँ हुन्। ती तीनं सहरमा जताततं हिन्दू र बोद्ध मनिद्दरहु छन्। ती मन्दिरहरू काठका कलापूर्ण बुट्टाहरूका निम्ति प्रसिद्ध छन् । काठका मूर्ति J बुट्टाहरका साथं ढ़ंगाका र ईंटका मूर्ति र बुट्राहह पनि त्यहाँ निकं पाइन्छन्।

कलापूर्ण मन्दिरहरू भएकाले मात्र होइन, देशको राजधानी भएकाले मात्र पनि होडन, धार्ामक हृिटकोणले पनि काठमाडों महंवपूर्ण छ। पशुपतिनाथको प्रसिछ्ध मन्दिर काठमाडौंमं छ। यो मनिद्दर बागमती भन्ने सस्यानो नदीको किनारमा सहरको पूर्वी क्षेत्रमा छ। यस मन्दिरका चार्रितिर ग्रहु देवदेवीहरका मf.दिरहू पनि छन्, जो मूल मf.दर बनेको धेरेपछि समय समयमा र्थापएका हुन्। यसरी पशुपतिनाथको मन्दिरको एउटा ग्रापनं हातो छ। यस हाताभित्र पस्ने मूल ढोका परिचम दिशामा पछ । हिंद्दहहल बाह़ेक अहु भित्र पस्न पाड̈दँनन् ।

पूर्वतर्क बागमती छ। मन्दिरकं छेउको नदी किनारमा राजपरिवारका मृतहरू जलाउने ठाडँ छ। त्यसलाईं आर्यघाट भन्छन् । ग्रार्याघटदेखि अलिक तलका घाटहरुमा प्रजाहर्लका लाश जलाइन्छन्। पारिपद्टि रुबहल्ले ढानिएको डाँडो छ जसलाई इलेष्मान्तक वन भन्छन्। इलेष्मान्तक वनमा मात्र होइन, पशुपतिनाधको मन्दिर भित्र र बाहिर यत्तिक बाँदरह巨 उफिरहेका भेटिन्छन्। ती बाँदर मf्दिरमा चदाउन ब्याएका फूल र प्रसाद खोसेर खान पल्केका हुन्छन्। डामेका साँढे, गाई र कुकुरहहू पनि यताउति स्वतन्त्र घुमि रहन्छन् । दर्शन गर्न ग्राउनेहल्लाई फूल, माला, धूप श्रादि बेच्नेहह र माग्नेह्रू परिचमी मूल ढोकामा स्याउँस्याजॅती भेटिन्छन् ।

पशुपतिनाथ भनेका शिव हुन्। जिवलाई महादेव, शंकर, महेग र महेेवर? पनि भन्ने चलन छ। जुन ठाउँमा जस्तो रूपमा ती प्रकट भए तिनको नाउँ त्यस्तं रहृन्छ। बनारसमा शिवको ठूलो र प्रछ्यात मन्दिर छ। त्यहाँ शिव विश्वनाथ बाबाका ना उँने बोलाइन्छन् । काठमाडौंमा उनको नाॅँ पशुपतिनाथ रहाको छ 1

गिकको नाउँ काठमाडौंमा पगुपतिनाय कि.न भयो भन्ने विषयमा एउटा कथा

छ। उहिल्ल्य नै शिवकी पर्नी पार्वंती पतिको कामतीखर्वेटाउँदा मेटाउँदा थाकिन् रे र शिवको धित मार्न नसकी भागिन् रे ।

यसरी प्लेष्मान्तक वनमा ग्राई पार्वती हीरिन भएर लुकेर बसिन् । डयहाँ लुक्ता शिवको ग्राक्रमबाट केही समय मुक्ति पाउँछु भन्ने उनको ग्राभा थियो। तर सबं कुरा थाहा पाउने शिवबबाट उनी के लुक्न सक्थिन्? उनी पनि भाले हरिन भएर इलेष्म ान्तक वनमा ग्राई » यापनी प्यारी पार्वतीसित धेरै कालसम्म विलासमा डुने। यसरी त्यहाँ पशु भई केही काल बिताएकाले उनी पशुपतिनाथ वा पशुह्रूका मालिक मानिए। उनको त्यसं पशु रुपको सम्मानमा पशुपतिनाथको मन्दिर बन्यो।

पशुपतिनाथको मन्दिर नेपाली हिंद्दूहरका लागि मात्र होइन, समस्त हिन्दू जानिका लागि पुण्य तीर्थ मानिन्छ। यस मन्दिरमा पूजाग्राजा गर्न र शिविलिङ्नको दर्शन गर्न हर्रेक दिन भक्तहु हु जान्छन्। ह्रेक एकादशी र पूर्णिमाका दिन श्रद्ध ालुहरको त्यहाँ धुइरो लाग्छ। विशेष गरी शिवरात्र र बालाचतुर्दशीका समयमा टाढा टाढाबाट भक्तह्म्ड्र पशुपतिनाथको दर्शन गर्न जान्छन् ।

शिवरात्रिमा नेपालको तराईबाट र भारतका विभिन्न ठाउँहरूबाट हिन्दूह ओइ रिन्छन्। शिवरात्रि हिंजँदको पुछारतिर भए पनि गर्मी ठाउँबाट आउने तीर्थयात्रीहहलाई काठमाडौंको जाडाले निक पिर्छ। शिवरात्रिको मेला सकेर दक्षिण फर्कनेहहूले ग्राफूसितँ काठमाडौंको जाडो लान्छन् भनिन्छ। साँचँच नै त्यसपछि काठमाडौंमा न्यानो हुन थालछ ।

बालाचतुर्दशीमा पहाडका कुना कुननाबाट मान्छ्रेहरू यस मन्दिरमा भेला हुन्छन् । ती रातभरी जाग्राम बसेर भोलिपल्ट मन्दिरो हाताभित्र र इलेपमान्तक वनमा श्यन्नका बिउ छर्छन्। यसलाई सद्विउ छर्नु भन्छन् । बूढढबूढीहरू जाग्राम बस्ता भजन गाउँछन्, तर तरनीतन्नेरीह्रू चाहिं जुवारी खेल्छन्, नाच्छन् र रमाट्लो गई्छन् ।

पशुपतिनाथको पहिंलो मनिद्दर कहिले बन्यो र कसले बनायो भन्ने कुरो थाहा हुन सकेको छैन। किन्वदन्ती ग्रनुसार धेर् हंजार वर्षग्रधि काठमाडौं खाल्डो डुंगा जस्तो ग्राकारको दह थियो। त्यसमा विपस्वी ऋषिले कमलको बिउ छरे । कमलको फूल फुलेपछि त्यसँमा शिव प्रकट भए रे। मंजुख्री भन्ने व्यक्तिले शिवनाई पहिले देखे। तिनले शिवको पूजा गरे र चोभारको डाँडो काटी काठमाडौं खाल्डाबाट पानी बाहिंरतिर बगाए। पानी बगेर गएपछि उपत्यकामा मान्छेह्र बर्न थाले । राजा प्रचण्डदेवले पशुपतिनाथको पहिंलो मन्दिर बनाए। तिनले पशुपतिनाथलाई पारसम णिले ढाकेका थिए। त्यसं हुनाले पशुपतिनाथलाई पारसनाथ पनि भन्ने चलन छ। धेरै वर्ष बितेपछि भुइँचालो गएर सो मनिदर भहिकी माटाले पुटग्यो। मानिसहूल ले त्यस मन्दिरलाई बिर्से । तर एउटा दुधालु गाई सधं
 पाडएछ। त्यमै मूर्नललाई राखेर त्यसं ठाउँमा पशुपुप्प भन्ने राजान्न मुनका छानो हाली नयाँ म न्दिर बनाए र वेदको विधिग्रनुसार पूजा गर्ने चलन बसाए। तर त्यहाँको मूरिलाई मुसलमान ग्राः्रमणकारी सम सुद्दीनल विकम सम्वन् १००६ मा फुटाएर मिल्काइदिए।

अजको मन्दिर र fिवनंलग समसुद्द्दीनले लुटेर फ, केपचि बनाडएका हुन् । मन्दिरको fिकक पश्चिम ढोका अगाडि विशाल त्रसाहाको मूर्ति बसेको स्थिनिम। छ। साँढेलाई शिवको वाहनन मान्छन् । त्यसं हुनाले पशुपतिनाथकों मन्दिग्कों अधिल्तिर त्यो बनिएको हो।

पशुपतिनाथको मुख्य मनिद्दरमा चाँदीका चार ढाका छन् । गजुर चर्णह् सुनको हो भन्ने विशवास छ। हरेक ढोकाबाट बिचनमा म्थित शिर्वालगको वेग्ल रूप्प देखिन्छ । उत्तरपट्टि बुधदकों मूर्ति त्यस fिगमा अंकित छ। दक्षण पट्टिकां मूरित डरलाग्दों छ। त्यसं हुनाले दक्षिणपद्टि भैरवकां विशाल नाड्गो मूर्ति भएको मन्दिर पनि छ । भंरव शिवका रिमाहा रूप हों। । नानी नहुने अइएमाईहरू तिनं भैरवको दर्शान गरी सन्तान पाउने विश्वास गर्छन् ।

पशुपतिनाथको मनिद्दर पगोडा शंलीमा बनिएकों ह। यसका मित्ताह्ड राम्रा मूर्ति र बुट्टाले सिंगारिएका छन् ।

मन्दिरको हाताभित्र भजनटोलीहह भजनमा मस्त भेटिन्छन्, परेवाहा र् वाँदरहरू अन्न र प्रसाद खाइरहेका देखिन्छन् र ब्राह्मणहह वेदपाठ गरिरहेका पाड्न्छन्। धार्म क पर्चहरूमा राजादेत्बि निएर ठूला ठूला सरकारी कर्मचारी र माधारण जनतासम्म पशुपतिनाथको दर्शान गर्न जान्छन्। वास्तवमा पशुपतिनाथ नेपालीह्ंका राष्टि्य देवता हुन् ।

## Vocabulary

उपत्यका n: valley
सहर n : town, city; all sp शहर
जताततं av : everywhere, wheresoevic
कलापूर्ण adj : artistic, full of art
बुट्टाहरूका $n+p p$ : of intricate carved designs, of embroidery प्रसिद्ध adj : famous

मूर्त $n$ : idol, image
साथं cj : together, along with, including
ढुंगाका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of stone

निक adj : many
राजधानी n : capital
धार्मिक adj : religious
दृषिटकोणले $n+\mathrm{pp}$ : from the point of vieu; दृधिटकोण : point of view, opinion

महत्वपूर्ण adj : important, prominent, notable
सस्यानो adj : quite small; clipped form of सानो सानो
नदीको $n+p p$ : of the river
किनारमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : on the bank
पूर्वो adj : eastern
क्षें्रमा $n+p p$ : in the area, in the region
चारंतिर av: all around, on all four sides
देवदेवीहरूका : $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of gods and goddesses: देव: god; syn. देवता; देवी : goddess

मूल adj : main
बनेको $\mathrm{p} 2:$ constincted, mide; बनुतु : to be constructed, to be made

समय समयमा av : at different times
थपिएका pc: added, annexed
हातो n : compound, an enclosed area, grounds
पस्ने adj : for getting into, for entering: पस्नु : to get into, to enter

मूल ढोका $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{n}$ : main door, gate
परिचम n : west
दिशामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the direction
बाहेक pp : with an exception of, except
राजर्परिवारका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of royal family; राज : royal; परिबार : family

मृतहरू 11 : dead bodies, the dead
जलाउने adj : for burring, for cremating
श्र्रलिक av : slightly, a little but; syn. प्र्रल
तलका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of a lower area, of a place which is below
घाटहर्मा $n+p p$ : in the cremation grounds, in the places for burning dead bodies

प्रजाहरूका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of subjects, of the ruled
लाशा n : dead body
जलाइन्छन् vi : are burnt, are incinerated
पारिप⿸्ट्ट av: on the other side of the river, on the place lying across the river: पारि : the other side of the river

ढाकिएको pc : covered: ढारकनु : to be covered
डाँडो 11 : hill
वन : wood, forest
यत्तिकं adj : many, innumerable
बाँदरहसू n: monkeys
उफ्रिरहेका pc : jumping, leaping
भेटिन्छन् vi : are met, are come across
चढाउन ल्याएका pc: brought to offer; चढाउनु : 10 offer
फूल $n$ : flower

प्रसाद n : food specially fruits and sweets offered to gods; (after having offered it to the gods, प्रसाद is eaten as something blessed)

खोसेर av: by snatching away
पल्केका pc: enjoyed the taste of, aware of the relishing taste
डामेका adj : branded, marked by burning; (bulls having burnt marks on their backs are offered to Shiva by devotees and they are left free to roam the streets. They are not harnessed to plows)

साँढे n : bull
यतार्डित av: here and there
₹वतन्न्र adj : free
दर्शन n : courtesy visit to a god; दर्शन गर्नु : to look (at the idol), to view

माला n : garland, wreath
धूप $n$ : incense
च्रानि : etc., and so on; syn. इत्यादि
वेत्नेहहर n : sellers
माग्नेहरू $n$ : beggar:
परिचमी adj : western
स्याउँ ₹्याउँ तो av : countless, incalculable, hatefully innumerable भनेका pc: lit. said; called
भन्ने adj : calling, saying
चलन n : custom
जस्तो रूपमा av : in whatever form or appearance
प्रकट $n$ : manifestation, sudden appearance: प्रकट हुनु : to manifest, to appear

Fिब $n$ : one of the three Hindu Trinity, the Destroyer; the other two are बहला, the creator and fिषण, the protector
हैयस्त av : exactly the same, of the same kind
प्रल्यात adj : famous, famed, well-known, eminent
fिशवनाथ बाबा n : lit. Father of the Universe: fवइबनाथ : lord of the universe; बाबा : father

बोलाइन्छन् vi : is spoken of, is called
विषयमा $n+p p$ : on the subject, about the subject
उहिल्य ने $\mathrm{av}+$ ple : many years ago, in ancient times; उहिले + ऐ :
 cle of emphasis

पत्नी n. : wife
पतिको $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{pp}$ : of the husiand
कामतीर्खा $n$ : excessive desire for sexual enjoyment; काम : sex; तीरा : thirst; कामतीखा मेटाउनु : to quench the lust of, to gratify the sexual desire of
मेटाउँदा $a v$ : while satisfying, while fulfilling; मेटाउनु : to quench, to satisfy, to gratify

थाकिन् रे vi+ple: it is said that she was tired; थाकिन् : past honorific feminine of थाकनु : to be tired; रे : particle at the end of a sentence expressing 'it is said'

धित मार्नु $n+v t$ : to satiate, to cloy
भागिन् रे vi + ple : it is said that she ran away, it is told that she fled away

हरिन n : deer
लुकेर av: hiding
लुक्ता av: while hiding

ग्राक्रमणबाट $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{pp}$ : from the attack
मुक्ति $n$ : redemption, freedom
सब कुरा थाहा पाउने adj : knowing all things, omniscient
भाले n : male
धेरี कालसम्म cn : for a long period of time
विलासमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in luxury, in concupiscence
पशु n : beast
बिताएकाले $\mathrm{pc}+\mathrm{pp}$ : because of spending (time), because of passing (time); बिताउनु : to spend or pass time

रूपको $n+p p$ : of the form
सम्मानमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in honor, in respect
बन्यो vi : was made, was constructed
समस्त adj : whole
जातिका लर्मीग cw : for the people, for the community; जाfत : community, nation

पुण्य adj : pious, holy, sacred
तीर्थ $n$ : shrine, place of pilgrimage
मानिन्छ vi : is regarded
पूजाग्राजा $n$ : worship: पूजा : worship; ग्राजा is compounded to पूजा to express the idea not only of worship but of praying, looking around, etc.
fिर्वांलगको $n+p p$ : of the symbol of Shiva, of the phallic symbol of Shiva: fलग : phallic symbol

भक्तहरू 11 : devotees, worshippers, fullowers
पूरणमाका $n+\mathrm{pp}$ : of the full moon; पूरणमा : full moon
भद्धालुद्हुको $n+p p$ : of those who pay respects, of devoices

धुइरो n : crowd
fिरोष गरी av : specially, particularly
सिवरात्रि $n$ : the night of Shiva, a festival celebrated as the birthday of Lord Shiva
बालाचतुर्दूरो $n$ : a Nepalese religious festival; चतुर्दूो : fourteenth day of the lunar calendar

टढढा टाढाबाट $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : from far and near, from distant places; repetition of टाढT is for emphasis and for making it plural तराईबाट $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : from the lowland of Nepal bordering India fर्वभिन्न adj : various, different

श्रोइरिन्छन् vi : are poured down, come in large numbers
हिउँदको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of winter; हिउँद : winter
पुछारातिर av: towards the end
गर्मो $n$ : heat
तीर्थयात्रीहरू लाई $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : to the pilgrims, to the visitors to the shrine

जाडाले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : due to cold
निक av: very much
पिछ्छ vt : troubles
मेला n : festival
दक्षण n : south
फर्कनेहरूले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : by those who return; फर्कनु : to get back, to return

भfनन्छ vi : is said
साँच्च ने av: really, indeed
न्यानो adj : warm

कुना कुनाबाट $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : from every nook and corner ; कुनो : corner मेला n : gathering together, collecting together

रातभरी av: all through the night; रात : night; भरी : filled, full

जाग्राम n: staying awake
भोलिपल्ट av : the next day; on the next day; भोलिं : tomorrow
श्रन्नका बिउ $n$ : seeds of grains; प्रन्न : grain; बिड : seed; alt sp बोउ

छछ्छन् vt : spread, scatter, throw around ; छनु
सद्बिं n : seeds of truth, true seeds; सत् +ब्बोज : स्ब्बोज r सद्बिउ or सद्बीज

भजन $n$ : hymn, song of praise to gods
तरुनीतन्नेरीहरू n : youth; youthful persons; तरुनी : young woman; तन्नेरी : young man

जुवारी $n$ : singing with responses in pairs
रमाइलो adj : pleasant, enjoyable
बन्यो vi : was made, was consructed ; बर्निनु : to be made बनायो vt : made, constructed

किम्वदन्ती n : hearsay, rumor, talk
हजार $n$ : thousand
वर्षग्र्रध $n+p p$ : year ago; वर्ष : year; syn. बर्व, साल; ग्राघ: ago, before

खालडो n : valley, pit
डुंगा $n$ : boat
श्राकारको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of shape, having shape
दह n : lake

कमल $n$ : lotus
फुलेप्पछ av : after blossoming, after flowering
व्यक्तिले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : by man, by individual; च्यक्यित : human being, individual
चोभारको डांडो काटी cw : by cutting across the hill of Chobhar; by digging deep through the hill of Chobhar
पारसम्मणले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with a jewel called पारसर्माण
ढाकेका धिए vt : had covered
भुइँचालो $n$ : earthquake; भुइँचालो जानु : coming of earthquake भत्की nf : by being broken

पुर्यो vt : completely covered and concealed, fully overspread बिर्से vt : forgot; बिर्सनु : to forget
दुधालु adj : full of milk, having milk in abundance ; दूध : milk
खन्याउँदो रहेछ vt : it was discovered that it poured over or flowed

बनी nf : by digging, by removing soil
पाइएछ vi : it was found out, it was discovered
छानो n : roof, alt sp छानु
वेदको विधि ग्रनुसार cw : according to Vedic rites
चलन बसए $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{vt}$ : the custom was established
श्राश्रमणकारी n : invader, aggressor, marauder
विक्रम सम्वत् १४०६: 1349 according to Christian era; विक्रम सम्वत् or विक्रमाब्द is an era started approximately 57 years before the Christian era by an Indian king named विक्रमादित्य
फुटाएर av: by breaking to pieces; फुटाउनु : to crack and break into pieces, syn. फुटालन्नु
fिल्काइदिए vt : threw away; मिलकाउनु : to throw away
ग्राजको adj : modern, that existing today; अ्राज : today
तुटेर av : by plundering, by robbing
फकेपष्पछ av : after (he) returned, after returning
बनाइएका pc:are made
fिक्क av : exactly; ठोक or ठिक: right, suitable, exact; ठिबक is an emphatic form
fिशाल adj : huge, large
बसाहा n : bull, sitting bull, bull as the animal that Lord Shiva rides on
fि्यितिमा $\mathrm{n}-+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the posture, in the condition
वाहन n : carrier, generally a beast
मान्छन् vt : regard ; मान्नु : to regard, to think
त्यस् हुनाले cj : for that reason, therefore
ग्रहिल्तिर av : in front of, towards the front side
मुल्य adj : chief, main
चाँदोका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of silver; चाँदो : silver
गजुर $n:$ steeple, pinnacle of temple
fिरवास n : faith, confidence
बोचमा av : in the middle, at the center
F्थित pc : situated, kept, positioned
बेग्लं adj : different, varying, dissimilar
देसिन्छ vi : is seen
उत्तरपाट्ट av : towards the north
fिगमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : on the phallic idol, on the sides of the male phallic idol of Shiva

ग्रंकित pc : recorded, engraved
पट्टिको av : of the side of; पद्टि : towards
डरलाग्दो adj : fearful, frightening
भंरवको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of भंरव; भंरव : the angry form of Shiva
नाद्ननो adj : naked, bare
रिसाहा adj : angry
नानो $n$ : baby, endearing word to address a child
नहुने adj : those who do not have; न : not; हुने : having, from हुनु

ग्राइमाईहरू n : women
सःतान n : issuc. son or daughter
शैलीमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in style, in design
भित्ताहू n : walls
राम्रा राम्रा adj : beautiful, fine, good; repetition of the word makes it plural and emphatic
fिंगारिएका छन् vi : are decorated
भजनटोलोहरू $n$ : hymn singing groups
मस्त av : intoxicated with joy and pride; completely absorbed प रेवाहरू n : domesticated pigeons

ब्राह्मणहस n : Brahmins; ब्राहण is the highest caste in Hindu society

वेदपाठ n : recitation of the Vedas
पर्वहरूमा $n+p p$ : in festivals; पर्व : festive occasion, festival
राजा n : king

स रकारी adj : government
कर्मचारी $n$ : service holders, officers
साधारण adj : simple
जनता $n$ : people
राष्ट्र्य adj : national; राष्ट्र : nation, state

## Lesson 10

## नेपालका जनता

नेपालको क्षे त्रफल झन्ने छपन्नं हैजार वर्गमाइल छ। यसकां घेरजसो उत्तरी भाग हिडेँने ढाकिएको छ। मध्य भाग पहाड ग उपत्यकाहृहल बनेको छ। दक्षिणमा उतर भारतको मैदानसित गएँसिएको तराई क्षेत्र छ। भौगोलिक कारणले गद्दा उत्त रपट्टि उति मानिसहर छेनन्। दक्षिणकों तराईमा ज्यादं गर्मी हुन्छ। चारकोसे जाडी पनि त्यहीं छ। पहिले पहिले त्यहाँं औलाको टू लो डर हुन्ध्यो। तर अब औलो उन्मूलन भएकाले त्यस क्षे त्रको जनसंख्या बढ़न थालेको छ। त्यसो भए तापनि नेपालका बढो जनता मध्य भागमं बसोबास गत्छत्। धेरजसो भाग पहाड हुनाले यस देशको जनसं ख्या अन्दाजी सवा करोड मात्र छ। तर जतिमुक सानो मुलुक र थोरै जनता भए पनि यहाँ थरी थरीका सम्र्रदायहर बसेका छन्।

बाहुन र छेत्रीह्रूको सम्र्रदाय मुनुकं भरी छरिएर बसेको छ। यस सम्प्रदायलाई पहिले खस भन्ने चलन थियो। त्यसं हृनाले तिनले बोल्न भाषालाई खस भाषा भनिन्ध्यो। अचेल यस भाषाको नाउँ नेपाली रहेको छ। यो सम्प्रदाय वर्णश्रम धर्ममा अडिएकाले यसमा हिन्दू जतारातको प्रथा पाइन्छ। बाहुनहरू पुरेत्याइँ गर्छन्, खेतीपाती गर्छन् र अड्डाअदालतमा नोकरी गर्छन्, छेत्रीहह मेनामा, प्रहरीमा र सरकारी नोकरोमा लागेका, सेतीपातीमा ड़बेका र कतं कतं बेपारतिर भुकेका भेटिन्छन् । ठकुरीहरह पहिलेका रजौटाहृहका सन्तान हौं भन्न दावा गह्छन् । ती पनि सेनामा, निजामती जागीरमा र सेतीपातीमा लागेका छन् । मन्यासीहाह सेतीपाती गछंन् र वर्षको एक पल्ट माग्न निक्लन्छन्। कामी, दमाई, सार्की र गाइने यस सम्प्रदायका तल्ला जात मानिन्छन्। तिनलाई अछूत भन्ने च्लन छ र ती विष्टहर्हा घरभित्र पस्न पाउँदैनन्। कामी फलाम, चाँदी, मुन आदि धातुका काम गर्छन्। दमाई लुगा सिउने र बिहेबटृ़ोमा बाजा बजाउने गछंत्। सार्की छालाका काम गछर्त् भने गाहने सारंगी रेट्तं गीत गएएर जीविका चलाउँछन्।

नेपालको अर्को सम्र्रदाय तराईमा बर्छ। यस सम्र्पदायले मोथिली, भोजपुरी, अव्रधी, बंगाली आदि भाषाहरू बोल्छ। यो पनि हिन्दू धर्म मान्ने वर्ग हो र यसमा पनि जातविभाजन हुन्छ। ब्राह्मण राजपूत, वैड्य र हूद्रका चार जात भित्र सग्याना उपजातहरू यसमा परि पाइन्छन् । त्राहण, रजजपूत र वैश्य सेतीमा र

व्यापारमा तथा हूद्र ज्यालादारी काममा लागेका छन्।
शेर्पाहरू पूर्वउत्तरमा बसछन्। रोपाहर्को आपन्न भाषा छ जो भोटबर्माली परिवारमा पछ्छ। शोर्पाहरू पहाड चढ्नामा र बेपार गर्नामा निपुण छन्। तिब्बन जाने बाटो थुनिएपछि भने तिनको बेपारमा घाटा हुन थालेको छ।

मगरहहु पशिचम पहाडी क्षे त्रमा छन्। उत्तरका मगर बौद्ध धर्म मान्छन् भने दक्षिणकाहरहु हिन्दू धर्मद्वारा प्रभावित छन् । तिनको आपनै भाषा छ। खसहर्रसित मगरहरू नै बढी मिसिएका छन्। त्यसंले मगरहह र छेत्रीहरूका वेरे थर मिल्छन्। थापा र बूढाथोकी थर मगर र छेत्री दुवैमा पाइन्छन्। मगरहरू नेपाली सेनामा मात्र होइन, बेलाइती र भारतीय सेनामा पनि जागीर खान्बन्।

गुरहहरू पनि पशिचमने छन्। ती पनि बौद्ध र हिन्दू दुवं धर्म मान्हन्य तिनको आपन्नै भाषा छ। गुरहहहर सेनामा मगरह़ह जस्तै प्रख्यात छन् ।

तामाङहरू पहाडी नेपाली सम्प्रदायहरूमा सबँ भन्दा बढी संख्यामा छृ् तर तिनको स्थिति अहूको भन्दा नराभ्रो छ। शिक्षा र वेपारमा ती अरू भन्दा पचि परेका छन् । काठमाडौं उपत्यकाको छेवेना भए पनि तामाउहहले उँभो उट्ने कहिल्य्यं मौका पाएनन्। तिनको पनि आपनो भाषा छ। तामाङहरू बौद्य बर्म मान्छन् र आपनो गुम्बालाई घ्याङ भन्छत् ।

नेवारहरू काठमाडौं उपत्यकाका वासी हुन्। अर्य र मंगोलका अनेकौं हाँगासित इतिहासमा तिनको प्रशस्त सम्पर्क भएको देखिन्छ। तिनमा जातविभाजन पनि छ। तिनको भाषा भोटबर्माली परिवारको हो। धर्म भने आधाने हिन्दू र अधाले बौद्द मान्छन्। नेवारहर कलाकौश्रका लागि विस्यात छन् । ती चतुर बेपारी पनि भएकाले देशभरीका बेपार केन्द्रह्र्मा छरिएका छन्, शिक्षामा पनि नेवारहरू अधि बढेका छन्। निजामती सेवामा त जन नेवारह़एकं प्रधानता छ।
पूर्वी पहाउको मध्यमा राईहरू र सुट्ग क्षेत्रमा fनम्बूहरह ध ह्। । यी दुवै सम्र्रदाय किराँती हुन् । राईहर्लका गावैंपिच्छेका भाषा हन्। लिन्बूहह को ग्रपन्न भापा छ। राईलिम्बूहरू सोश्ञा र बलिया हुन्छन्, खेतीपाती र सेनामा ती गाम्रों काम गनं सकछन् । साँच्चै भन्ने हो भने गोर्खली सेना धेरजसो यिने राई, लिम्बू, मगन Ј गुरुहहर ले र केही छेत्रीहरूले मात्र बनेको हो।

अरू सस्याना सम्प्रदायहरमा तराईका थार, धिमाल, मतार ग को चे मेच तथा पहाडका सु नुवार, थकाली, जिरेल, कागते, लेप्चा, चेपाङ, हायु, दनुवार, भौटें, कुसुन्डा र राउट्या पछंन् । कुसुन्डा र राउट्या जंगली अवस्थामा पहिच्चमी पहाडमा छन्। धेरजसो तराईमा र थोरजसो परिचमी पहाड र काटमाडौंमा केही मुसलमानहरू पनि छन् । तर यी सबै जातिले आवनाआपनै मानृभापा बोले पfन नेपाली भाषा चर्ाहि सबैजसोले जान्दछन् ।

नेपालमा भारतीप परिवारका भापा बोल्ने जनता वयामी प्रतिगत छन्। भोटबर्माली परिवारका भाषाहृत् चाहिह अठार प्रतिगतने मात्र बोल्छन् । नेपा१ भारतीय परिवारको भाषा हो र यसलाई मातृभाषाका ह्पमा झन्ने माठी प्रतिरतनले बोल्छन्, विभिन्न समुदायकों माध्यम पनि नेपाली भाषा नं छ। यसरी नेपाली भाषा सबै को साभ, भएकाले राप्ट्रभाषा पनि मानिएकों छ। मवै नंपालीट़हन्नाई यसले एकं राण्ट्रिय सूत्रमा उनेको छ।

## Vocabulary

क्षं त्रफल n : area, area covered
भन्न av: nearly
छपन्न हैजार adj : fifty-six thousand
वर्गमाइल n : square miles
धेरजसो av : mostly
उत्तरी adj : northern
भाग $n$ : portion
हिउँले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with snow: हिउँ : snow
ढाकिएको pc : covered, enveloped
मध्य adj : middle, central
भारत को $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of India; भारत : India
मैदानसित $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with the plains, with the lowlands
गाँसिएको pc : connected, joined
भौगोलिक $\operatorname{adj}$ : geographical; भूगोल n : geography
कारणले गदा av ; because of. due to; lit. by doing, by cause
उति adj : so many, that many
चारकोसे भांडो $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{n}$ : the sub-tropical natural forests running from the east to the west in the Terai region in a strip of
roughly eight miles; चारकोसे : of or having four कोस, कोस $n$ : roughly two miles; भाडी : thick forest
पहिले पहिले av : in former times; पहिले : at first time
ग्रौलाको $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of malarial fever; ग्रौलो : malaria, malarial fever

उन्मूलन $n$ : eradication, wiping out, rooting out
जनसंख्या $n$ : population; जन +संख्या : जन: people; संख्या : number

हैयसो भए तापरन cw : even if it is so
बसोबास $n$ : dwelling, settlement; बसोबास गर्नु : to settle down, to dwell

ग्रन्दाजो av : approximately, nearly
सबा करोड adj : twelve million and five hundred thousand; करोड : ten million; सवा : quarter

जरिसुक्ष av: whatever, of whatever quantity or number
मुलुक n : country
थोरैं adj : much less, in smal numbers; थोर +एे : थोर : small quantity or number; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis

थरी थरीका $n+p p$ : of various kinds, of different types: थरी : type, kind

सम्पदायहरू n : communities
बाहुन $n$ : ब्राहमण: the highest caste in Hindu hicrarchy, the priestly class

छेत्री n : क्षत्रिय; warrior class
मुलुक्भ री $n+p p$ : all over the country; lit. filling the whole country; मुलुक +ऐ: मुलुक:country;-ऐ : suffix of emphasis
छरिएर av: scattered, spread; by spreading, by scattering

ग्रचेल av : nowadays, these days: syn. श्राजभोलि, हिजोग्राज, श्राजकल and श्राजकाल

वर्णश्रम धर्म $n$ : the whole society was classified into four distinct sects of people following different duties. These four varnas or castes were Brahmans, Kshatriyas, Vaishyas, and Shudras. The duties of Brarmans were to study, teach, sacrifice, and to give and receive gifts. Those of Kshatriyas were to protect ti:e people, sacrifice. and study. Vaishyas were supposed to sacrifice, study, breed cattle, till the earth, pursue their trade, and lend money. These three castes were known as the Dvija or the twice-born. Their second birth was thought to be after the initiation rites. They were supposed to follow four stages of life, that of the student, of the householder, of prayers. and of renunciation. Shudras had to serve the perple of the higher castes.

स्रीडएकाले $\mathrm{pc}+\mathrm{pp}$ : because of being based on: ग्रडिनु : to be based on, to depend on

जातभातको प्रथा $n$ : caste system
पुरेत्याइँ 11 : priesthood; पुरेत + याइँ : पुरेत : priest: alt sp पुरोहित खेतीपाती $n$ : agricultural farming: खेती + पाती : खेती : agriculture; पाती is compounded with खेतो to emphasize it

ग्रड्डाश्रदालत n : office and court: श्रड्डा : government office, administrative office, office; ग्रदालत : court

नोकरी $n$ : service
सेनामा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the military; सेना : military, forces
प्रहरोमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the police; प्रहरी : police
लागेका pc : engaged; लाग्नु : to be engaged, to be interested, to take part

डुबेका pc : engaged: lit. डुबनु : to drown

कतं कतै av: at some places; कता +ऐ : कतै : at some place, at what place; कता : to which direction; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis बेपारतिर $n+p p$ : toward trade; बेपार trade; alt sp ह्यापार भुकेका pc : inclined, interested; भुक्नु to bend, to incline, to be interested

ठकुरीहस n : Kshatriyas of royal blood
रजौटाहरू n : petty kings, district princes, local feudals दावा n : claim

निजामती adj : civil service as opposed to military service जागीर n : service, government service; जागीर खानु : to be a service holder
सन्यासी 11 : begging caste
माग्न pc : in order to beg
निक्लन्छन् vi : come out
कामी n : blacksmith, goldsmith (of the untouchable caste)
दमाई n : tailor (of a low caste)
सार्को $n$ : tanner, low caste, cobbler
गाइने $n$ : singer, low caste
तलला जात adj +n : peopie of low castes, untouchables
श्रछूत n: untouchable
\{वष्ट हरू $1 n$ : of higher castes
पस्न पाउँदेनन् vi : do not get to enter, are not allowed to enter
फलाम $n$ : iron
चाँदी $n$ : silver
मुन n : gold
धातुका काम $n$ : works of metals, trades related to metals

लुगा n : clothes, dresses
fिउने adj: sewing
fबहेबटुलोमा $n+p p$ : on the occasions of marriage and other social festivals; fबहे : marriage; all sp विवाह and fबहा; बटुलो $n$ : gathering

बाजा 11 : musical instrument
बजाउने गछ्छत् vt : are engaged in playing musical instruments; बजाउनु to play a musical instrument

छालाका काम $n$ : trade, relating to leather and hide
सारंगो n : a stringed musical instrument, fiddle
रेट्त्त av: producing musical sounds by rubbing the string
जीनिका n : living, making a living; जोविका चलाउनु : to make a living

वर्ग $n$ : section, group, class
जार्तविभाजन $n$ : caste division: जात + fवभाजन : जात: caste; विभाजन : division

बाहमण n : बाहुन : the highest of the four Hindu castes, the priestly class

राजपूत n : Kshatriya warriors associated with Rajputana in India

वैइय $n$ : one of the Hindu castes: traders and tillers
शूद्र n : low caste, untouchable
उपजातहरू n : sub-castes. sub-classes
तथा cj : and: syn. र, एवम् or एवं, घ्रनि and च्रो
ज्यालादारी adj : wage-earning: ज्याला $n$ : wage, payment reccived for labor

भोटबर्मालो पर्रिबार n: Tibeto-Burman family: भोट: Tibet; बर्मा +ली: बर्मा: Burma; -ली : adjectival suffix; परिवार : family

पहाड चढ्नामा $n+\mathrm{pc}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in climbing mountains; पहाड : mountain; चढ्नु : to climb, ride
fिपुण adj : skilled, efficient
तिब्बत $n$ : भोट : Tibet
बाटो $n$ : road, way
थुरिएपपंछ av : aiter (it was) closed; थुंननु : to be closed, to be shut

क्ष त्रमा $n+p p$ : in the region; क्षेत्र: region, area, sector
बौद्ध धर्म $n$ : Buddhist religion, Buddhism; बौद्ध : adj of बुद्ध; बुद्ध: Buddha; धर्म : religion
हिन्दू धर्मद्वारा cw : by Hindu religion; हिन्दू धर्म : Hindu religion, Hinduism; द्वारा pp: by; syn. ले, बाट

प्रभावित pc:influenced; प्रभाब: influence
थर $n$ : sub-branch of caste; term referring to someone's place of origin

बेलाइतो adj : British; बेलाइत or बेलायत: Britain
भारतीय adj : Indian; भारत : India; syn. हिन्दुस्यान or हिन्दुस्तान
प्रत्यात adj : fomous, well-known, renowned
सबँ भन्दा बढो संख्यामा av: in the maximum number
स्थिति $n$ : situation, condition
नराम्रो adj : bad; न + K रम्रो : न : $n \mathfrak{t}$; राम्रो : good: नराम्रो : miserable, poor

โशक्षा $n$ : education
पद्छा परेका छन् cw : have remained backward
 close; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis; मा : in, at; alt forms छेउमं, छ्रेउमा ने, छेउमं नै, छेवैमा नं, छेवेमं

उँभो उठ्ने adj : rising upward, progressing; उंभो : upward; उठ्नु rise, get up

कहिलत्यं av: never; alt forms कहिले पनि, कहिल्यं पन्पन ; कहिले †ऐ : कहिले : when; - ऐ : suffix of emphasis

मौका n : chance, opportunity
गुम्बालई ह्याइ. भन्छन् cw : they call the Gumba as Ghyang; गुम्बा : Buddhist temple ; छ्याड. : Tamang Buddhist temple; भन्छन्: they say, they call

वासी $n$ : inhabitant, settler. dweller
श्रार्य $n$ : Aryan race
मंगोल n : Mongolian race
श्रनेकौं adj : ग्रनेक + श्रों : ग्रनेक : many, not just one; -श्रों : suffix of emphasis
हाँगासित $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with branches, with sub-classes; हॉंगो : branch इतिहास n: history

प्रश्त adj : sufficient, much
सम्पर्क n : contact, relation
ग्राधाले $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : by half; ग्राधा or ग्राधी : half
कलाकौइलका लर्fग $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : for arts and crafts; कला : art;
कौगल : craft
विस्यात adj : renowned, famous
चतुर adj : clever, intelligent
केन्द्र हस्त n : centers
श्रघि बढेका छन् cw : have progressed, have gone forward
fिजामती सेवामा $a d j+n+p p$ : in civil service
प्रधानता n : prominence, predominance
सुदूर क्ष त्रमा $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}:$ in remote areas; सुदूर : far off, distant

गाबंपिच्छेका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : belonging to each and every village, of each village; alternative forms गाउँ पिच्छेका, गाउँनँ पिच्छेका, गावें : गाउं + ऐ: गाउँ : village; -ऐ : suffix of emphasis; पिच्छेका : of each सोभा adj : simple and innocent, straightforward; सोभो is singular

बरिया adj : strong; बरियो is singular
साँचचँ भन्ने हो भने cw : in fact, to tell the truth
गोर्खाली सेना n : famous Gurkha soldiers under the British India fuन pn : definitely these

जंगली श्रवस्थामा $\operatorname{adj}+\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in a savage condition : जंगली: savage, living in jungles

ग्राप्ना श्रापन pn : their own, their own separately
मातृभाषा $n$ : mother tongue
सबंजसोले cw : almost by all, by almost everybody
जान्दछन् vt : know ; जान्नु : to know
बयासो adj : eighty-two
प्रतिशात n : per cent, per hundred
ग्रठार adj : eighteen
विभिन्न adj: various
समुदाय n : community, group
माध्यम n : medium, common tool, means of communication
साभा adj : common, belonging to all

रांट्टभाषा n : national language
मानिए एको pc : regarded, accepted; माननिनु: to be regarded, to be accepted, to be respected

राषिट्टिय adj : national
सूत्रमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in string; सूत्र : joining string
उनेको pc : joined together, held together by a string; उन्तु

## Lesson 11

## पत्नपर्तकाको भाषा

## १. केही खबर

## (क) गोमांस अयातमा पूर्ण र्रतिबन्ध

श्री $x$ को सरकारते नेपाल श्रधिराज्यमा विदेशबाट गाईगोरको मानु ल्याएर बेन्न सख्त मनाइ गरेको कुरा थाहा भएको छ। कसंले यस नियमको उल्लंघन गरेमा तिनीहरूप्रति कडा कारवही गरिने कुरा स्थानीय प्रशासनले जनाएको छ । स्मरणीय छ नेवालको कानून अनुसार गोवध गर्ने व्यक्तिलाई १२ वर्ष कैंद गरिने व्यवस्था छ।
(माष २०३१ को ‘क्यापार प्रवर्द्टन समाचार सेवा’ बाट)

## (ख) श्ञाही भ्रमण

 भारतका राष्ट्रपति श्री भी. भी. गिरीको मैत्रीपूर्ण निमन्च्रणमा भारतको एक हप्ताव्यापी राजकीय भ्रमण गरिबक्सन ग्राज दिउँसो १२ बजेर ३ॅ मिनेट जाँदा नयाँ दिल्ली सवारी होइबक्सँदा मौसूफहहको भव्य स्वागत भयो।

दिल्लीको विमानस्थलमा मौसूफहरूको स्वगत भारतका राब्ट्रपति श्री भी.भी. गिरीले गर्नु भएको थियो। मौसूफहुको स्वागत दर्शन गर्न प्रधानमन्त्री श्रीमती इन्दिरा गन्धी, भारतीय मन्न्रिण्डलका सदस्पहहू, दिल्लीका मेयर, दिल्लीस्थित विभिन्न देश का कूटनंतिक प्रतिनिधिहर तथा ठृलो संख्यामा संनिक तथा गैरसैनिक उच्च अधिकारीहरू उपस्थित हुनुहुन्थ्यो।

श्री $y$ महाराजाधिराज नयाँ दिल्ली विमानस्थलमा विशेष विमानबाट ओलबक्सनासाय मौसूफको सम्मानमा २१ तोपको सलामी टक्र्याइएको थियो। सो अवसरमा नेपाल तथा भारतका राष्ट्रिय धूनहहू बजाइएका थिए र श्री प महाराजाधिराजबाट विमानस्थलमा अयोजित समारोहमा सम्मानगारतको निरीक्षण गरिबक्सेको थियो। नयाँ दिल्लीको विमानस्थलमा आयोजित भव्य

स्वागन समारोह्पछि मोगूफहल भारतका रास्ट्रपनि ध्री गिरी तथा प्रधानमन्त्री श्रीमती गान्ध्धीका साय राष्ट्रपति भवन मवारी होइबक्स्यो।

श्री 4. महाराजाधिराजबाट दिल्ली को पालम विमानस्थलमा आयोजित स्वागन समारोहमा राष्ट्रपति श्री भी.भी. गिरीते दिनुभएकों ख्वागत भापणको प्रत्युत्तरमा भारतका राष्ट्रपति श्री भी. भी. निरी, प्रधानमन्त्री धिंमनी डद्दिरा गान्धी र भारतका अरू वरिष्ट प्रतिनिधिहहसँँग अपसी हितका कुरहत्स्मा मैंत्रीपूर्ण विचारको आदानप्रदानबाट नेपाल र भारतसरकार बीचको ममझदारी गहम हुने आशा व्यक्त गरिबक्पेको छ।

मौसूफको भ्रमणमा विभिन्न क्षे त्रका भारतीय मिन्रहइ सेंग भेटधाटको अवसर मिल्ने गरी भारतसरकाराट कार्यकम बनेको कुरा उल्लेख गरिबक्सँदंद श्री प. महाराजाधिराजबाट यस भ्रमणबाट दुई देशका बीच रहेको मुग्वद र ऐेतिहासिक मौत्री सम्बन्ध अभ बढी हुने हार्दिक अग्गा लिइबक्षेको कुरा उत्नेख गरिबक्सियो। (मार्ग २०छ० कों 'भिकार' बाट)

## २. सम्पादकीय

## लोकगीत

गीत सबैको निम्ति प्रिय र मधुर हुन्छ। यसरी सज्ञैलाई मीठो तुल्याउनमा गीतका केही विरोषताहरू छन्। खास रूपमा भन्ने हो भने मानिसलाई चिन्ता, टण्टा, भंक् ः वेदनाबाट छुटकारा दिने तया मनका भावना पोःनने यसका विशेषताहरते ने गीत हामी सबैको निम्ति प्रिय र मधुर बनेको छ। गीत धेर तरीकांन गाइन्छ र यसको अनन्द्द पनि हामी विभिन्न तवरले लिन्छौं। यसो भए तार्पनि शास्त्रीय, आधुनिक र लोकका रुपमा गीतलाई मुख्यतः तीन प्रकारमा बाँडिन्छ । गीतका उपर्युक्त तीन रूपमध्ये लोकगीत नँ बढ़ चलनचल्तीमा आउने गीत हो। पहाड, लेक, वन, फाँट र टोल टोलमा व्यापक हुने लोकगीतको आपनै महत्व छ। वास्तवमा भन्ने हो भने संगीतको विकासक्रममा लोकगीत नैँ पहिले देखा पर्दछ र लोकगीतको प्रेरणा नपाई सम्पूर्ण हूपले संगीतको उन्नति पनि हुन राक्तंन। यसकारण लोकगीतके सुधारिएको रूप र राष्ट्रिय रूप आधुनिक गीत हो भनेमा पनि फरक नपर्ला।

लोकगीत ठाउँ ठाउँमा बेग्लाबेग्लँ ढंग, शैली र लयका हुने हुँदा समषिटरूपमा राष्ट्रिय र आधुनिक गीतको आवश्यकता पर्छ। यसो भए तार्पनि लोकगीतको महत्व राष्ट्रिय रूपले पनि उत्तिक ठूलो हुन्छ। लोकगीतको माध्यमले एक ठाउँलाई अर्को ठाउँसित सम्बन्ध कायम गराउन र गर्न सकिन्छ भने त्यसबाट ठाउँ ठाउँका सांस्कृतिक झलक देखाउन पनि उत्तिकैं सजिलो पर्दछ। मान्छेको

स्वभाव नै करतो हुन्छ भने ऊ एक प्रकारको वातावरणसित मात्र सन्तुष्ट हुन्न । नौलो नौलो र नयाँ नयाँ कुराको खोजी गर्ने एवं एकभन्दा अक्को चाह्ना राखने मान्छेको हृदयलाई विभिन्न ठाँउका लोकगीतबाट अझ आनन्द मिल्दछ ।
(अधिवन २०२ह को 'भंकारे' बाट)

## Vocabulary

पत्रपत्रिका n : पत्र + पर्पत्रका : पत्रपत्रिका : newspapers and journals; पत्र : newspaper; पiंत्रका : magazine, periodical, journal

भाषा $n$ : language
केही adj : some
खबर n : message, news
गोमांस n : becf; गो + माँस : गो : cow; माँस : meat
ग्रायात n : import, bringing into the country; syn. पैठारी
पूर्ण adj : full, complete
प्रतिबन्ध n : embargo, prohibition, ban
श्री \& को सरकार $n$ : His Majesty's Government of Nepal; lit. government of the king; श्री $y$ : five times blessed, five times fortunate; title held by the members of the Nepalese royal family

ग्रधिराज्य n : kingdom, state ruled by a king
faदेश n : foreign lands, abroad
गाईगोरको मासू $n$ : meat of cows and bulls, beef; गाई : cow; गोरा : bull

स स्त मनाइ गरेको pc: prohibited strongly
थाहा भएको छ cw : has been known, is known, has come to be known
fनयमको उल्लंघन n : disobeying of rule; lit. crossing over the rule; fनयम : rule; उललंघन : crossing over. going beyond
प्रीत pp: toward, to
कडा कारवाही $\operatorname{adj}+\mathrm{n}:$ harsh treatment, hard punishment; कडा harsh, hard; कारवाहो or कार्वाहो or कार्वाइ : treatment, dealing स्यानीय प्रशासन $a d j+n$ : local administration, regional administration
जनाएको छ vt : has made it known, has expressed; जनाउनु
स्मरणोय av: memorable, reminding
कानून n : law
गोवध $n$ : killing of a cow
व्यक्ति $n$ : human being, individual
कैद n : captivity, imprisonment
व्यवस्था $n$ : arrangement
माघ $n$ : tenth Nepalese month (January-February)
२०३? : विकम सम्वत् २०३१: 1974 according to the Christian era प्रबर्दन n : growth

समाचार n : news, message; alt sp समचार or सम्चार
आाही adj : royal, related to the king
ऊ्रमण n : tour, trip, travel
ग्रसोज $n$ : ग्रर्तिवन : sixth Nepalese month (September-October) गते $n$ : day of the month, date, day according to the solar calendar
श्रो $y$ महाराजाधिराज $n$ : the title of the Nepalese king; lit. five times blessed or fortunate king of kings
श्री $y$ बडामहारानी $n$ : wife of the Nepalese king; बडा adj : masculine gender/plural for respect; great, eldest; महारानी
great queen; grammatically बडामहारानी is correct, because बडा, the plural of feminine बडो is used here for respect. Other examples of this kind of use are जेठामहारानीं (first great queen), माहिलामहारानी (second great queen), कान्छामहारानी (youngest of the queens), etc. Feminine singular forms of जेठा, माहिला and कान्छा are जेठो, माहिली and कान्छी respectively.

राष्ट्रपति n : president, highest post in a republic
मैत्रीपूर्ण adj : friendly, full of friendship
निमन्त्रणा $n$ : invitation
हप्ताव्यापो adj: week-long; हप्ता : week; syn. सपताह; ब्यापी : extending, covering

राजकीय adj : state(ly), relating to the government or state
गरिबक्सन pc : royal form of speech equivalent to गर्न : in order to do

दिउ" सी av : at the day time
१२ बजेर ३弓 मिनेट जाँदा av: while it was twelve and thiry-eight minutes; $१ २$ बजेर: after striking twelve; $३ \begin{aligned} & \text { मिनेट जाँदा : }\end{aligned}$ while going thirty-eight minutes

सवारी होइबक्सँदा av : while going, while visiting (royal form of speech); सवारी n : this word is used to indicate 'visit', 'coming', 'going', etc. of persons of the royal family; lit. riding, carrier; होडबक्सँदा is equivalent to हुँदा : while being

कूटनैतिक adj : diplomatic
प्रतिनिधिहरु n : representatives
नयाँ दिल्ली n : New Delhi, the capital of India
दिल्लीस्थित adj : situated or located in Delhi

मोपूकहस pn : they; मौसूक : he or she (pronoun reserved for the royal family)
भє्य adj : grand, stately, magnificent
स्वागत $n$ : welcome, reception, ovation
स्वागत दर्शान गर्न av: for receiving respectfully; स्वागत दर्शान is used for royalty or members of the royal family
प्रधानमन्त्री n : Prime Minister
श्रोमती adj : Mrs., the title used before the names of married women
मी. त्रमण्डल n : मन्त्री + मण्डल : र्मन्त्रमण्डल : council of ministers; मन्त्री : minister

सदस्यहर n : members
सैनिक adj : military, of the army; सेना : army
गरससंनिक adj : non-military, civil
उच्च ग्रधिकारीहसू $\operatorname{adj}+\mathrm{n}:$ high ranking officials
उपस्थित हुनुहुन्थ्यो vi : were present
fिमानस्यल $n$ : airport
fिरोष anj : special
fिमान n : airplane
श्रोलिलक्सनासाथ av : royal form equivalent to श्रोलिनासाथ : as soon as (he) landed, as soon as (he) came down; श्रोलिनु : to come down, to step down
$=?$ तोपको सलामी n : iwenty-one gun salute; तोप : big gun, cannon: सलामी : salute

ट क्याइएको $\mathrm{pc}:$ offered
सो ग्रवसरमा av : on that occasion
राष्ट्रिय धूहस् adj +n : national anthems; धून : tune

बजाइएका pc: were played (on musical instruments)
श्रायोजित adj : arranged, organized
समारोह $n$ : ceremony
सम्मानगारत n : guard of honor
निरीक्षण 11 : inspection
गरिबक्सेको pc : royal form equivalent to गरेको : done
राष्ट्रपति भवन n : Presidential Building
सवारी होइबक्स्यो vi : royal form for गयो : went
प्रत्युत्तर $n$ : reply; response
वरिष्ट adj : respectable, honored
ग्रापसी adj : mutual
हित $n$ : benefit, advantage
विचार $n$ : thought, opinion, point of view
ग्रादानप्रदान $n$ : exchange, receiving and giving
समभदारी $n$ : understanding
गहन adj : deep
ग्राभा व्यक्त गरिबक्सेको pc : royal form for ग्राशा ह्यक्त गरेको: expressed h.ope
fमत्रहरु n : friends
भेटघाट n : meeting, interview
कार्यकम $n$ : schedule, programme
उल्ले ख गरिबकसँदे cw : royal form for उल्लेख गदैँ : referring
सुखद adj : happy; lit. happiness-producing
ऐतिहानिक adj : historical; इतिहास n : history
सम्बन्ध n : relation
हाfदक adj : cordial, hearty

लिइबबसेको pc : royal form for लिएको : taken
मार्ग n : मंसोर or मडू० सोर or मार्गंशीष्ष : eighth Nepalese month (November-December)

सम्पादकीय adj : editorial
लोकगोत $n$ : folksong
गोत 1n: song
प्रिय adj : dear, beloved
मधुर adj : soft and sweet, of pleasant taste
मीठो adj : sweet, of pleasant taste
तुल्याउनमा av : in order to make; all forms तुल्याउन or तुल्याउनामा: तुल्याउनु
विशेषताहरू $n$ : characteristics, attributes, qualities, specialities खास रूपमा भन्ने हो भने $a v$ : if it is to be said particularly, if it is to be said specifically

चिन्ता $n$ : anxiety, worry
टन्टt n : unnecessary burden or care
भन्भ⿰ट $n$ : concern, worry, anxiety, unnecessary burden
वेदना n :agony, anguish, torment
छुट्कारा n : relief, redemption release
मनका भावना $n$ : emotion;, temperaments, dispositions of the mind; मन : mind

पोरिनने adj : lit. pouring. flowing out: expressing
तरीकाले $n+p p$ : in ways; तरीका : way
गाइन्छ vi : is sung
ग्रानन्द $n$ : pleasure, delight
तवरले $n+p p$ : in ways; तवर : way

शास्त्रोय adj : classical
ग्राधुनिक adj : modern
मुस्यत: av : chiefly, mainly
प्रकार $n$ : kind, sort, lype
बाँडिन्छ vi : is shared, is classified, is divided
उपर्यु क्त av: above-mentioned
रूप मध्ये $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : among forms; रूप : form; मध्ये : among
चलनचल्तीं n: use, practice, usage, prevalence
लेक $n$ : highland
फाँट $n$ : plain, open area
टोल टोलमा $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{f} \mathrm{pp}$ : in different streets of the town; टोल. street of a town

ध्यापक adj: widespread
संगीत n: music
fिकासकमा $n+p p$ : in the regular development; \{विकास development; कम : series

देखा पर्दछ $n+$ vi : appears, comes to be scen; alt form देखिन्छ or देखा पर्छ

प्रेरणा $n$ : inspiration, incentive
सम्पूर्णन्तैरूपले av : completely, fully
उन्न्नत $n$ : progress, advancement, improvement
यसकारण cj : therefore, for that reason
सुधाराएएको adj : reformed, remodelled
भनेमा परि av: lit. in saying also, if it is said so
फरक नपर्ला $n+\mathrm{vi}$ : no change may appear, may not be wrong (to say so)

बेग्लाबेगेग्लं adj : completely different
दंग n : style, way, manner, skial
लयका $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : of tunes; लय n : tunc
हुने हुँदा av - because of the it being
समीठ्टरुपमा cw : taken collectively
-ग्रावइयकता पछछ $n+v i$ : is needed, is required; अ्रावइयकता $n:$ need; पंछ : falls

उत्तिक ठुलो av : as big as, as important as, as great as
गराउन av : to make someone do. to put someone to do. गराउनु
गन av : to do: गनु
सांस्कृतिक adj : cultural; संस्कृति $n$ : culture
भलक n : scene, spectacle, view. picture
सजिलो adj : easy
पर्दछ vi : happens, falls; सजिलो पर्दंछ : can be easily donc; alt sp पछ

स्वभाव n : character, nature
वातावरण n : atmosphere, environment
सन्तुष्ट adj : satisfied, content, pleased
हुन्न vi : हुँदैन : does not become; हुनु : to be, to become
नौलो नौलो adj : strangely new; नौलो : new, strange
खोजी n : search, seeking
एवं cj : and; syn. र, तथा, ग्रौ, ग्र्रनि, etc.: alt sp एववम्

एकभन्दा श्रके adj : not only one, other than just one
चाहना : desire, craving, longing
हुदय n : heart
भिल्दछ vi : मिल्छ : is received, is gotten; ममलनु : to get, to find ग्राशिवन n : श्रसोज or ग्रसौज : sixth Nepalese month (SeptemberOctober)

## Lesson 12

## शाही सम्बोधन

＇विजया दशमी＇को उपलक्ष्यमा २०₹० ग्रसेज २० गतं »्रो भ महाराजाधिराज वीरेन्द्र वीर विऋम शाहदेवबाट गाट्र्रका नाममा सन्देश．．．
प्यारा देशवासीहरू，
ग्रीष्म ग्वर्पापछि सुमधुर शारद्को ञ्रानन्दमय वातावर्ण निई ग्राज फेनि नेपालीको घर््राँगनमा विजया दर्गमीको राधित्रि पर्व ग्राटदूंगेको छ। ग्राजको ग्यस पर्वमा ₹वदेग वा विदेशमा च्हेका सम्पूर्ण नेपालीढ़को साथै जहाँसुक रहे त्रसेञ्र भए पनि समम्त हिन्दू जगतका निवारीतहरूद्रंति शुभकामना व्यक्त गर्न
 तापनि त्यस्ता समस्याहरूको निराकरण गरी ग्रनादिकालदेखि नं विजया दशमीले निरन्तर रूपमा नेपाली जातिलाई ग्रसह्यमाथिं सत्यको विजय हुन्छ भन्ने ठूलो मनोवल र विश्वास प्रदान गरी करंत्य पयमा ग्रग्रसर पाॅँद त्याएको छ र्यसं विइवासबाट नेपाली समाज युगौंदेविव संचालित हुँदँ अएएको छ।

विजया दगामी末ो पर्व मा हैंत्रो आफनैपन，ग्राफनँ परमपरा र हिन्द्रत्वको गौरव छ। झ्राधुनिकता यस युगको माग हो तर ग्रायुनिकताको लक्ष्यतिर ग्रगाडि बढ्दा नेपालीले ग्राफ्नोपनबाट कतं बाटो नमुल्ली ग्राफनो पग्प्पराको महान ग्रादर्श र नेपाली ग्रार̄मालाई दह्रो पार्द ग्रग्रसर हुनुपछ ।

यस शुभ उपलक्ष्यमा श्री नवदुगर् भवानीले प्रत्येक नेपालीलाई छत्त रोत्त र सुख， समृद्धि र सफलता प्रदान गरून्। यही हा त्रो गुभकामना छ।

2
 हुनु ग्रगाडि २०३० भदौं $ใ=$ गते श्री $火$ मह्राराजाधिराज वीरेन्द्र वीर विक्रम गाहैदेववा己 देगवार्सीको नाममा मंन्देग．．．

व्याग देशवासीच्रह
नेपाल र नेपालीको निरन्तर हित्त नै हाम्रों एकमात्र चिन्ताका विपय भएकले यता केही़ समयदेखि हॉगीले नियमित रूपमा स्वदेग़को भ्रमण गदें अ्वाएका हौं तापनि ग्रसंलग्नता हाम्रो परराएट्ट्र नीतिको मूल ग्राधार भएको हुँदा ग्राज हामी ग्रल्जेरियाका राष्ट्रपति महाएमहिम हुआरी बुमेदिनको निमन्त्रणामा ग्र्ज्जीयसंमा तुने ग्रसंलग्न राष्ट्रहुक्रो गिख्वर सम्मेलनमा भाग लिन करीब एक हत्ताका निमित्त ल्यहाँाँ जाँदँ छौं।

दुइ ठूला मिन्रराष्ट्रहर्तका बीचमा म्रवस्थित हाम्रो जस्तो भूपरिवेटित देशको निमित्तअसंलग्नताको के कति महृव्व छ र श्रसंलग्न राट्ट्रहु स़ो शिखर सम्मेलनबाट विश्वशाரंत्तको दिशामा के कति योगदान हुन सकछ भन्ने कुरा कुने पनि चेतनशोल व्यक्तिबाट छिपेको छैन। असंलग्नताको माध्यमबाट नै विश्वशान्तिको पक्षमा योगदान पुरचाउन सकिन्ब गन्ने नेपालको दृढनीति रहिग्राएकोले यस सन्मेलनमा हाप्मी ग्राफँले नेपाली प्रतिनिधिमण्डलको नेतृंव्व गरी त्यसतर्फ जान लागेका हौं। देशवासींहुर्को सद्भावना र झुभेच्छाबाट हाम्रो यस प्रतिनिधिमण्डलले आपनं। उद्देशय हाएसित्न गर्नमा सफलता पाउने $\begin{aligned} & \text { भन्ने हामीलाई ग्राशा छ। }\end{aligned}$

हाम्रो ग्रनुपस्थितिमा देगको संविधान, ऐन कानून र. नीति नियम बदोधजम दैनिक ग़ासन र विकास कार्यंहृहको संचालन गर्न-गराउन्म मन्त्रपरिपद् छैदँद छ। त्यस अवधिमा हामीले गर्नु पर्ने कामके ग्रभभभारा वहृंन गर्न हाप्रो उत्तराधिकारी नानी छोरा भी $x$ युवराजाधिराज दीपेन्द्र वीर विक्रम शाहादेव बाल्यावस्थामा नै रत्काकले हामीने हढाम्रा भाइ श्री 4 ग्रधिराजकुमार ज्ञानेन्द्र वीर विकम गाहको ग्रध्यक्षतामा एक राजप्रतिनिधि परिषद् गठन गरिबक्सेका छौं। विशवास छ, हाप्रो ग्रनुपस्थितिमा मनित्रिपरिषद्को साथे पंच, निजामती कर्मंचारी, शाही़ी सेना र प्रहरीका साथै समस्त राए्द्रियेवक, साहृमहाजन, सन्तमहन्त, विद्यार्थी, भिक्षक ₹ बुद्धिजीवी लगायत सबै देग़वासीहलले देशमा ग्रमनच्चन कायम राखी विकासको गतिलाई ग्रनि बढाउन श्रा-प्रापनो क्षे तबाट सक्दो योगदान गर्नेछन् ।

श्री पगुपनिनाथने हाप्मी मवैंको कल्याण गहून् !

> जय नेपाल !

## Vocabulary

सम्बोधन $n:$ address, discourse, talk
fिजया दशामी n : tenth and the main day of Dasain festival; ' उजया

दशमी is literally the tenth day according to the lunar calendar when victory is rejoiced. It is said that Ram killed Ravan, and Ram's victory over the forces of evil with the help of Goddess Durga is celcbrated every year.

उपलक्ष्य $n$ : auspicious occasion
सन्देश $n$ : message
प्यारा adj : dear, beloved
देशावासोहरू $n$ : countrymen
ग्रोष्म $n$ : summer
वर्षा $n$ : rainy season.
सुमधुर adj : pleasant and soft
शारद् n : autumn, fall
ग्रानन्दमय adj : pleasant, delightful
घरग्राँगनमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in the yards of houses, among the houses
स्वदेश 11 : one's own country
जहाँसुकँ av: wherever
रहे बसेका भए परि cw : remained and stayed also, might be staying or living

निवासोहरूप्रनि $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{pp}$ : to the inhabitants; निवासी n : dweller, inhabitant

शुभ कामना n : good wishes
व्यक्त pc : expressed, said
हामी हाषत छौं cw : (regal plural; the king uses in his speech plural form of first person to indicate himself) we are glad
हामीकहाँ $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}$ : with us; alt forms हात्रामा, हाम्रोमा, हामीकामा, हामीकोमा

वा cj : or

समस्याहस 11 : problems
नभएका होइनन् $\mathrm{pe}+\mathrm{vi}$ : are not non-existing; are very much there; नभएका : not happening, not existing; होइनन् : are not
ताप्रन cj : yet, even then
निराकरण गरी $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{nf}$ : having removed; having solved; fनराकरण गर्नु : to remove, to neutralize, to make disabled, to solve
अ्रनादि कालदेबब av : from times immemorial, since long ago
निरन्तर हुगमा av: regularly, in a regular way; fनरन्तर : continuous, regular
जर्गत n : nation, community
घ्रसहृ्य n : falsehood
सत्य n : truth, truthfulness
विजय n : victory, triumph
मनोबल n : strength of mind, mental capacity
प्रदान गरी $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{nf}$ : having given; प्रदान गर्नु : to give, to bestow
कर्तंब्यपथ : path of duty; कर्तव्य + पथ : कर्तंव्य : duty; पथ : path, way अ्यम्रस पादैं ल्यएकोो छ cw : has gone on leading (us), has gone on putting (us) forward

युगौैदेखि $\mathrm{r}+\mathrm{pp}$ : since ages; युग + ग्रौं + दे Ca : युग : age, epoch; •्रों : suffix of emphasis and plurality; देखि : from, since

संचालित pc : moved, opcrated
ग्रापनैपन n : one's own quality, one's own way of life, one's own special characteristics

परस्परा n : tradition, convention, heritage
fहन्दूत्वको गौरब n : pride and glory of Hinduism, richness of the Hindu tradition

ग्राधुनिकता n: mcdernity

माग n : demand, wish
लक्ष्य n : goal, destination
नभुली nf without forgetting: न + भुलो : न : not: भुली : having forgotten; भुल्नु : to forget
\#्रादर्शा $n$ : ideal
ग्राह्मा n : soul, spirit
दह्नो adj : strong
शुभ उप लक्ष्यमा $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}:$ in the auspicious occasion
श्रोनवदुर्गभ वानी n : Goddess Mother Durga
प्रत्येक pn : each, every, each one, every one
उत्तरोत्तर av: without break, without any hindrance, regularly and continuously

समृद्धि $n$ : prosperity, opulence
सफलता n : success
प्रदान गरून् hortative : let (her) grant, let (him or her) offer or give or bestow

हाम्रो pn . regal plural; our
ग्रसंलग्न adj : non-aligned, neutral, taking no sides
चौथो adj : fourth
fिखर सम्मेलन n : Summit Conference; fशखर : top of a mountain, summit; सम्मेलन : conference, meeting, gathering

भाग fलन av : in order to participate
सवारो हुनु झ्रगाडि av : before going, before leaving for (the destination); regal form of expression for जानु श्रगाड़

भदौ $n$ : fifth Nepalese month (August-September)
एक मात्र av : the only, only one

हामीले $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}$ : by us; regal use of plural
निर्यमित रूपमा av: regularly; lit. according to rules: निर्यमित adj : regular, based on rule

प रराष्ट्र नीति n : foreign policy
मूल श्राधार $\mathrm{adj}+\mathrm{n}$ : fundamental basis, main basis
महारहमि pn: His Excellency, Your Excellency; diplomatic term

करीब av: approximately, about, nearly
मित्र राषट्रहरु n : friendly countries, friendly states, states having friendly diplomatic relations

ग्रवस्थित pc : situated, located
भूपfरवेषिटत adj : land-locked, surrounded by land mass, having no access to the sea

श्रसंलग्नता n : non-alignment, neutrality
विशवशार्तिको दिशामा cw : in the direction of world peace; towards achieving world peace; विश्वशान्ति $n$ : world peace; दिशा $n$ : direction, course

योगदान n : contribution
चेतनशोल adj : conscious, sensible
छिपेको छंन $\mathrm{pc}+\mathrm{vi}:$ is not concealed, is not hidden; fछिनु : लुक्नु : to hide

पक्षमा $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{pp}$ : in favor of
दढ नीति adj +n : strong policy
हामी श्राफैंले pn : royal plural; we ourselves
प्रनिनिधिमण्डल $n$ : council of representatives, delegation
नेतृंत्व गरी $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{nf}$ : by leading; नेतृत्व : leadership; गरी : by doing
सद्भावना n : good feeling

शुभेंच्छा n : good wishes
उद्देइय n: aim, goal, target
हासिल गर्नमा cw : in achieving, हरास्तल गनूं : to achieve
हाम्रो ग्रनुप स्थिततमा cw : regal plural; in our absence, when we are away

संंवधान n : constitution
ऐनकानून $n$ : laws; ऐन +कानून : ऐन : law; कानून : law; ऐनकानून : code of laws

नीtति नियम n : policies and rules, rules and regulations
बमोजिम av : accordingly
दैनिक adj : daily, day to day
शासन nl : administration
विकासकार्य $n$ : developmental work
संचालन $n$ : carrying out, conducting, practice, operation
मन्त्र्पपरिषद् n : council of ministers
हूँदे छ vi : is already there, is no doubt existing there
श्रभिभारı n : responsibility, accountability
वहन गर्न av : in order to shoulder, to take up the charge of
उत्तराधिकारी n : heir, successor
नानी $n$ : baby, beloved expression for a young person
श्री 5 युवराजाधिराज n : crown prince, the eldest son of the king
बाल्यावस्था $n$ : childhood
हाम्रा भाइ $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{n}$ : royal plural; our younger brother
श्री 5 ग्रधिराजकुमार n : title for the king's brother
श्रध्यक्षता $n$ : chairmanship
राजप्रतिनिधि परिषद् n : royal council, king's council

गठन गरिबक्सेका छौं cw : royal form for गठन गरेको छु; we have constituted, we have formed; गठन गर्नु : to make, to constitute, to form
qंच $n$ : village representative, representative of localities
शाही सेना n : royal army, king`s army
राष्ट्रसेकक $n$ : servant of the nation
साहमहाजन n : merchants and the rich traders; सहू +महाजन : सनह : merchant; महाजन : rich peason (trader)
सन्तमहन्त n : hermits and those who have renounced material pleasure

विद्यार्थी n : student
रिक्षक n : teacher
बुद्धिजीवी $n$ : intellectuall, intelligentsia
लगायत $\mathrm{av} \cdot$ including
ग्रमनचैन n : peace and happiness; ग्रमन : peace; चँन : happiness
कायम राखी $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{nf} \cdot$ keeping or preserving as it exists
गति n : speed, velocity
ग्राम्र्र।पनो adj : ग्रापनोग्रापनो : of everyone's own
सकदो adj : as much as one can, as much as one is capable of कल्याण गरन् hortative : let (her) bring good fortune, let (her) bestow good
जय नेपाल slogan : victory to Nepal

## Abbreviations

| aj, adj | $:$ | adjective or adjectival |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| av, adv | $:$ | adverb or adverbial |
| alt form | $:$ | alternative form |
| alt sp | $:$ | alternative spelling |
| cj | $:$ | conjunction |
| cn ple | $:$ | conjunctive participle |
| comp | $:$ | compare the word(s) of the same meaning or |
|  |  | related word(s) |
| cw | $:$ | compound word or combination of words |
| ex | $:$ | example |
| fem | $\cdot$ | feminine gender |
| id | $:$ | idiom |
| int | $:$ | interjection |
| mas, masc $:$ | masculine gender |  |
| n | $:$ | noun |
| nf | $:$ | non-finite verb |
| pc | $:$ | participle |
| ple | $:$ | particle |
| pn | $:$ | pronoun |
| pp | $:$ | post position |
| syn | $:$ | synonym |
| v | $:$ | verb |
| v | $:$ | verb intransitive |
| vi | $:$ | verb transitive |
| vt |  |  |

## Vocabulary

## घ

श्रक्कली adj : wise, intelligent, clever
भ्रगाfड adv : (1) ago, before
(2) in front, forward; syn. प्रधि

अ्रग्रसर n : foreward, leading; ग्रग्रसर पार्नु : to lead forward, tc push onward, to effect forward movement

श्रfघ adv: (1) ago, before
(2) forward; alt sp. ग्रनि ; syn. ग्रणाडि; ग्रघि पर्नु /ग्रधि बड्नु : to progress, to go forward; ग्रघि पान्नु/ग्रधि बढाउनु : to place at the forward position; ग्रघि सनु : to come forward, to move forward, to become ready

ग्रधिल्तिर adv : in front of, toward the front side
श्र्रंकित adj : recorded, engraved
尹्रचेल adv: nowadays, these days, at the present times; syn. ग्राजमोलि, हिजोश्राज, ग्राजकाल and ग्राजकल ; ग्राज : today; हिजो : yesterday; भोलि : tomorrow; काल : time

भ्र्रछूत n : untouchable, of the lowest caste
झ्रभ쿠 adv : more, again more, still more; 尹्रभ + ऐ; syn. भन
श्रटाउनु vi : to fit inside, to be contained in, to be accommodated स्रटएएको pc : contained in, accommodated; see ग्रटाउनु
श्रठतीस adj : thirty-eight
श्रुार adj : eighteen
ग्रडिएकाले $\mathrm{pc}+\mathrm{pp}$ : because of being based on; see प्रडिनु
श्र्रडिनु vi : to be based on, to depend on; comp. ग्रड्याउनु vt : to cause to be fixed, to cause to hang on, to cause to depend

श्र्ड्डा n : governmental office, administrative office, office
ग्रदालत n : court, judicial office
ग्र्धिकारी n : officer, official
ग्रधिरान्य $n$ : kingdom, state ruled by a king
अ्रध्यक्षता $n$ : chairmanship; 尹्रध्यक्ष $n$ : chairman, chairperson; comp. श्रध्यक्षा fem.

ग्रनादिकाल $n$ : times immemorial, long ago
ग्रनुपस्थिति n : absence; antonym उपस्थ्थित : presence
ग्रनुरोध n : request, beseaching imploring: केही कुराको (मा) ग्रनुरोध गर्नु : to make a request for something
घ्रनुसार pp . according to
ग्रनेक adj : many; lit. not one
ग्रनेकों adj : ग्रनेक + ग्रों : ग्रनेक : many; —श्रों : suffix of emphasis and plurality

ग्रन्दाजी adv : approximately, nearly
अंध्यारो adj . dark; ग्रँध्यारो मुख : sad face. disappointed look, dejected appearance

अ्रन्न n : grain, crop, foodgrain
अ्रन्योल n : dilemma, quandary
श्रवर्भंट adv : suddenly
श्रपार adj : which cannot be crossed, great
ग्र्रनभारा $n$ : responsibility, accountability
ग्रमनचैन in : peace and happiness; ग्रमन : peace: चैन : happiness, prosperity, comfort

ग्रहु adj : other
श्रर्ती $n$ : advice, admonition, guidance

ग्रलिप्र्रलि adv : a little, somewhat; प्र्रलि or ग्र्यलक or श्र्रलिकति : a small amount; the repetition of ग्राल is for emphasis
ग्र्रलिक adv : slightly, a little bit, a bit more; syn. श्रलि
श्रत्छे adj : lazy, idle; श्रल्छो लाग्नु : to feel lethargy; श्रल्छो गन्नु : เ० be idle

ग्रवस र n : occasion, chance, moment
ग्रवस्था n : condition, situation
ग्रवस्थित adj : situated, located
ग्रसत्य $n$ : falsehood; antonym सत्य : truth; syn. of सत्र्य : साँचो; syn. of श्रसत्य : भूटो, ढाँट कुरो

ग्रसाध्यँ adv : very much; श्र + साध्य + ऐ : श्र : not; साध्य : which is possible or can be done; syn. ग्रोधि ने, ग्रत्यन्तन, ज्यादै, ग्रति नै, चौपट्टे

ग्रसौज $n$ : ग्रारिवन : sixth Nepalese month (September-October)
श्रसँलग्न adj : non-aligned, neutral, taking no sides, having no military pacts

ग्रसं लग्नता n : non-alignment, neutrality
ग्रहिलेको ग्रहिल्ये $a d v$ : in no time; ग्रहहले : now; ग्रहिले + ऐ : ग्रहित्ये : immediately, instantly, presently

श्रह्नाजनु vt : to order, to command, to tell (someone) to do: कसैलाई श्रह्नाउनु : to order someone

श्रह्नाएको pc : ordered, commanded; see श्रह्नाउ नु

## ग्रा

श्रास्राफ्नो adj : अ्याफ्नोत्राफ्नो : of everyone's own; श्राफ्नो : one`s own: repetition of ग्राफ्नो is for emphasis and plurality: alt forms श्राफग्राफ्नो, ग्राफाफ्नो

श्राइज hortative : alt form श्रा : non-honorific singular of श्राउनु vi :
to come; श्राइज lit. go by coming (rarely श्राइजा)
श्राइपुग्नु vi : to arrive; lit. to reach by coming
ग्राईमाई n : woman; syn. स्वास्नोमन्छे, नारी, महिला
श्राउनु vi : to come
श्राकार n : shape, form
ग्राभ्रण n : attack, invasion
श्राक्रमणकारी n : invader, aggressor, marauder
श्राँखा n : eye; श्राँखा गाड्नु id : to look at someone or something
with a deep desire to possess, to like very much
ग्राँगन n : yard, the front of the house; alt sp . श्राङन
ग्राज adv : today; ग्राजको adj : modern, that which exists today
श्रातथा int : word to express burning pain; comp. ग्राच्छ् int : word to express unbearable cold

ग्रात्मा n : soul, spirit
श्रादर्शा n : ideal
ग्रादानप्रदान n : exchange, receiving and giving, give and take ग्रादि ple : etc., and so on: syn. इत्याद्रद

श्राधा adj : half: alt form श्राधी
श्राधार $n$ : basis, foundation; syn. जग
ग्राधी adj : half: alt form श्रiधा
श्राधुनिक adj : modern, up to date, of new times
श्र्रधुनिकता $n$ : modernity
श्रानन्द $n$ : pleasure, joy, delight
श्रानन्दमय adj : pleasant, delightful, joyful

श्रानीबानी $n$ : habit; श्रानी + बानी : बानी : habit, behavior; ग्रानी : meaningless prefix of बानो
श्राँधी n : storm, tempest, gale; ग्राँधी ग्रोइरिन/चल्नु : blowing of the storm: syn. ग्राँधीबेरी, ग्राँधीबेहेरी, ग्राँधीहुरी, ग्राँधीबतास, हुरोबतास, हुरी and हुन्डरी

ग्रापसो pn : oblique form of ग्राफ : self; ग्रापसमा : between one another; among ourselves, yourselves or themselves; syn. श्रापस्तमा : and श्राफ श्राफमा

ग्रापसो adj : mutual, of one another
श्राफू pn : self, oneself
ग्राप्ना adj : own, one's own; oblique or plural of ग्राप्नो
ग्रापनाग्राप्ने adj : their own, their own separately
ग्रापनु adj : own, one's own; alt sp. अ्राफ्नो
ग्राप्नोपन n : one' own quality, one's own way of life, one's own special characteristic

श्राप्नो adj : own, one's own; alt sp. ग्रापनु
अ्रामे n : grandmother, old woman; syn. बज्ये, हजुरग्रामा, ₹िग्रामा
अ्रायात $n$ : import, bringing into the country; syn. पेठारी; antonym निकासी : export

ग्रायु $n$ : age, life-span
ग्रायोजित adj : arranged, organized
ग्रार्त n : sufferer, one in acute pain, afflicted, distressed
ग्रार्य n : Aryan race
ग्राली $n$ : ridge dividing rice fields; ग्राली लाउन/लगाउनु : to construct a ridge or terrace to divide the rice fields
झ्रावइयकता n : need, necessity, want; ग्रावइयकता पर्नु : 10 be needed, to be required

झ्राशा $n$ : hope, expectation; alt forms झ्राश and ग्रास: ं ग्राशा गर्नु : to hope; ग्राशा देखाउनु : to show hope, to templ; ग्राशा व्यक्त गर्नु to express hope; अ्राशा ध्यक्त गरिबक्सेको : royal form for घ्राशा च्यक्त गरेको : hope expressed; व्यक्त : expressed, voiced; गरेको . done

ग्रार्शोवाद $n$ : blessing; syn. ग्रशीष, ग्रार्सिक
च्राइचर्य $n$ : surprise, wonder, astonishment: syn. 尹्रचम्म, उदेक
ग्राईिवन n : ग्रसोज or श्रसौज : sixth Nepalese month (SeptemberOctober)

ग्रासन $n$ : posture, the sitting posture, seat
ग्रासीक n . blessing; all. sp. झ्रासिक: alt. forms ग्राशोष, ग्राfस and ग्राइीर्वाद

ग्राज्ञा n : order, command; कसं को श्राज्ञा पाउनु : to receive someone's order; ग्राज्ञा दिनु : to order to do, to command to perform; श्राज्ञा गर्नु : to say (by the superior): झ्राजा पाउनास तथ : as soon as one got the command

इ
इतिहास n : history
इान्द्र n n : sense organ

ई
ईंट n : brick: alt. forms ईंटा and इ゙टा
ईइवर n : God

उ

उ ple : particle used while pointing at a person/thing; comp. ऊ
pn : he or she or that (non-honorific); syn. त्यो : he or she or that

उकालो n : upward slope, rise, upward gradient, ascent उधार्नु vt : to open; syn. खोल्नु

उङिरहने adj : being drowsy or dozy, fecling sleepy; see उङ.नु
उङ.नु vi : to feel drowsy, to feel sleepy; alt. sp. उँग्नु
उचच adj : high, high ranking
उठाउनु : (1) to raise, to make or cause to stand up
(2) to arouse, to awaken, to make or cause to get up उठिहाल्नु vi : to get up immediately; उठ्ननु 十हलन्नु : उठ्नु : to get up. to stand up; हल्नु : to put, to serve, to insert
उज्यालो n : (1) light, daylight, clcar
(2) cheerful

उठ्नु vi : to get up, to stand up
उड्नु vi : to fly, to soar
उति adj/adv: so many, that many
उत्तर $\mathrm{n}:$ (1) north; उत्तरप层: toward the north, at the northern side
(2) answer

उत्तराधिकारी n : heir. successor, inheritor
उत्तरी adj : northern, of the north
उत्तरोत्तर adv: without break, without hindrance, regularly and continuously
उत्तिके adv : exactly similar, of the same amount, size or number: उ।तके ठूलो : as big as, as important as, as great as
उद्देशय n : aim, goal, target
उनी pn : he or she (honorific); non-honorific ऊ or त्यो: syn. तिनो;
highly honorific जहाँ

उनेको pc : joined together, held together by a string; see उन्नु
उन्न्नत $n$ : progress, advancement, improvement
उन्नु vt : to join, to hold together by sewing
उन्मूलन n : eradication, wiping out, rooting out
उपजात n: sub-caste, sub-class
उपत्यका $n$ : valley; e.g. काठमाडौं उपत्यका : the Kathmandu valley
उपदेशा $n$ : exhortation, moral lesson, teaching
उपर्यु क्त adv: above-mentioned
उपलक्ष्य $n$ : auspicious occasion
उपस्थित adj : present
उफ्रनु vi : to jump, to leap, to bounce: all. form उफ्रनु
उफ्रनु vi : to jump, to leap, to bcunce; alt. form उफनु
उफ्रिहेको pc : jumping, leaping: see उकनु
उँभो (1) adv: upward, above, up
(2) $n$ : progress, development

उमेरदार adj youthful, of young and mature age; उमेर $n$ : age
उरलनु vi : to flow with force: comp. उराल्नु vt : to agitate, to cause to flow in forceful currents
उल्लंघन $n$ : disobeying, crossing over, going beyond; उल्लंघन गर्नु : to disobey, not to follow
उल्लेख $n 1$ : reference, remark, citation.: उल्लेख गर्नु : to refer to, to cite, to make a remark
उसंले $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}:$ he himself or she herself; उस + ऐ + ले: उस : oblique form of $ऊ$ : alt. forms त्यसंले, उसले नें, त्यस ले नै, उल्ले ने, त्यले ने

उस्तै adv : exactly the same, of the same kind. similar उहलले adv: long ago

उहिल्यं adv + ple: many years ago, in ancient times; उधहले + ऐ : उहिल्यँ

## ए

ए int : form of address; repetition shows emphasis
एउटा adj: one thing or one person; एक + वटा: एक: one; वटा: item

एक adj : one: एक पल्ट/चोटि : once, on time: similarly दुई पल्ट/ चोfटं : twice; तीन पल्ट/चोfट : three times; हजार पल्ट/चोटि : a thousand times, and so on; एक भन्दा ग्रको : not only one, other than just one; भन्दा : than; ग्रको : another, other; एक मत्र : the only, only one; एकाश्रक्रालाई : mutually to one another; एक + ग्रकों + लाई : एका : oblique of एक, श्रका : oblique of ग्र्रो, एका is found only in a few combinations like एकात्रक्री + -pp; एकातिर and एका देशमा; एकानतर : one, the one hand; एकादेशमा : in a certain country (used in folk-tales) ; एक्क चोfट/पल्ट adv: at the same time, simultaneously; एक + : एकक

एकतीस adj : thirty-one
एकांकी $\mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{n}$ : of one act, one-act play: एक+ ग्रंक + ई : एक : one; घ्रंक : act; -ई : adj suffix

एकादशी $n$ : eleventh day according to the lunar calendar: auspicious day or sacred day when killing beasts and eating meat are forbidden in Hinduism

एकादेश्राम $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{p}$ : in a certain ccuntry; idiomatic expression in folk tales; देश : land, country

एक्काइस adj : twenty-one; alt. sp. एककाईस
एककासि adv: suddenly, all of a sudden

एकलो adj : (1) the only, just one
(2) lonely, without company

एवं cij : and; syn. श्र्रíन, श्रौ, तथा, र; alt. ¢p. एवम्

## ऐ

ऐ ple: suffix of emphasis; syn. ने; षे is attached to the word it emphasizes
ऐरिहासिक adj : historical, relating to history; इf तहास n : history ऐन n : law; syn. कानून
ऐनकानून n : code of laws, laws of the land, laws in general
एeया int : word to express pain

ग्रो

ग्रोहरिन vi : to come down upon, to pour down profusely, to come in large numbers

ग्रोखती $n$ : medicine, herb; alt. from ग्रौष fि
ग्रोखतीमलो $n$ : medicines and herbs; ग्रोखती + मुलो : ग्रोखती : medicine; मूलो : root of herbs; alt. forms मूलो and मूल
ग्रोछ्याइदिनु vt : to spread over; ग्रोछ्याउनु + दिनु
ग्रोछ्याउनु vt ; to spread over something to sit or to sleep
ग्रोोलनु vi : to get down, to come down, to step down, to descend; alt. sp. ग्रोलित्हनु; comp. श्रोराल्नु or ग्रोह्नाल्नु vt : to make one come down

ग्रोलिबक्सनासाथ adv : royal from for श्रोfलनासाय : as soon as one landed, as soon as one came down or climbed down; see श्रोलन्

ग्रौ

ग्रोलो n : malaria, malarial fever

क

कचोरो n : cup, bowl; syn. कटौरो बटुको
कटाईमाग्नु vt : to ask for reduction or taking aw.yy; कさाउनु: to make cut, to reduce, to curtail; माग्नु : to beg, to ask for कटाउनु vt : to cause to cut, to make a reduction or to curtail
कट्टा $n$ : reduction, reməval, curtailment, cutting; syn. कट्टी
कट्टी $n$ : see कट्टा
कठिन adj : hard, difficult
कढा adj : hard, harsh, stiff, cruel
कण n : minute particle, कण कणको : of minute particles; repetition of कण is for emphasis and plurality
कता adv: to which direction; कतै : कता + ऐ : at some place, at what place; कतै कते : at some place
कथा n : tale, story
कनेर adv : by groaning; see कन्नु
कन्जुसो $n$ : miserliness, niggardliness, stinginess
कन्नु vi : to groan, to moan

क्या $n$ : unmarried girl, virgin
कमल n : lotus
कमाइ n : earning, production; sce कमाउनु
कमाउनु vt : to earn, to produce
कम्मर n : waist; कम्मर कस्नु id : to get ready for competition, to be ready for some adventurous undertaking; कम्मर कसेर : with a competitive spirit, with a complete mind; कसनु: to tighten

कर n : (1) hand
(2) force, persuasion
(3) ray

कराउनु vi : to shout, to speak loudly
करीब adv : approximately, about, nearly; syn. भन्न्न
करोड adj : ten million
कर्तंव्यपथ $n$ : path of duty; कर्तंव्य + पथ : कर्तव्य : duty: पथ : path, way

कर्मचारी n : service-holder, officer, bureaucrat
कला $n:$ art; कलाकौइलका लागि : for arts and crafts; कौशाल : craft; का लागि : for; alt. forms for का लागि : को लागा, लागि, निमित, का निम्ति, निन्ति, का निमिंत्त

कलापूर्ण adj : artistic, full of art; कला : art; पूर्ण : full of, filled with, complete

कल्याण n : good, goodness, progress, well-being
कसो int : a word intended for questioning 'how are you? or 'do you agree?' or 'how are things?' or 'what is your opinion?'

कसोरीं adv : how, in what way; more common sp. कसरी
कस्नु vt : to tighten, to tie, to harness

कहिले adv. when, at what time: alt. sp. कैले
कहित्यै adv : never; alt. forms कहिले पनि, कहिल्यै पनि, कहिले + ऐ
कहीं adv: whichever place; कहीं कहीं : at some places, at a few places

कात्रो $\mathrm{n}:$ shroud, funeral cloth
कानो n : one-eyed, blind, partly blind
कानून n : law; syn. ऐन
कान्छो n : adj fem : youngest, smallest; mas. क下न्छो; e.g. क下न्छी छोरो : youngest daughter; कानछो स्वास्नी : younger wife, the second or latest wife; comp. जेटी स्वास्नी : fi $\cdot \mathrm{st}$ wife; जेठी छोरी : eldest daughter

काँध n : shoulder
काम $n$ : (1) job, work, tıade, occupation, profession; e.g. कामको चापाचाप : heavy work, extremely busy due to heavy load of work; चापाचाप : pressure
(2) Sexual passion, lust; e.g. कामतीखा : excessive sexual passion; तीखा : thirst; कामतीर्वा मेटाउनु : quenching of lust, gratification of sexual desire

कामकाज $n$ : activities; काम +काज : काम : wc.rk; काज : work, job कामना n : wish, desire

कामी n . blacksmith, goldsmith (of untouchable caste)
कायम $n$. settled, established, permanent; कायम राखनु : to keep or preserve as it exists

कारण $n$ : reason, cause; alt. spl. कारन; कारणले गर्दा adv: because of, due to

कारवाहो n : treatment, dealing, action; alt. sp. कार्वाहो, कार्वई कार्यक्रम $n$ : schedule, program

काल n : (1) time, tense
(2) death

कि ple: (1) particle at the end of a sentence expresses doubt or question
(2) or

किनार n : bank, side, edge, verge; alt. form fकनारा
किनारा n : see किनार
किन्तु cj : but; syn. तर, परन्तु
किम्वदन्तो n : hearsay, rumor, tale
कुनो $n$ : corner; कुना कुनावाट : from every nook and corner
कुरा $n$ : oblique or plural of कुरो
कुराकानी $n$ : talk, conversation; कुरो +कहानी : कुराकानी, कुरो : talk; कहानी : tale, story

कुरो n : word, affair, talk, thing, rumour; कुरा काट्नु id : adversely criticize; कसैको कुरो काट्नु : adversely criticize someone (in absence); काट्तु : to cut
कुल $n$ : tribe, clan, family, lineage, pedigree, race; कुलघरानाको : of noble family and good breeding; कुल + घराना + को : घराना : good breeding, noble family

कुलेलम टोक्नु id : to run away fast, to take to one's heels; ठोक्नु : to hammer, to beat; syn. सुईकुच्चा ठोक्नु

कूटनैतिक adj : diplomatic
केटी $n$ : girl, young woman; mas. केटो : boy; केटीको करो आउनु : the coming of a proposal for a girl; करो अाउनु : the coming of proposal (for marriage); comp. कन्या : unmarried virgin girl
केन्द्र $n$ : centre, headquarters
केराउ $n$ : pea

केलाउनु vt : to clean one by one before washing, to watch every part meticulously and throw away dirt, dust, or any harmful object stuck (to the green or other vegetables or grains)
केलाउंदे $a d v$ : cleaning one by one; see केलाउनु
केही adj : some, something, anything; केही नलाग्नु id : to be able to do nothing, to be unable to arrive at any conclusion

कैद n : captivity, imprisonment
केले adv: see कहिले
कोर्नु vt : to scratch, to comb, to draw a line
कोस $n$ : (1) eye-corner made with mascara or black eye-shade; कोस भिक्नु : to produce pointed corners of eyes with mascara or black eye-shade
(2) the distance of about two miles

कौइाल r : craft, skill
क्रा र ple: particles expressing possibility of occurrence; might be; these particles always come at the end of a sentence

कृपा 12 : kindness, mercy; कृपा गर्नु : to be kind, to perform kindness, कृप। गरी : kindly, syn. कृपया adv: kindly, please

ख

खनी : (1) nf. by digging, by removing soil; see खन्नु
(2) non-hcnorific fem. past vt. dug; e.g. कान्छोले खल्डो खनी . Kanchi dug a pit

खन्नु vt : to dig
खन्याउनु vt : to pour over, to cause to flow
खवी नसक्नु adj : unbearable; खत्नु : to bear; नसक्नु : to be unable

खलनु vt : to bear, to tolerate
सबर n : message, news; syn. सम्चार or समाचार
सम्बा $n$ : pillar, column; loan word from Hindi, more frequently used form of खांबो

खलबल $n$ : ncise, disturbing noise
सल्बल्याउने adj/n : one who disturbs, one who spoils: खल्बब्याउनु vt

खल्लो adj : insipid, tasteless
ससी n : castrated he-goat kept for meat; खसी पार्नु : to castrate खाइदिन सकनु $\mathrm{vt}:(1)$ to be able to eat; खाई + दिन + सकनु : खाई : nf . of खानु : to eat; fिनु : to give: सक्नु : to be able to
(2) id. to be able to bear easily

खाइनु vi : to be eaten; खाइयो : was eaten, was earned; comp. खानु vt : to eat

खानु vt : (1) to eat
(2) to earn

खर्तल adv: only, just; com. खाली adj : empty
खालो adj : empty, vacant; comp. खर्तल adv : only
खाल्डो n : (1) valley
(2) pit, hollow, hole: alt sp . खाल्टो : alt. form खाडल

खास adj: special, real
खिन्न adj - sad, dejected
ख़ लस्त adv : openly, clearly
ख़लन्नु vi : to be opened, to be understood; comp. खोल्नु vt: to open

खुसी n gladness, joy; alt. sp. खुरी
खूब adv: very much

खेत n : wet field, terraced field regularly served with water where usually rice is planted; comp. बररी : dry field
खेतीपाती n : agricultural farming; खेती-पाती : खेती : agriculture. agricultural farming; पाती : leaves; पाती is compounded with खेती for emphasis

खेर n : waste, loss, unused thing; खेर जानु : to go unused; खेर फाल्नु/हाल्नु : to waste, to let go unused
खेल्नु vt: to play; खेल्दा खेलदैको : of being played, of being used in play; खेल्दा adv : while playing
ख ple : alt. sp. खोइ : particle to express enquıry, doubt or sadness

खोजी n : search, seeking; खोजी हिंड्नु : to walk in search of, to move about seeking; see खोन्नु

खोज्नु vt : to search, to seek; खोजेर ल्याएको adj: (thing) brought by searching; ल्याउनु : to bring

खोपो $n$ : hole made in the wall of the house to keep things
खोलो n : small river; comp. खोल्सो : stream
खोसेर adv: by snatching away, by taking away forcibly; see खोस्नु

खोस्नु vt : to snatch away, to take away with force

ग

गहसक्नु vi : to be gone already, to be passed already; गई +सक्नु : गई : 'going' from जानु : to go; सकनु : to complete, to finish; e.g. रात गइसक्यो : night has almost passed

गएको pc : gone; जानु : to go
गजुर n : steeple, pinnacle of temple

गठन गरिबक्सनु $\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{vt}:$ regal form for गठन गनु*
गठन गनुं $n+v t$ : to form, to make, to constitute, to organize
गति n : speed, velocity
गते n : day of the month, day according to the solar calendar, date; comp. fतथि : day according to the lunar calendar

गराउनु vt : to make someone do, to force someone to do, to urge someone to do
गरिबकसनु vt : royal form of speech equivalent to गनु
गरिबक्सेको $\mathrm{p} c$ : royal form equivalent to गरेको
गरेको pc . done; see गनुं
गरो $n$ - terrace of rice-field
गर्नु vt : to do, to perform. to execute
गर्मी $n$ : heat
गहन adj : deep, profound
गर्गहराइ n : depth; गहिरो adj : deep
गाइने n : singer, low caste
गाउनु vt : to sing: comp. गाइनु vi : to be sung
गाई n : cow
गाउँ $n$ : village
गाउंले $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{adj}:$ villager; गाउँ + ले : गाउँ : village; ले : adjectival suffix

गाग्रो n : pitcher, water vessel, copper, brass or earthenware pot to carry and keep water

गाजल $n$ : mascara, black eye-shade, collyrium
गाडा n : cart: syn. गाडो, गडी
गाडेको pc: fixed, buried; see गाड्न्तु

गाड्नु vt : (1) to bury
(2) to fix

गाना n : scng; syn. गीत
गाली $n$ : reproach, rebuke, vituperation, abuse
 village; alt. forms गाउfप्र्रच्छेका, गाउं नै पिच्छेका; गावं : गाउँ + ऐ : गाउँ : village; पिच्छेका pp : of each, belonging to each
गाँस $n$ : morsel, one mouthful
गाँसिएको pc : connected, joined, linked; see गाँसिन्
गाँसिनु vi : to be linked, to be joined, to be connected; comp. गाँस्नु vt : to join, to connect
गोत $n$ : song; syn. गाना
गुजारा n : living, livelihood, subsistence; गुजारा चलाउनु : to make a living; गुजारा चल्नु : to be made a living
गुन्द्री n : mat made of stiaw
गुम्बा n : Buddhist temple
गुरुभक्ति n : devotion for teacher, extreme respect and devction for mentor; गुरु + भक्ति : गुरु : teacher, mentor; भक्ति : devotion गैरसंनिक adj : non-military, civil; सैर्नक : militery
गोडा $n$ : legs; syn. खुट्टा
गोमाँस $n$ : bcef; गो + माँस : गो : cow; माँस : meat
गोरु n : bull, castrated bull; see साँढे
गोर्वाली सैनt $n$ : famous Gurkha soldiers under the British in India; the soldiers of Gorkha kings in Nepal
गोवध $n$ : killing of cows, cow-slaughter; गो+वध: गो : cow: बध:
killing, slaughtering
गौरव n : glory, pride, importance
ग्रोषम n : summer

घ

घर $n$ : house home; घरकाहर : the members of the lamily, those in the house; घर $十$ का - है

घरआँगन $n$ : yards of houses; घर + आँगन : घर : house; आँगन : yard, front open space of the house

घराना $n$ : (I) neble family
(2) good breeding, good birth

घाज $r$ : wound, sore
घाट $n$ : (1) riverside where dead bodies are cremated. cremation grounds
(2) riverside from where boats are carried across

घान $n$ : one potful, amount of corn popped at , ne time; e.g. एक घหन मकै, दुई घान गकै etc.; मकै . corn

घाम n : sun"s tays, the sun
घुटघुट adv : manner of drinking fast
घुन्नु vi : to roam, to move about, to go round
घुर्लु प्प हुनु id : to collapse, to fall head downwaid. to die instantly, and completely

घुसारिदिन vt : to force in, to push in, to make penetrate; घुसनु : to insert into; fदनु : to give

घुसार्नु vt : to put into, to force into, to insert into, to make penetrate
घंटो $n$ : huge earthen jar to keep water or foodgrain: syn. घंलो; घंटामा घाम लाग्नु $i d$ : 10 be convinced inside out (gladly and completely)

घोट्टो पन्व $n \frac{1}{i} v i$ : to drop head downward

घोषणा n : proclamation, announcement; घोषणा गनुं : to proclaim, to announce, to declare; घोषणा हुनु : to be proclaimed ह्याड n Tamang Buddhist temple

## च

चचहुई adv: expression of pleasure while swinging, children`s joyment is expressed through it during swinging; हुई is an adult word, whereas चचहुई belongs to children

चढाउनु vt : (1) to cause to ride or climb, to help go up
(2) to offer; चढाउन ल्यंएको pc: brought to offer

चढिसक्नु vi : finishing to climb; चढी + सक्नु : चढी n . of चढ्नु, सकनु: to finish

चढी nf : riding, climbing; see चढ्नु
चढ्नु $\mathrm{vi}:(1)$ to climb, to ride, to board on; रात चढ्नु id : the growing er passing on of the night, the maturing of the night
(2) to be offered

चतुर adj : clever, intelligent
चन्द्रमा n : moon
चर्मचक्ष $n$. the material eye: चर्म : skin, hide; चक्ष० : eye; syn. ग्राँख नयन, नेत्र

चलन n : custom, manner; चलन बसाउनु id : the establishing of custom

चलनचल्ती n : use, practice, usage, prevalence
चलाउनु vt : (1) to use, to put to use
(2) to cause to move, to drive
(3) to tease, to disturb

चल्ती 1 n : use, moving, in motion
चल्नु vi : (1) to continue, to move on, 10 go on
(2) to fight, to quarrel

चहराजनु vi : to have bucning pain; चहराइरहेको adj : having continued burning pain

चाढ n : festival
चाडबाड n : religious and social festivals
चाँदो $n$ : silver
चापाचाप n : pressure; syn. चाप
चार adj. four
चारकुने : (1) adj: (thing) having four corners. square-shaped
(2) n : metal plate of square shape, four-cornered leafplate; e.g. च.रकुने टपरी : four-cornered leaf-plate; घुमाउने टपरी : circular-shaped leaf-plate

चारकोसे भाडो $n$ : sub-tropical natural forests running from east to west in the Terai region in a strip of roughtly eight miles; चारकोसे adj : of or having four कोस; कोस : nearly two miles; भाडी n : thick forest

चारजना adj +n : four people; एक जना : one person; दुई जना : two persons; पच्चोस जना . twenty-five people; जना is used to count or indicate human beings

चारेंतिर adv: all around, on all four sides
चालीसे adj : of forty (years); चालीस : forty
चंहना $n$ : desire; longing, craving
चर्fं ple: particularizes and emphasizes the noun/pronoun immediately preceding; syn. भने
fिन्याउन् vi : to shout and shriek

चित $n$ : mind; चित्त बुभाउनु id : to be satisfied with whatever is at hand, to appease; to pacify; चित बुभनु id : to feel satisfied (irrespective of outward influence)
चिन्ता n : anxiety, worry
चिरंजोवी adj: long living, of long life
fच्लो adj/n: oily substance, butter, oil, smooth
चुटाइ n : beating, thrashing, spanking, causing to be drenched; see चुट्नु

चुट्नु vt : to beat, to spank, to thrash, to drench
चुम्नु vt : to kiss; syn. 干्वाइॅ खानु
चुलो $n$ : alt. sp. चूह्लो : syn. चुलोचौको; the kitchen area, a special area surrounding the stoves or oven where meals are cooked; comp. भान्सा or भान्छा : a separate kitchen room or house: चुलोचौको : to cook and clean; भान्सा गनुन : to eat

चुहाउनु vt : to drop, to let drip, to let leak, to let some amount of liquid flow, to make trickle down; चुहाए पfि : even if shed, even if dropped
चेतन n : consciouness, awareness; alt. sp . चेतना
चेतनशील adj : conscious, sensible
चेला n : honorific or plural of चेलो
चेलो n : disciple, pupil; syn. โिष्य
चोfि $n$ : times; syn. पल्ट, पटक, बाजि, ताल, खेप
चौथो $\operatorname{adj}$ : fourth
चौपट्टै adv: exceedingly, very much; चौपट्ट + ऐ : चौपट्ट : very much; syn. असाध्ये, औधि नें, अव्यन्तै, अति ने, ज्यादा ने, ज्यादं

핳

ठक $n$ : surprise: छक पन्नु : 10 be surprised
छपन्न adj : fifty-six
छरिनु vi : to be scattered, to be spread; छाराएर adv • by scattering, having spread out; comp. छनु vt : to scatter
छनुं vt : to spread, to scatter, to throw around, to sow; बीउ छनुं: to sow seed

छर्ल ङ्झ adv: clear, clearly
छँद二 छ vi : is already there, is no doubt existing there
छाउनु vt : to cover the roof
छाना n : roof; alt. sp. छानो, छानु
छानु $n$ : rcof; alt. sp. छानो
छानो $n$ : roof; alt. sp. छानु
छाfिनु vi : to be published; comp. छirनु vt : 10 publish
छाला n'skin. leather, hide
छिपेको pc: concealed, hidden; fछrन्दु vi: लुकनु: 10 hide, to be concealed

छिfिसकन्नु vi : to grow mature, to be strong. to come to full bloom; छछिंवनु vi : to mature: सकनु: tc finish
छुच्चो adj : naughty, wicked: syn. छुत्याहा, छुस्के
छुट्कारा n : relief, redemption, release. freedom
छुनु vt : to touch
छेउ n : nearness, side, edge: छेउमँं : nearby, very near, very close;

छेत्री n : क्षत्रत्रय . warrior class
छेवैमा adv: nearby, at close quarters; छेड + ऐ+मा : छेवैमा: छेड:


छेस् vi : second person feminine singular, non-honorific of हुनु : to be; mas. छस्

छोड्नु vt : to leave, to stop
छोटनु vt : to cover up; छोटनुहोला : (1) please cover up
(2) it may br right to cover up

ज

जगदोइवर n : Almighty God; जगत् + ईइवर : जगत् : universe, world; ईइवर : God

जंगल n : wild forest, jungles
जंगली adj : savage, wild, uncivilized, living in jungles
जतनसित adv : carefully, cautiously, preservingly ; syn. जतनसँग. जतनसाथ, जतनले, जतन गरी, जतन गरेर, जतन गर्दे

जतातत् adv : everywhere, wheresoever; syn. जतासुक
जतासुके adv: whatever, of whatever quantity or number
जात्ति adv: whatsoever, as much as; जf्ति is the emphatic form of जात

जनता 1 n : pecple
जनसंस्या n : population; जन +संख्या : जन : people; संख्या : number
जना n : person (while counting); e.g. एक जना, दुई जना, पन्ध जना; see वटा

जनाउनु vt : to make someone know, to announce, to make public, to express

जन्तु n : beast, animal
जन्मनु vi : to be born; comp. जंमाउन vt : to give birth
जबर्जस्ती adv : with sheer force, forcefully, obstinately

जबाफ $n$ : answer, reply; जबाक fदनु : to reply; alt. sp. जबाक, जaाब

जमरा n : young, preferably yellow-looking shoots of barley cut at Dasain

जम्मे adj : all; जम्मा - ऐ जन्मा : together, added together, all; syn. सबै, स०पं; जम्मा गर्नु : to gather together, to collect, to add; जन्मा हुनु to be gathered together
जय नेपाल slogan : victory tc Nepal
जलाइनु vi: to be burnt, to be incinerated, to be cremated; comp. जलाउनु vt : to burn
जलाउने adj : for burning, for cremating; जलाउनु : to burn; syn. डढ:उनु
जस्तो रूपमा adv : in whatever form or appearance
जहान n : (1) family; syn. परिवार
(2) wife

जहाँ adv: where, in any place
जहाँसुक adv: wherever, wheresoever; जहाँ : where; comp. कहाँ : where, in what place
जाहले पनि adv : always; जहिले : when; पनि: also
जागोर $n$ : service, government service; जागोर खानु : to be a ser-vice-holder, to earn a living by joining some sort of service

जाग्राम n : staying awake (at night)
जाडो $\mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{n}$ : cold weather, chill; जाडाले गदा : because of cold, done or caused by cold

जात $n$ : caste, class
जातभात $n$ : caste system, distinction of people on the basis of separate cooking and eating; जात + भात : जात : caste; भात : rice, meal

जातावभाजन n : caste division: जात + विभाजन : जात : caste: विभाजन : division

जार्मत n : nation, community, people
जानु vi : to go, to die, to pass
जाने हो vi : is to go
जान्दछन् vt • 'know' from जान्नु : to know; comp. जान्छन् from जानु vi : to go

जाँदा adv: while going, while passing; see जानु
जान्नु vt : to know, to find out
जाला vi will go, may gc ; see जानु
जिल्ला n : district, administrative unit
जीउ n : body: syn. द्रारीर ; alt. sp. जिउ
जीउजन्तु $n$ : living beings; जीव + जन्तु . जीव : living, having life; जन्तु : being, creature, animal

जोवन n : life
जोविका $n$ : living, making a living; जोविका गनु/चलाउनु : to earn or make a living

जुन्ति $n$ : device, plan; syn. युर्क
जुरुक्क adv: manner of standing up quickly; जुरुकक उठ्नु: to get up abruptly, to stand up instantly

जुवारी $n$ : singing with responses in pairs
जुहारात n : jewels
जून n : the moon, moonbeam
जेनतेन $a d v$ : somehow, semehow or other; syn. जसरीतसरी
जोगाउनु vt : to save, to protect, to preserve; जोगाउने adj . saving; protecting, preserving

जोतिनु vi : to be plowed, to be harnessed; comp. जोलनु vt : to plow, to harness

जोर $n$ : (1) double, pair; alt forms जोडी, जोडा
(2) force, capacity to do something; alt. sp . जोड; जोर चल्नु : to be able to do something

ज्यादे adv : extremely, very much; ज्वादा $-\frac{1}{-}$ : ज्यादा : very much, too much, more than enough; syn. असाधचय, अत्यन्तं, औधि नं, अर्अत नै, बढ़त्तं

ज्यालादारों adj : wage-earning; ज्याला $n$ : payment received for labor

ज्यू ple: respectable form of address used after human nouns; syn. जी

ज्योति $n$ : light, radiance

## भ

भट्का n : भट्को : pull, sudden pull, tugging
भट्टే adv : immediately; भट्ट +ऐ; alt forms भम्ट नै, भम्टँ न
भन adv : more, all the more; syn. अभ
भन्भृट n : concern, worry, anxiety, unnecessary burden
भन्नै adv : nearly, approximately
भमकक adv: completely, fully, quite; भमकक is used with साँभ and sometimes with रात only; e.g. भमकक साँभ/रात पर्यो : it was quite dark

भम्टनु vt : to pounce upon, to assault, to come down upon
भम्टेर adv : coming down upon, attacking forcefully: see भम्टनु
भलक n : scene, spectacle, view, picture, fleeting glance
भाडी $n$ : thick forest, thicket

भिकिएको pc : taken out; see भिकिन
भिकिनु vi : to be taken out; comp. भिक्नु vt : to take out fिकियोस् hortative : let it be taken out; see fभfकिनु
भिक्नु vt : to take cut, to produce
भुकेको pc : inclined, bent, interested; see भुक्नु
भुक्नु vi : to bend, to incline, to be interested

## ट

टक्याइएको pc : offered, respect fully given to superiors; टऋयाउनु vt : upper class word meaning 'to offer' or 'to give to one above the giver's social position'

टट्टाइसकेको pc : already pained, already tired; टट्टाउनु vi : to pain टन्टा n : unnecessaiy burden, care, trouble; syn. भन्भ्मट

टपरी n : leaves of trees stitched together to form plate to serve foods specially in big feasts, weddings and social gatherings; syn. ठहर; comp. बोहोतो or दुनो smaller variety used during religious worships and Vedic rituals

टहटह लाग्नु vi : to spread to the full or to shine all over (the moon)

टाढT adj : far, distant; टाढT टाढा : far and near, distant places
टोका $n$ : mark put on the forehead, tenth day of Dasain festival
टुप्लुक्क adv: manner of appearing surprisingly; टु प्लुक्क अइपुग्नु: to arrive all of a sudden

टुलुटुल $\varepsilon \mathrm{dv}$ : manner of looking at innocently and continually;
टुलुटुलु हेरिरहनु vt : to go on looking without doing anything else, to continue looking at without break and innocently

टोपी n : cap

टोल $n$ : street or lane of a town; टोल टोल : different streets and. lanes of a town

टोली n : group, team

## ठ

ठकुरो n : a Kshatriya of royal blood in Nepal
ठहरिनु vi : too seem, to be thought, to be decided
ठाउँ $1 \mathbf{1}$ : place, space; syn. स्थान ; ठГउँ ठाउँ ; places, different places
ठाकठाकठुकठुक n : onomatopoeic wcrd meaning c!uarrel and exchange af sharp words

ठिक्क $a d v$ : exactly; ठीक or fिक : right, suitable, exact; ठिष्क is emphatic

ठुलो adj : big, large; alt sp. ठूलो
ठूलो adj : big, large; alt sp. ठुलो
ठूलो साँभ n : late evening, complete evening; ठूलो : big; साँभ : evening
ठोकनु vt : to hammer, to beat, to strike, to bang

## ड

डर n : fear, fright, danger
डरलाग्दो adj : fearful, frightening, terrible, dreadful, dangerous; डर n : fear

डल्लो n : (1) earthen clod, soil
(2) round object, anything round

डामेको pc : marked, marked by burning; see डान्तु

ड।Fनु vt : to burn and make a mark. Bulls having a burnt mark on their backs are offered to Shiva by devotees and are left free to roam the streets. They are not harnessed to plows and carts for they are holy carriers of Lord Shiva. They are sacred bulls

डाँक $n$ : alt sp . डाक: (1) post, mail, hatabinger of good news; syn.

## हलाक

(2) call, particularly of the morning made by a rooster
(3) bidding in gambling and ir: auction; डाक बोल्नु : to bid in auction

डांडो n : hill, ridge
fिधिया $n$ : small cil lamp; syn. टुकी, ५ानस, धिप्री,दीयो
डुबेको pc: (1) engaged, absorbed
(2) drowned, sunk; डुबनु

डुबनु vi : to sink; comp. डुबाउनु vt : to cause to sink
डुंगा $n$ : boat; syn. नाउ
डोरो n : string, rope; alt form डोरी
डोन्याज नु vt : to lead, to lead by pulling a rope
डोन्याएको pc : led by holding; see डोन्याउनु

ढ

ढंग n : style, way, manner, skill
ढार्मिएको pc : covered, enveloped; sce ढार्धिकनु
ढाकिनु vi : to be covered; to be enveloped; comp. ढ1कनु vt : to cover

ढाकेका : pc : covered, enveloped; see ढाक्नु
ढाक्नु vt : to cover, to conceal by covering, to spread over
ढढको n : granule, block, lump; e.g. नू नको ढिको : lump of salt
ढिलो adj/adv : slow, late ; alt sp. ढोलो; antonyms चांडो, छिटो
fढडो $r$ : flour boiled in wateı
ढौलो $\mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{adv}$ : see ढढलो
ट्बुक्क adv free from anxiety, full of confidence; ढुबक हुनु/पनु :
to feel free from anxiety, to sely without any doubt
ढुंगो $n$ : stone
ढोका n : docr, main door; syn. दैलो; ढोका कुनुं id : to be present at the main gate of the palace to show one's respect, to report almost everyday at the palace gate

ढोगभेट n : ढोग + भेट : ढोगभेट : bowing down to superiors while meeting; ढोग : bowing down preferably on feet to express respect, to greet and salute humbly: भेट : meeting

ส

त ple : an emphatic particle
तथा cj : and; syn. र, एव म्, अंन, औ
तं $\mathrm{pn}:$ you (singular non-honorific)
तदस्या n : penance, asceticism, austerities; तपस्या गर्नु: to do penance, to meditate

तरल $\operatorname{adj}$ : liquid, flowing
तरंग n . wave, flow
तराई $n$ : the lowland of Nepal bordering India, southern plains in Nepal

तरीका n : way, manner, style, mode; alt. sp. तरिका
तरुनी $n$ : young woman ; syn. युवती
तरुनीतन्नेरी $n$ : youth, youthful persens; तरुनी + तन्नेरो
तन्नेरी n : young man; syn: युवक
तर्कारी $n$ : vegetables, cocked vegetables, curry
तल : (1) adv: below, underneath
(2) n : area lying below or downward

तलतल n : appetite, pining, hungering; तलतल लागनु : to hunger for, to pine for; तलतल लगाउनु : to create appetite, to make desirous; तलतल मेटाउनु/मेट्नु: to satisfy appetite, to quench hunger

तल्लो $\mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{adv}$ : lower, downward, degraded
तवर n : way, mode, manner, style
ताज $n$ : crown; syn. श्रीपेच
तान्ततै adv: immediately, instanly; lit. in steaming hot condi-tion; तातो + तातो + ऐ : तातो adj : hot

ताना $n$ : tune
तापनि cj : yet, even then, still, nevertheless
तामा n : bamboo shoot; e.g. बाँसको तामा, बाँस : bamboo; comp.. ताँबो $n$ : copper

तिन pn : oblique of तिनी/तो; तिनी : he/she (honorific); तो : he/she (honorific) or they; तिनको : तिनो/ती +को : his/her (honorific) or their; तिनमा : तिनी/तो + मा : in him/her (honorific) or among them; syn. of fिन : उन from उनी
fिनको n : straw, stalk of 1 ice/wheat; syn. त्यान्द्रो त्यान्नो, सिन्को, छेस्को; alt. sp. तिन्को; for तिनको (proncun) see तिन
fतबबत n : Tibet; syn. भोट
fतर pp : toward, on the side; syn. तर्फ, तरफ
fतलस्मी adj : magic
तोन adj : three
तीन छक पर्तु id : to be extremely surprised, to be flabbergasted; छक पर्नु: to be surprised; syn. छकक पनु/हनु, चल्ल पनुं, ट्टाल्ल पनुँ/ हुनु,टटाँ हुन, /पनुँ/जिल/जोल खानु
तोर्खा n : thirst, deep desire, lust; alt. sp . तिखा
तोर्थ $n$ : shrine, place of pilgrimage, holy place
तीर्थयात्री $n$ : pilgrim, visitor to the shrine
तोस adj : th irty
तुल्याउन adv : in order to make; alt. forms तुल्याउनमा, तुल्याउनामा: see तुल्याउनु

तुल्याउनु vt : to make, to make exactly
तेज $\operatorname{adj} / \mathrm{n}$ : bright, brilliant
तี pn : you yourself; त゙ +ऐ : तँ you(singular non-honorific); alt forms तॅ ने, तौं नै

तोप n : cannon, big gun
त्यत्रो adv: such a long, such a big, or such a large quantity, shape, or number

ब्यस pn : oblique of त्यो : that, she/he (non-honorific); syn. उस from ऊ

त्यसो भए तार्वनि cj . even if it is so
त्यसं हुनाले cj : for that reason, therefor; त्यस : त्यस + ऐ
त्यसो हुनाले cj : for that reason, therefore
त्यस्तै adv: exactly the same, of the same kind; त्यस्तो- + ऐ; syn. उस्तै

थ

थप n : addition
थपिएको pc : added, annexed; sec थโपनु
थपिदिनु vt : to add over and above, to give more
थपिनु vi to be added, to be annexed, to be given more: comp. थटनु vt : to give more

थलनु vt : to add, to give more, to increase to refill
थर $n$ : sub-branch of caste; term refering to someone's place of origin; most of the Nepalese use थर as their family name rather than जात
थरो 1 l : type, kind, sort
थरी थरी n : various kinds, different types; see थरी
थाकनु vi : to get tired, to be exhausted; comp. थकाउनु vt : to make tired

थाप्न nf : in order to receive; see थाॅनु
थाrनु vt : to receive from someone by holding out hands. 10 receive grant

थाम्न nf : it order to control, in order to bear/hold; see थामतु
थान्नु vt : to control, to bear the burden, to tolerate, to hold: $\operatorname{syn}$. थेग्नु

थाहा 1 . awareness, knowing, information : थाहा पाउनु : to know: थाहा हुनु : to be known, to be aware of
थुक n : spitting, spittle; थुकघुटघुट निलनु id; show extıcme greed for eating, to like and desire extremely

थनिनु vi : (1) to be closed, to be shut
(2) to be placed inside the jail: comp. थु;नु vt: to shut

थुनेर $a d v$ : having shut up, having closed; see थुन्नु
थुन्न nf : in order to shut, for closing; see थुन्नु
थुन्नु vt : to shut, to close, to put behind bars, to imprison
थेग्न nf : in order to hold, in order to bear the weight of; see थेग्नु

थेग्नु vt : to hold to bear the weight of, to tolerate; syn. थान्नु
थोपो $n$ : थोपा : drop
थोरे $\mathrm{adv} / \mathrm{adj}:$ much less, in small number/quantity; थोर + ऐ : थोर : little quantity or small number; antonym धेरी

## द

दभाई n : tailor, low caste; syn. दर्जो
दर्शान $n$ : (1) view, appearance, show
(2) philosophy
(3) superior's appearance for the benefit of those who want to see him; दर्शान दिनु : to appear in front of inferiors or devotees; दर्शान गर्नु : to see and meet a superior, to look at the idol n. God, to view the image of God with devotion. to pay courtesy visit to a god

दरिन n : beam, cross-beam, joist, rafter
दरामी n : tenth day of the lunar month
दसें n : alt. sp. दझें : festival in honor of Goddess Durga in late September or early October, the main Nepalese festival lasting a fortnight

दह $n$ : lake; syn. ताल

दह्नो adj : strong
दक्षिण n : south
दाउ n : opportunity, trick in wrestling, stake in gambling; दाउ छोप्नु id : to take full benefit of chance or opportunity; दाउ हेनु : wait for a suitable opportunity

दाना $\mathrm{n}:$ :(1) दानु/दानो : small round thing, grain, seed
(2) food for animals

दावा n : claim
दिजंसो $a d v$ : at the daytime; antonym of राfत : at night
दिक्क $n$ : sad, bored, embarrassed, trouble, annoyance; दिकक लाग्नु/ मान्नु/हुनु : to feel sad and bored; दिकऋ दिनु/लगाउनु/पान्नु : to make bored and sad, to annoy, to harass

दिन n : day, daytime; दिन कர्नु id : passing of day: काट्नु vt : to cut

दिनहुँ adv : daily, everyday; alt. forms दिनौं, दिन्हों, दिनेनिच्छे, दिनदिने, दिनका दिन, हरेक/प्रत्येक दिन

दिनु vt : to give, to allow, to let
fदल्ली $n$ : Delhi; the capital city of India
दिल्लीस्थित adj : situated/located in Delhi, stationed in Delhi दिव्य adj : divine, godly

दिशा n : direction, course
दोबार $n$ : wall; syn. देवल, भित्तो
दुइटा adj : two; alt. forms दुई वटा, दोटा
दुइटे adj : (1) only two
(2) both दुई + वटा/ओटा + ऐ: दुई : two; वटा : items, things; alt forms दुई वटै, दृवै, दुवै वटा

दुई adj: two
दुधालु adj : full of milk, milky, having milk in abundance: वूध n : milk

दूध n : milk
दूर adj : distant, far
देखा पन्नु vi : to appear, to come to be seen. tc be visible
देखि pp : from, since
देखिनु vi : to be seen, to seem, to appear: comp. देखनु vt : to see
देखनु vt : to see
देवदेवी 11 : gods and goddesses; देव द्रवो : देव/देवता : god; देबो : goddess
देवपुरी n : city of gods, heaven: दंब + पुरो : दंब : god; पुर/पुरी : city; दबनुरोमा : in the city of gods, to the city of gods

देश n : (1) country, land
(2) id: foreign land: India

देशवासी $n$ : countryman, fellc $w$ countryman
दंनिक adj daily, day to day; दिन : day
दैलो n : door; syn. ढोका
दृढ adj: strong, formidable, staunch: दृढ़ नोति : strong policy, formidable policy, staunch attitude

दृषिटकोण $n$ : point of view, outlook, opinion, idea
द्वार n : docr, passageway
द्वारा pp : by, with: syn. ले, बाट

## ध

धनी n/adj : rich, propertied; धन : property, money
धर्म n : religion
धातु $n:$ metal
धाविएर adv: being tired and heated due to fast walking/running: see धापिनु

धரविनु vi : to be heated, tired and exhausted by walking/running: or working hard

धर्ममक adj : religious, pious: धर्म $n$ : religion
धित मार्नु vt : to satiate, to cloy; alt. sp. धीत मार्नु
धुइरो $n$ : crowd; syn. घुइँ चो, घचारो, भीड, हूल
धून 1 n : tune
धूप $n$ : incense
धेरजसौ adv: mostly, most of
धेरे adj/adv: much, many; धेर + ऐ : धेर : much, many; antonym थोरें : small quantity or number; धेरे कालसम्म adv: for a long period of time; काल $n$ : time; स्म $p p$ : till. up to

न

न ple : particle of emphasis at the end of a sentence
नगएको neg ple $+\mathrm{pc}:$ न + गएको : नगएको : nct gone; न : neg ple: गएको from जानु : to go
नचर्णहदो $a d j$ : unnecessary; न - चाहिदो : न : not; चाfहदो : necessary; चरिहनु vi : to be necessary
नरिक n : nearness, closeness
नदी $n$ : river

नभएको neg ple $+\mathrm{pc}:$ not happened, not been, not accurred, not existed; न + भएको : न : neg ple, not; भएको from हुनु: to be

नभन्दं : (1) cj without saying, unsayingly, as expected
(2) adv before it is/was said; e.g. यो कथा नभन्दं राम गयो : Ram went away before the story was told
नभुली $n f$ : without forgetting; न + भुली : न : neg ple; भुलो : having forgotten; भुलनु vt : to forget; syn. बिर्सनु
नमज्जा n : unpleasantness, repulsion, distaste; न + मज्जा : न neg ple, not; मन्जा : pleasure

नयाँ दिल्ली $n$ : New Delhi; the capital of India
नरमाइलो adj : unpleasant; न-1-रमाइलो : न : neg ple, nol; रमाइलो : pleasant, pleasing

नराम्रो adj : bad, miserable, poor, not good, ugly; न + राम्रो : न : neg ple, not, राम्रो : good

नवदेश n : new land; नa + देश : नव : new: देश : land, country
नसा $n$ : vein
नहालेको neg ple $+\mathrm{pc}:$ not put, not inserted. not added: न +हाल्नु : न : neg ple, not; हाल्नु : to put, to add, to insert

नहुने adj/n: not having, have-nots; न : neg ple: हुने from हुनु: 10 have, to be

नाउँ $n$ : name: syn. नाम; नाउँ चलेको adj : famous: नाउँ भएको : named

नाह्छने adj : naked, bate
नाटक $n$ : play, diama
नाति $n$ : grandson: fem नातिनी
नानो $n$ : (1) baby, endearing word for a child
(2) pupil of the eye

नाम n : name; syn. नाउँ; नामले : by name, by the name of

नारिएर cn ple : being harnessed or harrowed, being put to drag the cart; see नारिनु

नारिनु vi : to be harnessed, to be plowed; comp. नार्नु vt : to harness
fि ple: (1) emphatic (2) expresses confidence (3) clipped form of पनि : also

निकं adj/adv: many, much
निको adj : cured, getting well from disease/injury; निको हुनु; to get well, to cure; निको गर्नु : to make well, to do good; निको + आनन्द : निकानन्द : the state of being well; e.g. निकानदे हनहुन्छ ? 'are you well' or 'how are you'" comp. Aंचो : well, free from illness/injury, feeling fine and pleasant

निक्लनु vi: to come out, to et out; alt. sp. नि!कलनु: syn. निस्कनु/ निरकनु

निजामती adj : civil; निजामती सेवा : civil service
fनदार n : forehead; alt. sp. निधार
निद्रा n : sleep
fिपुण adj : skilled, efficient, highly experienced
fनमन्त्रणा $n$ : invitation; syn. निक्तो
नियम $n$ : rule, regulation
fियमित adj : regulated, based on rule
निरन्तर adj : continual, regular, without break
निराकरण गर्नु vt: to remove, to neutralize, to make disabled, to solve

निरोक्षण $n$ : inspection; केही कुराको निरोक्षण गन्नु: 10 inspect something

निक्योंल $n$ : conclusive decision
fिर्वाह $n$ : living, subsistence; fिर्वर् गर्नु : to subsist, to make a living; fनर्वाह हुनु : to subsist (somehow or other)

निल्दे $a d v$ : swallowing; sec fनलन्नु
निल्नु vt . to swallow
निवासी n : inhabitant, dweller, resident
निस्कनु vi : to come out; see निक्लनु
नीति $n$ : policy, moral teaching, custom
नीfतनियम $n$ : नीत + नियम: rules and regulations, policies and rules

नून n : salt, honoring the salt, being true and faithful to one's boss or master; alt. sp. नून
नूने n : नून + ऐ : salt and nothing else, salt itself; alt. forms नून ने; see नून

नेतॄंश्व $n$ : leadership, guidance; नेतृत्व गर्नु : to lead
नेवारी $n$ : a Tibeto-Burman language of Nepal spoken by Newars

ค ple: emphatic; clipped form of नैं : 十ऐ: e.g. यस +ऐ: यस゙, खानु - $\psi$ ऐ : खानं

नौकरी n : service, regular wage-earning job
नौनी n : butter
नौलो adj : strangely new; नौलो नौलो : various strange and new things

न्यानो adj : warm
$\square$

पकाउनु vt : to cook, to bake, to cause to be ripe; comp. पाक्नु vi : to be cooked, to be ripe

पक्का adv : certainly, surely; पक्रा हुनु : to be certain; comp. पक्का/ पक्की adj : strong; contrasts with कच्चा/कच्ची : not strongly built; १ककापक्री adv: definitely
वस्नु vt: to wait; alt. form पर्ख नु
पछछ : (1) adv: after, later
(2) n : backward, underdeveloped; पछछ पर्नु id : to remain backward and underdeveloped

पंच $n$ : village representative, representative of localities
प.छछी n : bird, winged animal; alt. forms पक्षो पंखो; syn. चरो, चरी पf्ट्ट adv : toward, si.ie, पट्टिको : of the side of
पढलेखेको adj: educated; पढेको + लेखेको : पहेको : one who has studied; लेखेको : one who has written

पढ़नु vt : to read, to study, to be educated
परत $n$ : husband; syn. पौइ, लोग्ने, श्रोमान् पन्नी $n$ : wife; syn. स्वासनी, जोई, श्रीमती

पत्र n : (1) lette: ; syn. चिठी
(2) layer; syn. तह
(3) newspapei

पत्रपत्रका $n$ : newspapers and journals; पत्र + पत्रका
पत्रिका n : magazine, journal, periodical
पर्न cj : also
परम्परा $n$ : tradition, convention, heritage
परराष्ट्र adj : foreign
परराष्ट्र नीति n : foreign policy
परिपाठ n : play-acting, outward show: परिपाठ १ानुं : to play-act परिवार $n$ : family; syn. जहान

परारषद 11 : council
परिसक्ता adv: after (it had) fallen, after being included
परी : (1) n : nymph
(2) vi : fem happened to be of. chanced to be of; पर्नु : to fall, to be of

परेका वेला adv : at the time of falling (something), at the time of happening (something), at the time of need; alt. form परेका वेलामा

परेवा n : domestic pigeon
पर्खनु vt : 10 wait
पछ vi (1) must, has to
(2) happens, falls

पर्दछ vi : (1) must, have to
(2) happens, fall; सरजलो पर्दछ : can easily be done; alt. sp. पर्छ

पर्नु vi : to fall, to fall into, to be put into, to be included, to be of; पानी पनुं id: to rain; खडेरी पर्नु : coming of drcught पर्व n : festive occasion, festival

पसि adv: day after tomorrow; comp. अंस्ति : day before yesterday

पत्रकेको pc : aware of the relishing taste; experienced in taste; see पल्लकनु

पल्कनु vi : alt. sp. पर्किनु : to be aware of taste, to enjoy the taste of, to experience the relishing taste, to get a craving tor, to come again and again to get something; comp. पल्काजनु vt : to make aware of taste

पल्ट $n$ : times; e.g. एक पत्ट : ncce; दुई दल्ट twice; तीन पल्ट : three times; पiँच पत्ट :five times; syn. of पत्ट : बानि, ताल, खेप, पटक, चोटि

पच्चु n : beast; sy.ı. जन्तु
पश्रुपन्छीकंक जनि adv: exactly of the same period or duration/ amount as that of beasts and birds; पझु : beast; पन्छो : bird; के : को + ऐ, को : of; जति • as much as, as long as

पशिचम n : west
परिचमी adj : western
पसीना n : alt. sp. पसिना : sweat, perspiration, sweat caused by hard labor

दस्न पाउनु vi : to be allowed to get in, to be permitted to enter
दस्नु vi : to enter, to go in, to get into, to get involved; comp. पसाउनु vt : to cause to enter
पस्ने adj : for getting into, for entering; see 4 सनु
पहाड n : alt. sp . पाहाड : mountain; पहाड चढ्नु: to climb mountains, mountaineering
पहिले adv: at the first time; पहिले पहलले : in former times
पक्ष n : side, favor पक्ष लिनु : to take side; पक्षमा : in favour of; comp. पक्षपात : favoritism, partiality, bias; पक्षपात गनुँ : to be biased, to be partial

पाइनु vi : to be found out, to be discovered पाइएलिनु vt : to be obtained surely, to be found out soon पाउ n : foot

पाउनासाथ adv: as soon as one got; see पाउनु
पाउनु vt : (1) to $\varepsilon$ et, to receive, to have, to find out
(2) to beget, to give birth

पाँचोटा adj : five items; पांच-बटा/श्रोटा; comp. एक + वटा/ओटा : एउटा : one item; दई + वटा : दुइटा/दोट f ; two items; तोन + वटा : तीनोटा/तीनटा : three items; चार十बटा : चारोटा/चारटा : four
items; पांच + घटा : पाँचेटा/पाँचटा/पाष बटा, छ बटा, सात+ वटा : सातोटा/सातटा etc.; see aटा

पात्र $n$ : character in a play, short story, or novel, dramatic personae

पानी $n$ : water; पानी पन्तु $i d:$ to rain; पानी थुन्न भनी : in order to close the flow of water; भनी : in order to; थु:नु: to close, to shut

पारसमणि n : a jewal, the Philosopher's Stone
पारि adv: the other side of the river, on the place lying across the river; पारिपर्टि : on the other side of the river; पट्टि : toward

पालन गर्नु vt : to obey, to follow, to look atter
पिटाइ n : beating, thrashing, spanking; fिटाइ खानु id: to be beaten or thrashed
fिंढी n : a raised seat-like construction at the front side of the house but under the roof used as a living room, a seat on the porch

पिरोल्नु vt : to trouble, to torture, to cause pain, so annoy
पिर्नु vt : to trouble, to torment
पीङ n : swing; alt. sp. पिङ, fिंग, पोंग
पोठो $n$ : flour; alt. sp. पिठो
पोडा n : anony, acute mental pain
पोर n : pain, anguish; पीर पनुं : to feel pain or anxiety; पीर पार्नु : to cause pain (to someone), to trouble
पुकारेको pc: pr..yed, called; see पुकार्नु
पूकार्नु vt : to call or pray for help
पुगनु vi . (1) to reach (a destination)
(2) to suffice, to be enough, to be fulfilled

पुछार n : end, conclusion, the lower part, bottom
पुण्य n : merit, religious merit, pious act, virtue, holy charity :पुर n : city

पुरान $n$ : alt. sp. पुराण : mythological story with morals to follow पुरेत्याइं n : priesthood; पुरेत +यांइँ; पुरेत : priest; alt. sp. पुरोहित
पुर्नु vt : to fill up, to bury, to cover, to cover and conceal completely, to overspread fully
पुण्याउनु vt : to fulfil, to complete the execution of, to take something to a destination

पुस्तक n : book; syn. किताव
पूजा n : worship; पूजा गनु ${ }^{\circ}$ : to worship
पूजाआजा n : worship; प्जा + आजा : पुजा : worship; आजा : suffix of पूजा to express the idea not only of worship but also of praying, looking around the shrine, etc.
पूर्ण adj : full, complete, filled with; alt. forms पुरा, पूरा
पूरणमा $n$ : full moon; alt. sp. पुर्नमा, पुर्ने, पूर्ने, पुर्णे, पूर्णे antonym औसी : vew moon
पूर्ने $n$ : full morn; see पूरणमा
पूर्वी adj : eastern; पूर्व $n$ : east
पैसा n : money; पैसो : lit. lowest denomination of Nepalese coins; one hundred पैसा : one रुपिया/रुपैया

पो ple : a ward used to indicate the possibility of another alternative
पोका $n$ : parcel, bundle
पोबिनु vi : (1) to be poured out, to flow out, to run over, to be spilled
(2) to be expressed; comp. पोलनु vt : to pour out, to spill, to upset

दोबिने adj : pouring, flowing out, expressing; see पोलिनु
पोते n : colorful necklace of fine glass beads worn by women whose husbands are alive, an auspicious symbol of marriage placed at the time of लगन by the bridegroom on the neck of his bride; widows do not wear पोते; see लगन

पोल्नु vt : (1) to burn
(2) to bake; e,g. रोटी पोल्नु : to bake cakes

पोहोर n : last year; syn. पोहोर साल; साल : year; comp. आघंदो/आगों : the coming year, next year; परार/५ह्नार : a year before last व्यारो adj. : dear, beloved

प्रकट n : manifestation, sudden appearance; प्रकट द्वुन : to manifest, to appear

प्रकार n : kind, sort, type, brand
प्रस्यात adj : famous, famed, well-known, eminent
प्रचुर adj : sufficient, enough, in profusio 1
प्रजा n : subject, the ruled, subject under a king; comp. राजा : king

प्रति pp : to, toward
प्रत्नतिधि n : representative, delegate
प्रतिरिधिमण्डल n : Council of representatives, delegation; प्रतिनिधि +मण्डल : प्रतिनिधि : representative; मण्डल : group, council प्रतिबन्ध $n$ : embargo, prohibition, ban

प्रतिशत $n$ : per cent, per hundred
प्रत्युत्तर n : reply, response, answer; comp. उत्तर n : answer, reply
प्रत्येक pn . each, every one, everyone; syn. हरेक
प्रथा n : custom, manner, system
प्रदान n : giving, bestowing; प्रदान गर्नु : to give, to bestow

प्रधानता $n$ : prominence, predominance
प्रधानमत्त्री n : Prime Minister, head of the council of ministers
प्रभावित adj : influenced; प्रभाव $n$ : influence
प्रभो n : O Lord, O God; प्रभु : master, lord; syn. मालिक
प्रवर्द्धन n : growth, development
प्रश्स्त adj : sufficient, enough, much
प्रशासन n : administration
प्रसन्न adj : glad, pleased
प्रसाद n : food specially sweets and fruits offered to gods; alter having offered to gods प्रसाद is eaten as something blessed; alt. sp. पर्साद
प्रसिद्ध adj : famous, renowned
प्रहरी $n$ : police
प्राणी n : living being
प्रिय adj : dear, beloved
प्रेरणा $n$ : inspiration, incentive, urging

## फ

फड्याकफन्याक adv: sign of acute pain with bodily convulsions, extreme ayony; फラ्याकफड्याक पनु /हुनु/गर्नु : to show signs of extreme pain
फरक $n$ : change, difference; फरक नपर्नु : not to be different, not to appear changed; फरक नपर्ला (probability : no change may appear, may not be wrong to say so

फरिया n : सारी : loose usually colored cloth wrapped by women below waist downward to feet, a female lonse gown in

Nepal
फंनु vi : to get back, to return; alt. sp. फक्रनु
फर्कने $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{adj}$ : one who returns, returning; see फर्कनु
फलाम n : iron, steel
फांट $n$ : plain, open area, extended area
फुटाएर $a d v$ : by breaking to pieces; see फुटाउनु
फुटाउनु vt : to crack and break to pieces; syn. फुटाल्नु
फुर्ती $n$ : smartness, quality of being active and energetic; syn. स्फुति

फुल्नु vi : (1) to bloom, to flower, to blossom
(2) growing of gray hair

फूल $\Omega$ : flower; comp. फुल : egg
फूलपाती $n$ : seventh day of Dasain festival characterized by the worship of Goddess Durga in temples and taking flowers and other holy things to administrative centres in the districts and to the ancient royal palace in Kathmandu followed by the booming of guns and other rejoicings; फूल+पात; फूल : flowers; पाती : lea $f$
फेरि adv: again; फेनि पनि : once again; पनि : also

## ब

बगर n : sandy bank
बगाइरने adj : causing to flow in; see बगाउनु
बगाउनु vt : to cause to flow; comp. बग्नु vi : to flow बीगरहेको pc : flowing; see बग्नु
बगनु vi : to flow; comp. बगाउन्त vt : to cause to flow

ब घिनी n : tigress; mas बाघ : tiger
बजाइएको pc: played on muscial instrumer ts; see बजाइनु
बजाइनु vi : (1) to be played on a musical instrument
(2) to be hit, to be thrashed; comp. बजाउनु vt : to play on a muscial instrument, to hit

बजाउनु vt : (1) to play on a musical instrument
(2) to spank, to hit, to strike
(3) strike of the hour

बजेर adv: (1) after havin striken the hour
(2) after being played on a musical instrument; see बज्नु

बज्नु vi : (1) passing of the hour, striking of the hour; e.g. तोन बज्नु : to strike three; एक बज्न : to strike one
(2) to be played on a musical instrument

बटुलो $n$ : gathering, gathering together, collection; बटुल्नु $v t:$ to collect, to gather
बढी adj/adv : more, more than necessary
बताउनु vt : to tell, to say, to express, to describe, to narrate
बतास n : wind, strong wind; comp. हावा : light wind, air; बतास चल्नु : blowing of wind
बनाइएको pc : made, constructed, erected; see बनाइनु
बनाइनु vi : to be made, to be constructed; comp. बनाउनु vt : to make

बनाउनु vt : to make, to construct, to create
बfननु vi : to be made, to be formed, to be constructed
बनेको pc: constructed, made; see बन्नु
बने पी conditional: if made, if constructed, if progressed; बने : conditional of बन्नु : to be made; पो : particle expressing preference

बन्नु vi : to be made, to be constructed
बमोजिम adv: accordingly
बयासी adj : eighty-two
बराबरी adv : equally, equal
बरु cj : rather
बर्ख $n$ : year; alt. $s p$ वर्ष, बर्स
बर्माली adj : Burmese, belonging to Burma; बर्मा $+\mathrm{M}:$ बर्मा : Burma; ली : adj. suffix

बरियो adj : strong
बल्ल $a d v$ : at last, a sign of relief
बसाउनु vt: (1) to establish, to place
(2) to cause to sit; syn. बसलन्नु

बसाहा n : bull, sitting bull, bull as the animal of Lord Shiva to ride on

बसिहालनु vi : to stay or live somehow; बसिहालियो : lived/dwelt so far

बसेको pc : settled down, stayed, dwelt; see बस्नु
बसोबास n: dwelling, settlement; बसोबास गनुं: to settle down, to dwell, to live

बस्नु vi : to stay, to sit, to live, to dwell
बहनु vi : to flow; syn. बग्नु
बहाना n : pretence; केही कुराको बहाना गर्नु : to pretend something
बा $n:$ (1) dad, father; syn. बुबा, बाबू, पिता, बाबा
(2) word used white addressing an affectionate male child; syn. नानी, बाबा, बाबु

बाकस n : box, suitcase, trunk
बाजा $n$ : muscial instrument

बर्तज n : times; एक बारि, दुई बर्गज, बीस बानि, हजार बर्गज, etc.; syn. of बाजि, ताल, पल्ट, पटक, चोfि, खेप

बाजी $n$ : bet; बाजी थाप्नु/राएनु : to bet
बाटो $n$ : road, way, path
बांडिनु vi : to be shared, to be classified, to be divided, to be pertioned; comp. बॉड्नु vt : to divide, to share

वांड्नु vt : to divide, to share
बांदर n:monkey; alt. sp. वानर, बानर
बांधबुँध n : tying completely; बІँधतु : to tie
बांधनु vt : to tie, to fasten, to bind
बानी $n$ : habit
बानीबेहोरा n : behavior, character; बानी+बेहोरा; बानी : habit; बेहोरा : behavior

बाबा n : father, affectionate child
बाबु $n$ : (1) dad, father; syn. बा, पिता, बुवा, बाबा
(2) word used while addressing affectionately a junior male; syn. बा, बाबा, नानो; नानी mas and fem

बबबुकहीं adv: at father's and nowhere else, near father and nowhere else; बाबु +को, मा-+ऐ : बाबु : father; को : of; मा : in, at; syn. बाबुकँ, बाबुकामँ, बाबुकोमै, बाबुकामा नै, बाबूकोमा नै
बारी $n$. cultivated field, dry field; comp. खेत : wet terraced field बारेमा adv : on the subject/topic; syn. बारे विषथमा
बालाचतुर्द्री $n$ : a Nepalese religious festival; चतुर्दशी : fourteenth day of the lunar calendar

बाल्यवास्था n : childhood
बाहिर adv: out, outside
बंहुन n : काह्मण : the highest caste in the Hindu hierarchy, the priestly class

बाहेक pp : except, with an exception of
वाह्र adj : twelve
बिउ n : seed; alt. sp. बीउ
बिछट्ट adv: excessively, unbearably
बिताउनु vt : to spend/pass time; comp. बितनु vi : to be spend, tc be passed

बिताएकाले adv : because of spending/passing time; see बिताउनु
बित्तिक adv : as soon as, immediately after; e.g. सत्ने बर्तिक्ति : as soon as one fell asleep; पुग्ने बितक : immediately after reaching

बिन्ती $n$ : request, entreaty; syn. विन्ती : petition, supplicaticn, appeal; बिन्ती चढाउनु : to respectfully request, to appeal, to entreat; बिन्ती बिसाउनु/दन्यानु : to put forward a request, to appeal
बिर नाो adj : strange, unknown; syn. नौलो
बिरामी $n$ : sick person, ill persor.
बिर्सनु vt : t forget; antonym सम्भनु : to remember
बिसाउनु vt : to unload; to take rest
बिस्तारी adv: slowly; alt. form बिस्तारो; बिस्तारी बिस्तारा : slowly and gradually

बिहे n : marriage, wedding; alt. sp. विवाह, बिहा
बिहेबटुलो $n$ : the occasions of marrige and festivities, बिहे + बटुलो :
बिहे : marriage; बटुलो : gatherin $g$
बीउ $n$ : seed; alt. sp. बिउ
बीच n : middle, centre; alt. sp . बिच
बुभाउन vt : (1) to satisfy, to appease
(2) to make understand
(3) to hand over

बुट्टा n : intricate carved design, embroidery, braid, filigree work बुद्धि $n$ : wisdom, common sense, acumen बुद्धिजोवी $n$ : intellectual, intelligentsia

बुवा n : father dad; upper class word for बाबु/बा; comp. मुमा : upper class word for अामा : mother
बुहारी n : daughter-in-law
बेग्लाबेग्लै adj : completely different, taken separately; see बेग्लो बेग्लै adj : different, varying, dissimilar; बेग्लो + ऐ
बेग्लो adj : different, separate
बेह्नु vt : to sell; syn. विक्रि गर्नु ; comp. किन्नु : to buy, to purchase बेग्ने $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{adj}$ : selling; see बेहनु
बेत्तोडसित adv : with a strong force
बेपार n : trade; alt. sp . व्यापार
बेर $n$ : period, time, moment
बेरेर adv: having wrapped and rolled up; see बेन्नु
बेनु vt : to encircle and warp, to roll up, to wrap up
बेलाइती adj : British; बेल।यत/बेलाइत : Britain
बेला n : time, occasion, period; alt. sp. वेला; syn. समय
बेलीविस्तार $n$ : exhaustive list, complete description; बेलीबिस्तार लगाउनु, गर्नु id : to explain and describe everything in detail; बेला + विस्तार : विस्तार n : extension, spreading, detail; विस्तार गर्नु : to explain in details; बे ली : prefix of विस्तार

बेस्मारी adj : forcefully, uncontrollably; alt. forms बेस्सरी, बेस्करी
बेहोरा n : (1) behaviour, custo m , habit, manner
(2) detail, items

बोक्ता बोक्ता adv: having lifted and carried the burden repeatedly; see बोक्नू

बोकनु vt : to lift and carry, to carry a load on or over the body, to hold the burden

बोभिलो adj : heavy, burdensome; comp. बोभ : burden, load
बोलचाल n : spoken use, actual speech, speech, being in speaking terms

बोलाइनु vi : to be spoken, to be called, to be invited; comp. बोलाउनु vt : to call, to name
बोलाउनु vt : to call, to name, to make a pers?n speak, to invite बोलिनु vi : to be spoken
बोली n : speech, human voice; language
बोल्नु vi : to speak, to talk, to utter
बोल्ने adj : speaking, speaker; see बोल्नु
बौद्ध धर्म $n$ : Buddhist religion, Buddhism; बौद्ध : adj of बुद्ध; धर्म : religion, religious cult, faith

ब्रहा n : Creator, one of the Hindu Trinity; the other two are बिष्णु, the Protector and शिव/रांकर/महादेव, the Destroyer
ब्नाहण n : Brahman, highest caste in Hindu society, priestly class; alt. form बाहुन

भ
भए : (1) conditional, if, were
(2) vi :past plural, became, were; see हुनु

भएको pc : been, become : हुनु ; to be, tc become; भएकामा : on being; भएकाले : because of being, due to; भएतिर : toward the place of someone's being, toward the place where someone or something was; भएतिर : clipped form of भएकातिर, fिर : toward

भक्त n : devotee, worshipper, follower
भगवान् n : lord, God

भजन n : hymn, song of praise to gods
भजनटोली $n$ : hymn singing group
भटकाइहालनु vt : to destroy/break immediately
भट्की nf : by being broken/destroyed; see भट्कनु
भत्कनु vi : alt. sp. भहिकनु : to be broken; comp. भह्काउनु vt : to break, to destroy

भदों n : fifth Nepalese month (August-September); alt form भाद्र भनिनु vi : to be said/called, to be named, to be termed; comp. भन्नु vt : to say
भनिहाल्नु vt : to tell immediately, to speak out quickly; भन्तु : to say; हालनु : to put, to insert
भनी : (1) nf: saying, having said
(2) vt : fem past non-honerific : said, told; see भन्नु
(3) adv: with a view to, in order to

भने : (1) ple: particularly indicating; e.g. त्यो भने : he particularly, he on the other hand; syn. चर्fिह
(2) vt : past plural: said, told; see भन्नु
(3) ple: conditional; syn. चाfं

भनेको pc : said, called; see भन्नु
भनेमा पनि adv : if it is said so, even if it is told; lit. in saying also; see भन्नु
भन्ठन्नु vt : to think, to conclude; alt. forms भनी रान्नु, भनिठान्नु; भ:नु : to say; ठन्नु : to think

भन्दा : (1) cj : than
(2) adv : while saying; see भन्नु

भन्नाले adv : because of, due to, for; e.g. ताँ भन्नाले : because of you, for your sake; भन्नु + ले : भन्नाले

भन्नु vt : to say, to tell, to call
भन्ने adj : (1) teller, sayer
(2) called, named, by the rame of, having the name of; e.g. भन्ने बिषयमा : on the subject cf, on the topic of
(3) saying, calling; e.g. भन्ने हो भन्ने : if it is to be told/ said

भर्टर pp : full of, filled with; alt. sp. भरी
भरी pp : see भारे
भरे adv: later on, at the end of the day
भरोशा $n$ : reliance, confidence, trust
भवन n : building
भब्य adj : grand, stately, magnificent
भाइ n : younger brother; comp. दाजु/दाइ : older brother
भाग $n$ : portion, share, part; भाग लिनु : to participate
भाग्नु vi : to escape, to run away; comp. भगाउनु vt : to make an escape, to help run away, to induce (someone) to flee
भात $n$ : rice, meal
भıरत n : India; syn. हिन्दु स्थान, हिन्दुस्तान
भारतीय adj : Indian, belonging to India; भारत : India
भारी $n$ : (1) burden, load
(2) adj : great

भारोपेली adj : Indo-European; syn. भारोपीय; भारत + यूरोप + एली : भारत : India; यूरोप • Europe;-एलो: adj. suffix added to some place names; e.g. फ़ास + एली : फ्रान्सेली : French
भाले n : male; comp. पोथो : female
भादना n : emotion
भाषा $n$ : language
भिजाउनु vt : to cause (something) to get wet, to make (something) wet

भिज्न थाल्लु vi : begin to get wet, start to be watered; भिज्नु : to get wet, थाल्नु : to begin
भिन्नु vi : to get wet, to be watered, to be wet
भित्तो n : wall
भिन्र adv : inside, in
भि亏्याउनु vt : to bring/take inside; syn. भित्र ल्याउनु/हुल्नु; e.g. मंतालु भित्र हुल्नु/भित्र्याउनु : to bring or receive मैतालु; मैतालु : fully grown married daughter sent to her husband to live with him forever (the child bride usually stays with her own parents until she attains puberty)
भुइँचालो $n$ : earthquake; alt sp. भूइँचालो; भुइ"चलो जानु : coming of earthquake
भुटेर adv : having popped, having fried; see भुट्नु
भुट्नु vt : to pop, to fry
भुतुक्क adv: neaıly dead, extremely excited; e.g. रिसले भुतुक्क हुनु id : to be extremely angıy; लाजले भुतुक्क हुनु id : to feel almost dead due to shame
भुल्को n : owl; syn. लाटकोसेरो
भूइं n : land, ground, floor; alt. sp. भुइँ, भुइँ syn. भूโि, जमीन भूपर्पवेषिटत adj : land-locked, surrounded by land mass, having no access to sea

भेट n :(1) meeting, coming across; भेट हुनु: to come across (accidentally), भेट गन्रु : to meet (intentionally)
(2) present, gift (usually given to superiors); comp. भेटी : offering, mostly monetary, made to superiors, priests, Brahmans, gods, beggars, virgin girls, etc.
भेटघाट n : meeting, interview; भेट +घाट: भेट : meeting; घाट : river bank tc cross the river
भेटिनु vi : to come across, to be met; comp. मेट्नु vt : to meet, to see

मेट्नु vt : to meet, to see; मेटिहालुँ ला कि : whether I might possibly meet

भेला n : gathering, caming together; मेला हुनु : to come together, to come to a meeting together; मेला पार्नु/गर्नु : to bring (people or things) together, to collect
भैरव $n$ : the angry form of Shiva
भोकाएको pc : hungry, become hungry; भोकाउनु vi : to be hungry, to feel hunger

भोट n : Tibet; syn. तिब्बत
भोटबर्माली adj : Tibeto-Burman
भोलि adv : tomorrow; comp पर्स : a day after tomorrow
भोलिपल्ट adv: the next day, on the following/next day; भोलि : tomorrow

भौगोलिक adj : geographical; भूगोल n : geography
भ्रमण n : tour, trip, travel, jcurney

म

मकै n : corn, maize
मक्ख adv: very glad, extremely pleased; मक्ख पनु/हतु : to be extremely delighted

मंगोल n : Mongolian race
मच्चिएर adv : by swinging to the fullest, with full impact; मच्चिनु vi
मंजुर हुनु vi : to agree; syn. मंजुर गर्ॅ
मणि n : jewel, gem
मतो n : opinion, view, agreement; केही कुरामा/को मतो मिल्नु : to agree on something; मतो मिलाउनु : to make views agree; मतो बाँधनु id : to conspire/plot/plan together; comp. Aत n : vote,
view, opinion
मधुर adj : soft and sweet, of pleasant quality or taste
मध्य adj : middle, central
मध्ये pp : among
मन $\mathrm{n}:$ mind; मन पराउनु : to like (intentionally); मन पर्तु : to like (automatically); कुनै कुरो मन पराउनु/पर्नु : to like something; कसैलाई मन पराउनु/कोही मन पर्नु : to like somebody; मनका भावना : emotions, temperaments, dispositions of mind; भावना : emotion, feeling

मनाइ $n$ : prohibition, ban
मनोबल n : strergth of mind, mental capacity
मन्त्रिपरिषद्n : मन्त्री + परिषद् : मन्त्र्रपरिषद् : council of ministers; मन्त्री : minister; परिषद् : council
मन्त्रमण्डल n : council of ministers; मन्त्री + मण्डल : मन्त्री : minister; मण्डल : council, group

मन्त्री $n:$ minister
मन्दिर n : temple, place of worship, house of gods; मन्दिरमा : in the temple, to the temple

मरिजानु vi : to die soon, to go dying; मरिजाऊँ : let me die, let me go dying (oath); मर्नु : to die; जानु : to go
मर्नु vi : to die; comp. मार्नु vt : to kill
मलम n : ointment, balm
मलामी n : one taking part in a funeral procession
मस्त adv : intoxicated with joy or pride, completely absorbed
मस्तिबक $n$ : brain, head
महत्व n : importance, value
महत्वपूर्ण adj : important, prominent, notable
महामहिम pn : His Excellency, Your Excellency; diplomatic term

मा pp : in, at, cn
माइत $n$ : married woman's parents and their family, house, etc.; माइती : relative(s) of the married woman in her parents' family; comp. ससुराली/ससुराल : parents and relatives andi home of wife's parents; माइत/माइती is for the wife and समुराल/ससुराली is for the husband

माग n :dema 2 d , request, wish
माग्न adv : in order to beg; see माग्नु
माग्नु vt : to beg, ask for
माग्ने n : beggar
माध n : tenth Nepalese month (January-February)
माभ n : middle, centre
म.टो n : soil, earth
मात्तै pp : only; alt form मात्रं : मात्र +ऐ ; मात्र : only
मात्र pp : only
मातृभाषा n : mother tongue
माथ $n$ : head; syn. टाउको, शिर
माथिको adv : of above, superior; comp. माथिंलो/माथ्लो adj : of above, of upper side

माध्यम n : medium, common tool, means of communication, agency

मानिएको pc : regarded, accepted; see मानिनु
मानिनु vi : to be regarded, to be respected, to be accepted, to be thought, to be considered; comp. मान्नु vt : to think, to consider, to respect
मानिस n : man, human being; alt. form मान्छे, मनुष्य; see मान्छे मान्छे $n$ : man, human being; syn. मानिस, मनुंख्य; लोग्नेमान्छे/लोग्नेमानिस : man, male human being; लोग्ने : husband; स्वास्नीमान्छे/

स्वास्नोमानिस : woman; स्वास्नी : wife ; syn. आइमाई : woman; comp. भाले • male; पोथी : female

मान्नु vt (1) to regard, to consider, to think; मान्ने हुनाले : because of regarding, because of thinking; मान्ने : adj of मान्नु; हुनाले : हुनु + ले : because of, due to
(2) to respect, to obey
(3) to agree, to accept

माफ n : pardon; माफ माग्नु: to ask for pardon; माफ दिनु: to pardon, to excuse
माया n : love, affection, attachment; syn. मायाँ, मायापिर्तो, प्रीति/ पिर्ती : love; माया गर्नु : to love; माया बसाउनु/बसाल्नु : to establish love; माया बस्नु : to fall in love; कसैको माया लाग्नु : to feel love for some one; कसैलाई माया गर्नु : to love someone; माया मार्नु : to forget

मार n : killing; मार हान्नु : to give a death blow, to cut at one strike

मार्ग n : मंसीर : alt. forms मङ्:सीर, मंसिर, मड्-सिर, मार्गशीर्ष : eighth Nepalese month (November-December)

मार्नु vt : to kill; माया मार्नु id : to forget
माला n : garland, wreath
मालिक n : boss, master, lord; syn. प्रभु
मांसभिण्ड $n$ : lump of flesh; मांस + विण्ड : मांस : flesh, meat; fिण्ड : lump

मासु n : meat
fमत्रराष्ट्र n : friendly country, friendly state, state having friendly diplomatic relations

भित्रहरु n : friends
fिनेट n : minute; alt. sp. मिनट
fमल्काइदिनु vt : to throw away; syn. फ्याँक्नु, फ्याँकिदिनु
fिल्नु vi : (1) to receive, to get
(2) to join, to be friendly
(3) to appear exactly similar
(4) to suit, to fit

मिहिनेत n • labor; alt. sp. मेहेनत, मेहनत, मिहेनत मिहेनत, fिनेत मिहिनेती adj : laborious, industrious, hard-working; fिहिनेत : labor; alt. sp. मेहनती, मेहेनती, मिहेनती, मिनेती

मीठो : adj : sweet, of pleasant taste; alt sp. fमठो
मोत n : friend made by taking oath; मीत लगाउनु : to establish friendship through ritualistic oath; मीत 十烏 : ज्यू : respectable form of address used after nouns, syn. जो; मीत बोलनु : to speak and promise to be मीत ; मीत relation extends to मीत बाबु ; मीत अामा, मीत छोरो, मीत छोरी, मीत दाजु, मीत भाइ, मोत दिदो, मोत बहिनी ; fem मितिनी

मुक्ति n : redemption, freedom
मुख n : countenance, face, mouth
मुखेन्जो adv : in front of; alt. forms मुखिं्जो, मुस्यान्जो, मुखिन्जेल, मुखिन्ज्याल; see मुख

मुख्य adj : chief, main, principal ; मुल्यत: adv : chiefly, mainly मुठी n : fist, fistful; alt sp. मुट्ठी
मुठो n : alt. sp. मुट्ठो : sheaf, bundle
मुद्रा n : (1) posture, position
(2) coin; syn. शिक्का

मुना n : मुनो : young shoot, sprout
मुर्न n : (1) sage, recluse, holy man, monk, hermit
(2) adv: below, downward, beneath, under, underneath ; alt. forms मfन, मन्तिर, मुनितिर, मुन्तिर ; syn. तल, तर्लतिर, तनितर

मुद्दा $n$ : dead body ; syn. लाश

मुलुक n : country; syn. देश
मुलुक्भरी $n+p p$ : all over the country; lit. filling the whole conntry; मुलुक + ऐ +भरी : मुलुक : country; भरी : full of, filled with

मुसलधारे adj : torrential, heavy (rain); lit. like the flows of missiles

मुसुमुसु adv: manner of smiling softly; मुसुमुसु हाँस्नु : to smile indulgently

मुहार n : face, countenance; syn. अनुहार, मुख
मूरि $n$ : idol, image, statue
मूल adj : main, chief, fundamental
मूल ढोका $n$ : main door, gate
मेटाउनु vt : to gratify, to quench, to satisfy, to wipe out
मेटाउँदा adv: while satisfying, while fulfilling; see मेटाउनु
मेला n : festival, fair; see मेलो
मेलो n : working place in the agricultural field
मै : (1) $\mathrm{pn}: \mathrm{I}$ myself; म + ऐ : म : I; alt. forms म नै, मै नै
(2) pp in; मा + ऐ : मा : in; alt. forms मा नै, मै मै, -ऐमा; e.g. घरमे, घरमा नै, घरमं नै, घरे मा in the house or at home (and nowhere else)

मंत्रीपूर्ण adj : friendly, full of friendship
मैदान n : plains, lowlands
मैना n : hill myna
मोती n : pearl
मोही n : churned curd, buttermilk; मोही पार्नु : to churn curd; alt sp मोई, मही; comp. मही (borrowed from Sanskrit) : the earth

मौका n : chance, opportunity

मौरी n : bee, honey bee
मौसूफ pn : alt. sp . मौसुफ : he/she (pronoun exclusively reserved for the royal family); मौसूफहरू : regal 'they'

मृत $n / a d j$ : dead body, the dead

य

यता adv : here, toward this side
पताउति adv: here and there; यता : toward this side; उता/त्यता : there, on that side; उति/र्वरि : that much
यतिका : adv : so many, so much; यति adv : this much, this many, this number/amount; e.g. यति धेरें : so many, so much; यरित थोरें : so few, so little

यत्तिक adj : many, innumerable
यतिकैमा adv : in the mean time; comp. यतिकामा नै, यतिमा नै, यतिमै, यतिकामै, यतिमैं नै, : alt. forms of यतिक मा

यत्रो adj : such a big, such an important, so much
यल्लाई $\mathrm{pn}+\mathrm{pp}:$ alt. form यसलाई : to it, to this person (nonhonorific)

यसकारण cj : therefore, for this reason; syn. यसो हुनाले, यसंले
यसरी adv : thus, in this way, in this manner
पसं pn : यस +ऐ : यस : oblique form of यो : this, it
यस्तो adj/adv: of this kind, thus, in this way
यही pn : this one, particularly this
यात्रो b : traveler, pilgrim
fिनं pn : definitely these; fिनै : fिन + ऐ : यिन : oblique form of यो : these
युग n : age, epoch; युगोंदेखि : since ages; युग+औं + देखि; औं
suffix of emphasis and plurality, देखि pp : from, since योगदान $\Omega$ : contribution

## र

र cj : and; syn. तथा, एवं, औ, अनि
रजौटा n : petty king, district prince, local feudal
रमाइलो adj : pleasant, entertaining, pleasing, enjoyable
रमाउंदे adv : being pleased; see रमाउनु
रमाउनु vi : to be glad, to be pleased, to enjoy; रमाउनसम्म रमाउंदैं adv : being extrenely pleased or delighted
रहनु vi : (1) to remain
(2) to live, to dwell: to inhabit, to settle down

रहेबसेको pc : staying or living, settled down; see रहनु and बस्नु; रहेको +बसेको : रहेबसेको
रास्नु vt : to keep, to preserve, to put, to place
राज $n$ : (1) kingdom, rule, reign
(2) sitting of superiors

राजकीय adj : stately, relating to government/state; राजकीय भ्रमण : state visit, formal state visit
राजधानी $n$ : capital, administrative center of a country
राजर्परिवार $n \cdot$ royal family; राज + पष्विार : राज adj : royal; परिवार n : family

राजपूत n : Kshatriya warriors associated with Rajputana in India
राजप्रतिनिधि परिषद् $n$ : royal council, king's council; राजप्रतिनिधि n : representative of the king; परिषद् : council
राजा $n$ : king, male monarch; fem रानी : queen, king's wife

राडी n : alt. sp. राढी : handwoven rough woollen bedspread
रात n : night; comp; राति adv. : at. night
रातभरी adv : alt. sp . रातभरि : all through the night; रात n : night; भरि adv: full, during; comp. दिनभfि: during the whole day; हप्तार्भरि : during the whole week; महिनारीि : during the whole month; वर्षभfि during the whole year; all through the year; जोवनभरि : throughout one's life
राम्रा राम्रा adj : beautiful, fine, good; repetition is for emphasis and plurality
राम्रो adj : beatiful, fine, good, handsome
राल n : saliva spittle; राल चहाउनु id: to show a deep desire to eat, to like extremely to possess

राष्ट n : nation, state
राष्ट्रपति n : president, highest post in a republic; राष्ट्र्पति भवन n : Presidential residence

राष्ट्रभाषा n : national language, official language, lingua franca
राट्ट्रसेवक n : servant of the nation; राष्ट्र + सेवक: राष्ट्र : nation, state, सेवक : servant

राष्ट्रिय adj : national; राष्ट्रिय धून : national anthem; धून : tune रिस n : anger; alt sh रोस
fरसाहा adj : angry, irritated, of quick temperament
रीस n : see रिस
रुक्यासुक्या n : rough and dry, scanty and unsavory food; रुक्यो/ रुखो : rough; सुक्बा/सुक्खो : dry, juiceless
रुक्यो adj : rough, impolite, unsavory; alt sp रुखो
रुपैयाँ $n$ : alt. sp. रुपियाँ : rupee, the monetary unit of Nepal
रूप n : (1) form, appearance, good look, structure
(2) manner, way

रे ple: it is said, they say; (used after a reported speech)

रेट्त्त् adv : producing musical sound by rubbing the string; see रेट्न्त
रेट्नु vt: (1) to produce sound by rubbing the string
(2) to kill by rubbing a blade

रोटी n : bread cake; रोटी पोल्नु/पकाउनु : to bake रोटी

ल
लगत्त" adv : immediately; syn. तुरुन्तै
लगन n . alt sp. लग्न : auspicious moment calculated and chosen by astrologers for some occasion of religious or social significance

लगाऊनु vt : to use, to put to use
लगायत adv : including
लट्प््टिनु vi : to get stuck, to get wrapped, to get coniused
लमतन्न adv: state of prostrating, state of making oneself lengthened; लमतन्न पर्नु : to prostrate completely

लय $n$ : tune
लक्ष्य n : goal, destination, aim
लाख adj : one hundred thousand
लागेको pc : engaged; see लाग्नु
लाग्नु vi :(1) to be engaged, to be interested, to take part, to be involved
(2) to be intoxicated, to be drunk
(3) to feel

लजज n : shame, shyness; लाजले भुतुक्क हुनु : to be very much ashamed, lit. to feel almost dead due to shame; भुतुक्क हुनु: to be almost dead with overexcitement; comp. रिसले भुतुक्क हुनु : to be very angry

लाटकोसेरो $n$ : owl; syn. भुल्को
लानु vt : to take away, to carry
लाने adj/r : carrying, taking; see लानु
लामो adj : long
लाश n : dead body; alt. sp. लास ; syn. मुदf
लिइबक्सेको pc : regal term for लिएको : taken; fलनु vt : to take, to accept

Тलग n : phallic idol; fलगमा: on the sides of Shiva's phallic idol
लिनु vt : to take, to accept
fिf f n : script
लुकेर adv : hiding; see लुक्नु
लुक्ता adv: while hiding; see लुक्नु
लुक्नु vi : to hide, to be concealed
लुगा n : clothes, dresses
लुटेर adv by plundering, by robbing; see लुट्नु
लुट्नु vt : to rob, to plunder
ले (1) pp : by, with (instrumental)
(2) alt. sp. ल्पा : imperative non-honorific singular of ल्याउनु: to bring

लेक $n$ : highland; alt. sp. लेख; comp. लेख $n$ : written thing, essay article

लेखवढ n : reading and writing, education; लेख + पढ from लेख्नु and पढ्नु, लेख्नु : to write; पढ्नु : to read, to study

लेखिनु vi : to be written; see लेख़ु vt
लेखनु vt : to write
लोकगीत n : folk song; लोक + गीत : लोक adj/n: folk, people; गीत n : song

लोटा n : alt sp लोहोटा : small juglike water drinking vessel made of brass, copper or silver; comp. करुवा $n$ : लोटा with a spout लोभ n : greed, temptation

## लोभी adj : greedy

लौ int : form of address to indicate caution, wonder, embarassment or delivering of responsibility; लौ त: particles expressing 'let us', 'now we are ready', 'O.K. then', etc.

ल्याउनु vt : to bring, to fetch

## व

वन n : wood, forest; alt. sp. बन
बटा n : item or thing while counting; alt. sp. ओटा, e.g. एक + वटा : एउटा, दुई +वटा : दुइटा/दोटा, दस वटा, बीस वटा etc.; see जना and पाँचोटा

वरिष्ट adj : respectable, honored
वर्ग n : section, group, class
वर्गमाइल $n$ : square miles
वर्णश्रम धर्म n : The Hindu society was classified into four distinct sects of people following different duties. The four varnas or castes were Brahmans, Kshatriyas, Vaishyas and Shudras. The duties of Brahmans were to study, teach, sacrifice, give and receive gifts. Kshatriyas were to protect people, sacrifice and study. Vaishyas were supposed to sacrifice, study, breed cattle, till earth, pursue trade and lend money. These three castes were knowr as dviija or twice-boin. Their second birth was thought to be after the initiation rite. They were to follow four stages of life, that of the student, of the householder, of prayer, and of renunciation. Shudras had to serve the people of higher
castes. This system is known as वर्णाध्रम धर्म
वर्ष $n$ : year; syn. बर्ब, साल
वर्षा $n$ : rainy season, rains
वहन गर्नु vt : to shoulder (responsibility), to take up the charge of

वा cj : or; syn. अथवा, या, fक
वातावरण n : atmosphere, enviionment
वासी $n$ : inhabitant, dweller, settler
वास्त $n$ : care; वास्ता गनुं : to take care of
वाहन n : carrier generally a beast; syn. सवारी
विकास n : development, evolution
विकासकार्यं n : developmental work
विकासक्रम n : regular developmental process, process of evolution fवकास +ऋम : fवकास n : development, evolution; ऊम n : series, process

विक्रम सम्वत् n : alt. form विक्रमाबद : era started by an Indian king named विक्रमादित्य approximately 57 years before the Christian era

विर्यात adj : renowned famous, well known; syn. प्रस्यात, प्रसिद्ध विचार n : thought, opinion, point of view, outlook, consideration
fिजय n : victory, triumph
विजया दरामी n : tenth and main day of Dasain festival, "the victorious tenth day" according to the lunar calendar. Ram is said tc have killed Ravan with the help of Goddess Durga. So his victory oveı the forces of evil is celebrated every year with great rejcicings.

विदा n : alt. sp. बिदा : leave, holiday, vaこation; syn. छुट्री
fिदेश n : foreign land, abroad; comp. ₹aदेश n : one's own country

विद्यार्थी n : student
विद्वान् $n$ : scholar, learned man; fem विदुषी
विधि $n$ : method of worship and prayer, rite
विभाजन n : division, classification
विभिन्न : adj : various, different
विमान $n$ : airplane; syn. हवाई जहाज, हवाइजहाज, हावाजहाज, वायुयान
विमानस्थल $n$ : airport; syn. वायुयानस्थल विमानबिसौनी, वायुयानविबसौनी
विलास $n$ : luxury, concupiscence, sensualism
विशाल adj : huge, large, tremendously big
विशेष adj : special, particular; विझोष गरी adv : specially, particularly

विझेषता n : characteristic, attribute, quality, speciality
विश्व n : universe, world
विशवनाथ बाबा n : Father of the Universe; विशवनाथ : Lord of the universe; बाबा : father, dear dad; Shiva in Varanasi is affectionately known as विशवनाथ बाबा by His devotees

विशवशान्ति n : world peace; विशव +शात त : विर्व : world; शान्ति : peace; विर्शरानन्तिको दिशामा adv: in the direction of world peace, toward achieving world peace; fिशा : direction, course

विशवक्षेत्र $n$ : the material world, the region of the universe; विश्रव +क्षेत्र : विरव: world, universe; क्षेत्र : region, area

विर्वास n : belief, faith, confidence
fिषय : $n$ subject, topic
fिष्ट $n$ (1) a person of higher caste, a term used by untouchable persons for the persons ot higher castes
(2) $a$ थर

विस्तार n : extension, spreading, detail; विर्शतार गनुं : to explain in detail

वेग $n$ : speed, velocity; syn. गति
वेद $n$ : Vedas, sacred literature of Hindus
वेदना n : agony, anguish, torment
वेदपाठ $n$ : recitation of the Vedas
वेला $n$ : time, period, occasion; alt. sp. बेला ; syn. समय
बैरय $n$ : cne of the Hindu castes, traders and tillers
व्यक्त adj : expressed, said, voiced
व्यक्त $n$ : individual, human being
हववस्था $n$ : arragement, organized establ ishment, system
व्यापक adj : widespread

श

शारद् n : fall, autumn
श्रारी $n$ : body; syn. जोउ/निड, तन
शान्ति $n$ : peace
शासन n : administration, rule
शास्त्रीय adj : classical, related to classics
शाही adj : royal, related to king
शिखर $n$ : summit, top of a mountain; syn. चुचुरो, चुली, टुट्वो
श्रिखर सम्मेलन n : summit conference; शिखर n : top, summit; सम्मेलन n : meeting, gathering, conference

शिर $n$ : head; syn. टाउको
fिाव $n$ : one of the Hindu Trinity, Destroyer; the other two are

ब्नहा, the Creator, and fिष्णु the Protectcr
शिवरात्रि n : the night of Shiva, a festival celebrated as the birthday of Lord Shiva
fिर्वांलग $n$ : the symbol of Shiva, the phallic emblem of Shiva; fंलग $n$ : phallic emblem

किष्य n : disciple, pupil; syn. चेलो
भिक्षक n : teacher
\{शक्षा n : education, formal training
इोल n : good nature, modesty, virtue, competence
चुभ adj : auspicious, sacred, good
चुभ उपलक्ष्य $n$ : auspicious occasion, sacred ceremonial moment
गुभकामना n : good wishes, greetings
शुभेच्छा n : good wishes; शुभ +इच्छा : शुभ adj : auspicious; इचछा n : wish, desire

शूद्र n : low caste, ur touchable
शू ल : colic in the stomach, cramps
शैली n : style, design, make
अद्धा n : respect, devotion, reverence
श्रद्धालु n : one who pays 1 espects, devotee; see श्नद्धा
श्री adj : (1) lit. blessed, reverend
(2) Mr .
(3) prefix used before the names of gods and respectable people

श्री नवदुर्गा भवानी $n$ : Goddess Mother Durga; श्री adj : blessed, reverend; नवदुर्गा $n$ : Goddess Durga having nine different forms; भवानी n : mother

श्रो $\& \mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{n}$ : (1) lit. five times blessed, five times fortunate
(2) title held by the members of the Nepalese

> royal family
> (3) the reigning king of Nepal, His Majesty

श्रो $y$ अधिराजकुमार $n:$ title for Nepalese king's brother; see श्रो y श्री $y$ को सरकार $n$ : His Majesty's Government of Nepal; lit. government of the king; see 际 4
श्री $y$ बडामहारानी $n$ : queen, wife of the ruling king of Nepal; बडा mas/pl. adj : great, eldest; महारानी $n$ : great queen; grammar says बडी महारानी is singular, but usage goes for बडामहारानी, the plural form for respect; comp. जेठामहारानी : first great queen : माहहलामहारानी : second great queen; का छामहारानी : youngest great queen; fem. sing. of जेठा, माहला and कान्छा : जेठो, माहिली and कान्छो; see श्रो 4

श्री 4 महाराजाधिराज $n$ : the title or the Nepalese king; lit. five times blessed or fortunate king of kings
श्री 4 युवराजाधिराज $n$ : Clown Prince, the eldest son of the king; see श्री $\psi$
श्रोमतो $\mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{n}$ : (1) Mrs., the title nsed before the names of married women
(2) wife; comp. श्रोमान् : (1) Mr.
(2) husband

स

सक्कली adj : real, not counterfeit, original; antonym नक्कली : counterfeit, fake
सकदो adj/adv : as much as one can, as much as one is capable of; see सक्नु
सक्नु vt : (1) to be able, can
(2) to finish, to complete

सएत $\operatorname{adj} / a d v$ : hard, rapidly, strongly

संश्या $n$ : number
संगसंगै adv : together; संग 十ऐ : संगै : संग : with, together; syn. सितै, साथँ

संगीत $n$ : music
सरजलो adj : easy
संचालन n : carrying out, conducting, practice, operation
संचालित adj : moved, operated, carried out
सन्चं adj : सन्च + ऐ : सन्च : well, free from disease or injury; syn. निकानन्दै

सन्चो adj : well, without any ailment; syn. सन्च, सन्चसुबिस्ता, सन्चोसुबिरता, निको; comp. सुबिस्ता : comfort

सडक n street, road
सतह n : surface
सत्य n : truth, truthfulness
सदस्य n : member
सद्बिउ $n$ : seeds of truth, true seeds; सत् +बीज : सद्बीज/सद्बीउ/ सद्धबंज

सद्भावना n : good feeling, noble feeling; सत् + भावना
सधं adv : always; syn. सदँव, सदा, नित्य; comp. सधंभरी : all the time

सन्तमहन्त n : hermits and those who have renounced material pleasures

सन्तान n : issues, descendants, son or daughter
सन्तुष्ट adj : satisfied, content, pleased
सन्तोक n : alt. sp . सन्तोष
सन्तोष n : satisfaction, contentment; सन्तोष लाग्नु/माग्नु/गर्नु to feel satisfied

सन्देश n : message

सन्यासी $n$ : (1) begging caste
(2) one who has renounced material joys

सफलता n : success
सबै adj : syn. जम्मै : all, complete, whole; सब + ऐ : सब : all
सबैजसो pn : almost all persons or things, almost everybody or everything
सभा n : meeting; सभा बोलगजनु : to call a meeting; सभा गनुं : to do a meeting; सभा संच।लन गर्नु/सभा चलाउनु : to conduct a meeting समभदारी n : understanding
समय n : time; समय समयमा adv : at different times
सम्टष्टरूप $n$ : collective form, completeness, wholeness; सर्मष्टरूपमा adv : taken collectively, taken completely/as a whole

समस्त adj : whole, complete, all collectively; syn. सम्पूर्ण, जन्मै, सबं समस्या n : problem

समाउनु vt : to catch, to hold; alt. form समाधनु
समाचार n : news, message; alt. sp. समचार, सम्चार
समात्नु vt : to catch, to hold; alt. form समाउनु
समारोह n : ceremony, celebration
समुदाय $n$ : community, group
समेत cj : also, together with, while counting together
सर्प्पत्ति n : wealth, property; सम्पत्ति खानु id : to inherit the property

सम्पर्क n : contact, relation
सम्वादक n : editor
सम्पादकोय adj : editorial
सम्पूर्ण adj : all, whole, complete
सम्रदाय n : community

समबन्ध n : relation, contact
सम्बोधन n : address, discourse, talk
सक्म : (1) adj : level, flat
(2) $\mathrm{pp}:$ till, upto, until, as far as

सम्झान n : honor, respect, regaid, reverence
सम्मान गारत n : guard of honor, military salute given to high officials and foreign dignitaries; सम्मान n : honor, respect; गारत $n$ : guard

सम्मेलन n : meeting, conference, congress, convention
समृद्धि $n$ : prosperity, opulence
सम्विधान n : constitution, codes of law to rule a country
सरकार $\mathrm{n}:(1)$ government
(2) word used while addressing the members of the royal family

सरकारी adj : governmental, relating to government; comp. सरकार : government

सर्नु vi : to move, to change place; comp. सार्नु vt : to cause to move, to cause to change place

सलामो r : salute
सवा adj : quarter, one-fourth
सवा करोड adj : twelve million and five hundred thousand; सवा : quarter; करोड : ten million
सबारी $n$ : (1) riding, carrier, means of transportation
(2) royal visit; सवारी हुनु id : visit or coming/going of a superior person
ससुरो n : father-in-law; alt. sp. शाचुरो
सस्यानो adj : quite small; clipped form of सानो सानो; सानो : small
of shape or age; alt. sp. स्यानो : small
महनु vt : to bear, to tolerate
सहर n : town, city; alt. sp. शहर
संस्कृतमय adj : full of Sanskrit loan words
साभा adj : common, belonging to all
साँचो (1) adj : true, real, actual
(2) n : key
(3) $n$ : trap, e.g. मुसा मार्ने साँचो : mouse trap
(4) $n$ : mould, matrix

साँचच्चै adv : really, indeed, actually, to tell the truth; साँचो +ऐ : साँचँ : साँचो adj : true; -ऐ : adverbial and emphatic suffix; साँचचे/साँचै नै : more emphatic; साँचच्चँ भन्ने हो भने adv: in fact, to tell the truth; lit. if truth is to be told; भन्ने हो भने : if it is to be told; भने : conditional

साँभ 11 : evening, syn. सन्ध्या
साँभपर adv: at the fall of evening, at the evening time: साँभ + पख : साँभ : evening; पख : period of time: comp. बिहानी पख : at the morning time; दिउँसो/दिउँसो पख : at the day time

साँढे n : bull; साँढे is sacred and is left free to roam as it is supposed to be a carrier of God Shiva; comp. गोरु : castrated bull harnessed to plow or cart
साथ : (1) pp : with, together, along with; syn. सँग, सित
(2) $n$ : friendship, being together; syn. सँग

साथै adv : together, along with, including; syn. सँगु, \{सतँ
साधारण adj : simple, ordinary
सानो adj : small, little, tiny; alt. form स्यानो
सामग्रो n : commodity, article
सामान्य adj : common, simple, general

सांस्कृतिक adj : cultural; संस्कृति n : culture
सारंगी n : a stringed musical instrument, fiddle
सारा adj : whole, all; syn. सम्पूर्ण, सम₹त, सबं, जम्मै
सार्की $n$ : tanner, shoemaker, cobbler, low caste
साल n : year
साहित्य $n$ : literature
साहित्यकार n : writer
साहित्यिक adj : literary, relating to literature
साहूमहाजन n : merchants and rich traders; साहू + महाजन : साहू n :
merchant; महाजन $n$ : rich man, rich moneylender, rich tiader
साह्न $a d v:$ very, too; साह्रो +ऐ : साह्हो : (1) adv : very
(2) adj : hard
fिउनु vt : to sew
§िउने adj : sewing; see सिउनु
fिक्सिस्त adj : serious, seriously suffering
fिंगान n : discharge from the nose, mucus, snot; alt. sp. fस ङान
fंसगारिनु vi : to be decorated, to be beautified, to have make-up done; comp. fंसगार्नु vt : to decorate, to put make-up on someone, to beautify

ศंसहासन n : seat supported by lions, throne; fिह + अासन : fंसह n : lion; अससन n : seat

सुक्खो adj : dry, juiceless
सुक्तै जानु vi : to start to be dry, to go drying; सुक्नु to be dry; जानु : to go

सुक्नु vi : to be dry
सुखद adj : happy; producing pleasure and happiness; हुख
happiness
सुतेको सुत्यं adv : in the sleeping condition, the posture of sleeping; सुतेको 十ऐ : सुतेके/मुत्यं : सुतेको : slept; alt. form सुत्या सुत्यं; see सुत्नु

सुत्नु vi : to sleep, to lie down, to go to bed
सुदूर क्षेत्र n : remote area, area lying far away from the administrative center; सुदूर adj : far-off, distant; comp. दूर adj : far; क्षेत्र n : area, region

सुधारिएको $\mathrm{pc}:$ : reformed, remodelled; see सुधारिनु
सुधारिनु vi : to be reformed; comp. सुधानु vt : to remodel, to reform

सुन n : gold
सुनौलो adj : golden, praiseworthy
सुन्दर adj : beautiful, handsome
सुन्दा adv : having heard, while hearing; see सुन्नु
सुन्दा सुन्दा adv : having heard repeatedly; see सुन्नु
सुन्नु $\mathrm{vt}:$ to hear, to listen
सुन्ने $\mathrm{adj} / \mathrm{n}$ : listener, hearer
सुन्ने गरी adv : in a way that everybody may hear; सुन्ने : hearing/ hearer; adj of सुन्नु : to hear; गरी : doing, having done; गर्नु : to do

सुमधुर adj : pleasant and soft
सुस्रोला adj fem. : having a praiseworthy character; mas सुशील
सूत्र $n$ : joining string, linking relation
सेना n : army, forces, military; syn. फौज
सेवक n : servant, one who seives

सेवा n : service
संसिक adj : military, of the army; syn. फौजो; सेना/फौज $n$ : army, ferces

सो adj : that
सोच्नु vt : to think, to contemplate, to ponder
सोभो : adj : simple and innocent, straightforward, faithful, fair and square

सोद्धा $a d v:$ while asking; see सोधनु
सोधनु vt : to ask, to enquire, to question
स्थान n : place; syn. ठाजँ
स्थानीय adj : local, regional, belonging to a particular place
स्थित adj : situated, kept, positioned, located
स्थिति $n$ : situation, condition, position, location
स्मरणीय adj : memorable, reminding, fit tc be remembered
स्याउँस्याउँतो adv : countless, incalculable, hatefully innumerable घृष्ट $n$ : creation; सृषष्ट गर्नु : to create, to construct, to make सृष्टिकर्ता $n$ : Creator, बहाहा; सृषिट +कर्ता : सृष्ट $n$ : creation; कर्ता n : doer; comp. स्रषटा, रचनाकार : maker, creator, composer

स्वतंत्र adj : free, independent, without fetters
स्वंदेश n : one's own country, motherland; syn. मातृभूभम n : motherland; antonym fवदेशा n : foreign country
₹वभाव n : character, nature, aptitude
स्वागत n : welcome, reception, ovation
स्वागत दर्शान गर्नु vt : to receive respectfully, to welcome respectfully; स्वागत दर्शान is used exclusively for royalty or members of the royal family

ध्वाँग n : pretence, outward show, affectation; स्वॉंग गर्नु/पार्नुं : to pretend, to assume an affected posture, to make an outward show; alt. sp. स्वां

स्वाश्नी n : wife; syn: पत्नी, जोई, श्रीमती; comp. लोग्ने, पति, पोद, श्रोमान : husband

## ह

हजार $\operatorname{adj} \mathrm{n}$ : thousand
हतपत्त $a d v:$ hastily; comp. हतार हतार, चiँच्चांडो, चाँचचाँडं (चाँडो + चाँडो + ऐ); हतार n : haste; चाँडो : quick; हत्त न पत्त and हत्त र पत्त are synonyms of हतपत but the point of emphasis is different in each of these terms; हतपत $n$ : haste

हत्ताव्यावो adj : week-long, exteńding to the whole week; हप्ता n : week; syn. सरताह, साता; व्यावी adj : extending, covering, spreading

हीरिन n : deer
हरु ple : plural marker, suffix indicating plurality; alt. sp. हर् हल न चल adv : with no motion, the condition of appearing as if dead; हल from हल्लनु : to shake, to move; न ple : neither, nor; चल from चलनु : to $m$ sve

हलो n : plow
हलुको adj : light, of lesser weight; alt. forms हलो, हलु ङ, हलुंगो,
 हाषत adj : glad, joyous

हंस n : (i) pronunciation हङ स; soul, life force, life, consciousness
(2) pronunciation हन्स or हम्स : alt sp. हाँस : duck, goose

हैसाउ नु vt : to make someone pleased, to make someone laugh; comp. हाँस्नु vt : to laugh

हाँगो n : branch, sub-class
हाड n : bone
हातो : n : compound, an enclosed area, grounds, boundary
हानिनु vi : (1) to gush out profusely, to overflow
(1) to be hit; comp. हान्नु vt : to hit

हान्नु vt : to hit, to strike with horns
हामी pn : we; हामी आफैं : ourselves
हामीकहाँ pn + pp : with us; alt. forms हाम्रामा, हात्रोमा, हामीकामा, ह!मीकोमा, हामीसित

हाम्रा pn/adj : our; plural of हाम्रो
हाम्रो adj : our
हादिक adj : cordial, hearty
हालेर adv : having placed/put; see हाल्नु
हालन्नु vt : (1) to put, to insert, to penetrate into; पीङ हालन्नु id : to make a swing
(2) to serve (food)

हाँसिल गर्नु vt: to achieve; alt. sp. हासिल गर्नु
हाँस्नु vi : to smile, to laugh
हिजँ n : snow
हिउँद n : winter
हिजो adv : yesterday; comp. भोलि : tomorrow; पर्प : a day after tomorrow; अस्ति : a day before yesterday; आज : today
fिंड्नु vi : to walk
हित $n$ : benefit, advantage

हिन्दू धर्म n : Hindu religion, Hinduism
हिन्दूश्वको गौरव $n$ : pride and glory of Hinduism, richness of the Hindu religious tradition
fहरण्मय adj : full of gold, filled with gold
हिलो n : mud, slime
हिसाब n : accounting, reckoning, arithmetic; हिसाब गनुं : to takc into account, to do sums; fहसाब राब्नु : to keep an account; alt. sp. हिसाव

हीरा n : diamond
हुनसम्म adv : as much as possible; lit. upto being; हुन : in order to be/become; सғ्म : upto, till
हुनाको साथं adv : besides possessing these virtues, besides being these things; हुन +को +साय + : हुन to be/become; को : of; साथ : with

हुनाले adv : because of, due to; हुन्ले
हुन vi : to be, to become, to occur, to happen
हुने $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{adj}$ : existing one, one present; भेला हुनेहस : those in the meeting, gathered ones; भेला : meeting, collection, coming together; हुने : adj of हुन
हुने हुँदा adv : because of one's being, because of it being so
हुँदा adv : while it happened/because, while being; see 局न
हुन्न vi neg : हुदूँन : does not become; affirmative is हुनछ from हुन
हुरी n : strong wind, storm; हुरो चत्नु : blowing of storm; syn आंधी, आंधीबेरी

हुर्काउनु vt : to bring up, to look after the growth and maturity हे int : hello, hi

हेरफेर n : change; हेर from हेन्नु : to look; फेर from फेन्नु : to change; comp. फेर n : change; फेराइ : the act of changing; हेराइ : the act of lookin ;

हेन्नु vt : to look
हेलाँ n : slight, contempt
है int : O.K. ? (word of emphasis); syn. ल; है is used in Kathmandu and surrounding areas, whereas $ल$ is common in eastern Nepal and Darjeeling; है ल expresses more emphasis while eliciting an answer: ल है : be careful, feel for being more responsible (a sort of warning)

होइबक्सँ दा adv : regal word for हुँदा; e.g. सवारी होइबक्सँदा adv: while visiting

होला vi : may be; probability
होस् vi : let it be
हुद $\boldsymbol{Z} \mathrm{n}$ : heart

क्ष
क्षेत्र n : region, area, field, sector, zone
क्षेत्रफल $n$ : area, total area, area covered; क्षेत्र + फल : क्षेत्र : region; फल n : result


[^0]:    राष्ट्रभाषा $n$ : national language, official language: राष्ट्र + भाषा राष्ट्र $n$ : nation, state; भाषा $n$ : language

